The Toledo Evening Bee.

VOL. XVII. NO. 180. TOLEDO, OHIO, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 19, 1892. LAST EDITION. TWO CENTS.

WEATHER.

U. S. Department of Agriculture,
Weather Bureau,
Toledo, O., Nov. 19, 1892.

The storm which has been raging over the country for the past two days is now central over the Canadian maritime provinces, and has decreased in intensity: it will pass out of the country to-night. This storm has been remarkable on account of its violence and the great territory it covered. Gales of from 30 to 70 miles per hour raged over the lake region for two days, and rain or snow has fallen over almost every portion of the country east of the Rocky mountains.

The weather this morning over the extreme northwest, and from the lake region eastward to the Atlantic coast, is generally cloudy with rain or snow falling; in all other sections the weather is generally fair.

The temperature is rising in the extreme northwest, and Helena, Mont., reports a temperature of 50, which with the exception of 58 reported from Galveston, is the highest in the country. Over the lake region and the central portion of the country it ranges from 8 degrees at St. Vincent to 40 degrees at New York.

Local forecast for Toledo and vicinity: On Saturday and Sunday, generally fair with light flurries of snow, continued cool.

E. A. HANNEN, Observer.

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You see our wagons every day in every part of the city delivering great loads of Furniture, Carpets, Stoves and Household goods. You see them oftener and better loaded than those of all our competitors together. We mention this as a pointer to you, that as sure as people come to our store and get our prices and terms they are satisfied; they buy. Our terms, prices and goods are the best to be had.

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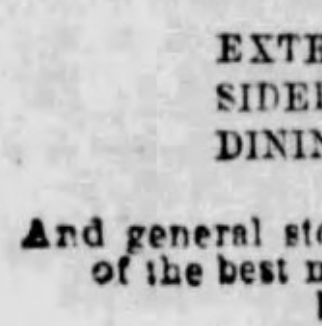

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THE BIG PONTIAC,

Has She Joined Her Sister Steamships

On the Bottom of the Stormy Lakes?

Evidence that the Steamer Gilcher Broke in Two.

Thirty-nine Men Are Missing on the Lakes.

An Awful Storm of Wind, Rain, Hail, Sleet and Snow Made Navigation Most Difficult.

Cleveland, O., Nov. 19.—Nothing has yet been heard from the large propeller Pontiac, the sister ship of the Gilcher, which boat recently went down with all on board in Lake Michigan.

The Pontiac cleared from Marquette Thursday morning with a cargo of ore, and has not been heard from since.

Her owners fear that she foundered in the storm that prevailed on Lake Superior Thursday night and yesterday.

The Pontiac was due at Sault Ste Marie yesterday. It was at first thought that she might have taken shelter behind Grand Island, but her owners, the Cleveland Iron Mining company, would have almost certainly heard from her by telegraph if she were safe.

The only hope now entertained for the Pontiac is that she may have drifted across to the north shore of Lake Superior, beyond the range of telegraphic communication.

The Pontiac is captained by James B. Lowe, of Cleveland. She has a crew of 18 men. No list of the latter can be obtained, the captain having failed to forward one to the owners of the vessel when he started on his last trip.

Fears are also entertained for the propeller Kershaw and her consort, the Ironton, with a combined crew of about 21 men, under the command of Capt. Wm. Mack.

The Kershaw cleared from Marquette Thursday, and is supposed to have been caught in the storm. Moore, Bartow & Gilchrist, the agents of the Kershaw, think, however, that she is probably under shelter at Hancock or Portage. The storm was very severe and consisted of rain, hail, snow and sleet.

No Tidings.

Up to noon to-day nothing had been heard from the Pontiac. This boat was due at Sault Ste Marie at 10 o'clock Thursday night. Her owners still hope that she may be at Grand Island, with which point no telegraphic communication has as yet been established.

The Kershaw Reported.

Cleveland, O., Nov. 19.—News just received in this city to-day by the owners of the steamer Kershaw and consort Ironton, for which fears were entertained, that the vessels had weathered the gale on Lake Superior and arrived safely at Houghton.

The Glenora Missing.

Sault Ste. Marie, November 19.—The Canadian schooner Glenora, which has been out in nearly every gale on Lake Superior this season and broken adrift, is again missing. On the way from Fort William last night the Glenora broke her towline. The tug Walker started back after her, but to-night is lying under Whitefish Point, the storm keeping her in shelter. It is feared that the Glenroa is gone this time for good. She has a cargo of wheat.

The Hattie Wells Ashore.

Detroit, Nov. 19.—The wind blew a terrific gale on the lake for two days. Officer Evans, of the signal service, reports an average velocity of nearly forty miles an hour, and a maximum of fifty miles. All night there were gusts at the rate of sixty miles, and up to noon yesterday it had not abated much in violence.

The water in the river at this point is about two feet below the normal stage, and loaded large boats are not attempting to run the river. Several lumber tows and a number of steamers are waiting here until the blo wsubsides. It is hoped that few disasters will result from the gale, as ample notice was given of its approach. The only serious casualty reported is that of the schooner Hattie Wells, lumber laden, which was driven ashore on the west side of Point au Pelee, Lake Erie. She is exposed to the full force of the gale, with the seas breaking over her. The crew succeeded in reaching the shore.

The schooner Hattie Wells, ashore on the west side of Point au Pelee, is thought to have suffered severely from the pounding she has received all day. Wrecking apparatus has left Port Huron to assist her.

A schooner, supposed to be the Ishpeming, or Mineral State, has been riding out the gale at anchor in Pigeon Bay, and will probably weather it, as the holding ground is good.

The Marigold will on the 22d inst. begin taking up the buoys in the Eleventh lighthouse district. Their positions will be marked with cedar spar stakes properly painted.

Frederick Wells, of this city, owner of the schooner Hattie Wells, ashore on Point Pelee, received a dispatch from Captain Brown, stating that the schooner was fast going to pieces. She was valued at $15,000 and was uninsured.

Two Men Lost Their Lives.

East Tawas, Nov. 19.—In the worst gale for many years the schooner T. M. Spaulding parted her anchor chains and was driven against Emory's lumber dock. The crew consisted of Captain John Gossling, Alfred Shay, John LaPorte, Henry LaPorte, and Jacob Bush, all of New Baltimore, Mich. When the Spaulding struck the dock Bush, who was greatly excited, jumped on the lumber pile, but again jumped back to the boat as the rest of the crew did not follow him. As the Spaulding again surged to the dock Bush and Henry LaPorte jumped on one of the dock timbers. By the next surge of the boat both men were knocked into the water. Bush got in between a spring pile and a stationary one and was crushed to death.

LaPorte hung on for nearly half an hour in the hearing of the rest of the crew, who had got on to the dock in safety, but who could not help him, and finally dropped into the water. The lifesaving crew ran a line to the schooner, and she was towed into the slip. Her rail and quarter are badly damaged.

The Gilcher Broken in Two.

Buffalo, Nov. 19.—John H. Finley, brother of Thomas Finley, second engineer of the lost steamer W. H. Gilcher, has just returned from North Manitou island, where he went in search of the remains of his brother, who was lost in as reported.

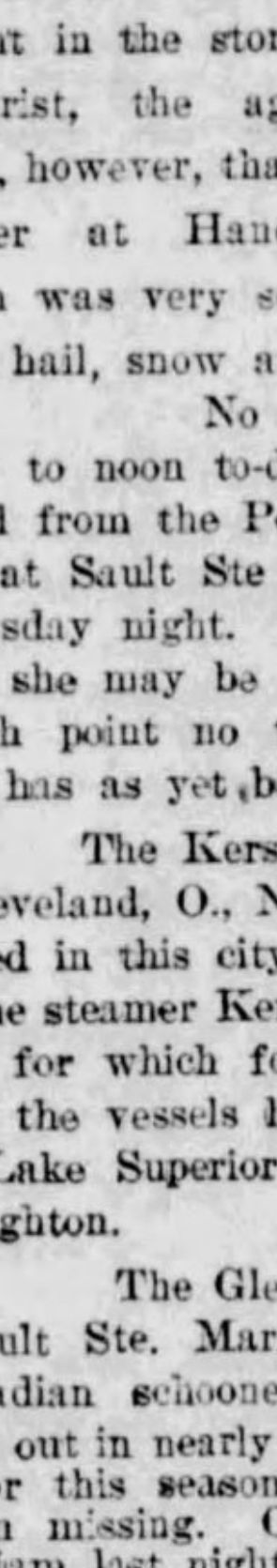
Although unsuccessful in the search for his brother's body, Mr. Finley made several interesting discoveries. All the deck houses are on the beach on North and South Manitou islands, also seven midships hatch covers which are broken in the center, indicating that the vessel broke in two and went down instead of colliding as reported.

The schooner which is reported to have collided with the Gilcher is more than 10 miles from the place where the latter vessel sank. Captain Peter Oleson, of the life-saving station, and others at North Manitou Island are confident that the wreck of the Gilcher is on the bottom not more than four miles from the beach.

Mr. Finley arrived at the scene November 9 and remained there until last Tuesday. He looked the ground over carefully and talked with many people. Mr. Finley says that he was the first and only interested person who has visited the place, and says that many reports which have been printed are incorrect, and that no effort has been made to investigate the matter.

Probably the Ostrich.

Chicago, Nov. 19.—A dispatch from Escanaba to-night states that the story that the Gilcher was on High island was brought here by an Indian who said that a black boat was ashore on High island. Not knowing English he could not tell the name, but knew that it contained seven letters. There are seven letters in the name of the Ostrich, the schooner that was lost the same night that the Gilcher foundered. The Ostrich was also painted black, and the wreck is much more likely to be that of the schooner than the steamer. The Gilcher's name would have appeared with the initials "W. H.," and the Indian would not have known the difference between the initials and the rest of the name.



Something to look out for—the fraudulent imitations, dilutions, and substitutes that are sold as Dr. Pierce's *genuine* medicines, at less than the regular prices.

To protect the public from fraud and deception, these *genuine guaranteed* medicines are now sold only through druggists regularly authorized as agents, and *always* at these long-established prices:

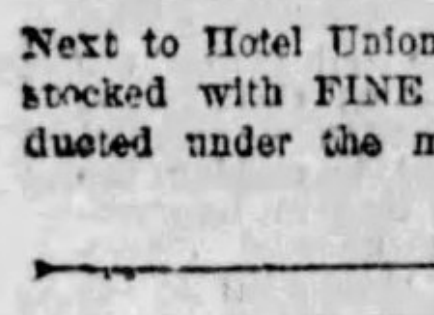
Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery (for the liver, blood and lungs), ... $1.00.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription (for woman's weaknesses, irregularities and ailments), $1.00.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets (for the liver, stomach and bowels), 25 cents a vial.

Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, 50c.

But remember this; they cost you *nothing*, if they don't help you. They're *guaranteed* in every case to benefit or cure, or the money is returned. They're the *cheapest* medicines you can buy, for *you pay only for the good you get*—but they're the *best*, too, or they couldn't be sold on any such terms.



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ALLEN & PARKHURST.

ON A NEW LEAD.

Prohibs and Populists to Combene.

They Have Given Up their Idea Tha the South Can Be Broken.

Chicago, Nov. 19.—Another movement is on foot to unite the prohibition and the people's parties. Yesterday a committee representing both organizations in Chicago called upon Senator Peffer a the Grand Pacific to ascertain his views on the subject.

The attempt, said he, to unite the two parties which had failed a short time ago because the southern element objected to anything in the way of prohibition.

But the recent election had demonstrated that the people's party had very little strength in the south and that it was strongest in those localities which were prohibition strongholds. Hence the two parties might as well unite their forces.

The outcome of the conference was the authorizing of Dr. Taylor, chairman of the Cook county prohibition club, to issue a circular to ascertain the feeling of the two parties concerning the calling of a convention during the world's fair with the ultimate object of union.

MILLION DOLLAR HOLE.

It Had Been "Salted" for an English Syndicate.

After a Long Investigation Not a Single Pay Streak Could be Found.

Boise City, Idaho, Nov. 19.—Alexander Womble, the San Francisco mining expert, came in from Silver mountain, in Boise county, yesterday, where he was sent by English capitalists to pass final judgment upon the hole in the ground, which, several years ago, the notorious Matt Graham salted so artistically that a British company eagerly wasted over $1,000,000 on it.

After a critical inspection Womble decided that the property was absolutely worthless. Not a single pay streak could be found, nothing but barren country rocks, ets.

LABOR TEMPLE.

The Stock Lists Will Be Opened in Chicago.

Chicago, Nov. 19.—The stock-lists will be opened on Monday for subscriptions toward the labor temple which is to be erected under the auspices of the Building Trades Council of this city at a cost of a quarter of a million dollars.

The structure is to be completed in time for the great world's fair labor demonstration next summer. The shares are to be $5 each, and in order that monopolistic employers may not obtain control of the affair no individual will ever be allowed to have more than 20 shares registered in his name.

HE IS GUILTY,

So the Jury Decides in the Manchester Case

After a Deliberation of Five Hours.

The Argument Concluded Shortly After Ten O'clock.

The Court Charged the Jury Until Twenty Minutes of Eleven.

The Case was Ably Defended by Mr. Manchester's Attorney's—A Fair and Impartial Trial.

Twelve men are now deliberating upon the fate of Councilman Benjamin O. Manchester, charged by the state of Ohio with being a member of a conspiracy that solicited a bribe to influence legislation in the common council.

The defense of this case has been conducted in an entirely different manner from the others.

Mr. Manchester did not join the alleged combine until four or five meetings had been held. The state was not allowed to show in evidence what was said and done at the meetings held before it was charged that Mr. Manchester became connected with it.

It is the opinion of all who have attended the trial to any extent during its progress that Mr. Manchester has a very strong case.

The jury came in at 3:30 with a verdict of guilty.

When court convened this morning Mr. Tracy continued his argument for the state.

He closed at 10:10 o'clock, at which time Judge Harmon began his charge to the jury.

He made a brief review of the evidence in the case, including introduction of the Pluto Oil ordinance, and the solicitation charged against the councilman to procure a bribe to influence its passage in the board of councilmen.

The court stated that there were six facts that should first be proven; that the defendant at the time of the offense charged was a member of the city council; that Toledo is a corporation; that the Pluto Oil company is a corporation; that the ordinance was legally pending; that a solicitation was made; that there was an intention to be influenced.

As to the offense caarged, the court decided that the state could not fix an offense on one date and prove one on another. The indictment charged that the solicitation was made on June 21; that the state introduced an interview between Mr. Lorenz and the defendant as having occurred on June 22. This, however, was claimed by the state as being in furtherance of the solicitation made the day before. As to the interview at the Pluto office between Lorenz and the others, it could be used against the defendant if a conspiracy did exist, and it was established in the mind of the jury that he was a member of it. As to Swain's testimony, the court stated that it was unsafe to give much weight to the testimony of an accomplice, unless it be corroborated.

Both sides submitted requests to charge which were given.

Mr. Southard noted an exception to portions of the charge, and the jury retired at exactly 20 minutes of 11 o'clock.

Yesterday Afternoon's Proceedings.

When Mr. Kinney had concluded, Jas. H. Southard began the closing argument, as follows:

"This is an important case in many ways. It is everything to Mr. Manchester. It is all this life may contain. It means the life or death of his good name. You are asked to take that from him. The prosecutor says 'Convict him; convict him of the crime. I will do all I can to mitigate the offense by asking the court not to deprive him of one hour of his liberty.' He asks you to brand this man, outcast him from the society of his fellowman, and blast his future forever. I would not stand up and make an argument in that manner. I would be a man, and say this man is guilty of a henious crime, and he merits the punishment, give it to him; or I would say be merciful, n the name of all life holds to this man."

Continuing, Mr. Southard reviewed the different meetings and made a general argument, covering all the important points in the case, and responding to Mr. Barber's argument. Of the club house meeting, Mr. Southard said that Manchester did not testify that he did not say anything, but that they talked about in knots.

"The state," he said, "did not claim, publicly or privately in this case as in the other cases, that Felker was not out there as an honest man, with honest motives. The state does not charge Mr. Felker with being a member of this awful combination. If it was not corruptible and corrupting for Felker to be present at the club house, why was it so damnably corruptible for Mr. Manchester to be present at that meeting?"

Mr. Southard stated that Manchester did not deny that improper things were talked of at the club house by the councilmen, but that Mr. Manchester wandered in, not knowing what the object of the meeting really was. That he took no part in what was said, and nothing in the evidence showed that he did, and that he was the first to leave.

As to Mr. Manchester's conduct at these meetings, it would be but natural for the members of this alleged combination to keep an eye on the actions of a new convert, who all along were a little off, to keep him in line. Quite to the contrary, he argued that Mr. Manchester took little or no part in the meetings; that he came and went as he pleased; that he left the meeting at Neuendorf's store long before the others, as he did at the club house.

Mr. Southard called attention to Swain's testimony wherein he stated that at the meeting July 2 they all agreed to vote as they chose. There was no evidence, he argued, that Mr. Manchester had ever received information that any set of men were bound together for any illegal purpose at all.

He asked the jury to determine the case upon the evidence introduced in the case, and upon that alone, and not upon what had been proved or disproved in the other cases. He argued that there might have been or might not have been a combination, but the defense denied any connection with any combination, conspiracy or so-called association for any unlawful purpose.

Accounting for Mr. Manchester's action in the council chamber, Mr. Southard stated that because Manchester voted, on the 6th of June and on the 20th of June, as the others did, was he then to be charged with having been illegally influenced to do so? He thought this would be a very rash conclusion.

"'If you are counting upon my vote in any illegal manner you need not do so any longer.' This is what Mr. Manchester said at the meeting on July 2, and does that sound as if he was a member of any conspiracy?"

Passing to the conversation at Lorenz's office, Mr. Southard said:

"Gentlemen, you well remember that Tanner and Daly were called there by Mr. Lorenz. They did not go there of their own volition. According to Mr. Swain's own testimony they had already agreed to vote as they pleased; that they were no longer to be bound by the oath. Now, remember this interview was sprung on Daly and Tanner. They did not go there to make a solicitation. If what is said is true, they were very willing to accept a bribe. I have no doubt they were willing to be bribed. I have no doubt they made propositions they had no right. If they had bound themselves as Manchester said they did to aid each other in ward legislation, is it not most natural that Tanner and Daly, being in this kind of business, would represent that they could deliver their friends to secure this, and why were not these people safe in saying they could deliver the eleven votes? You must put that meaning upon it. That eleven votes represented their strength. I am not at all certain that Daly and Tanner had any such purpose. You will have to put a construction upon it."

As to the interview between Lorenz and Machen, Mr. Southard stated that the evidence clearly showed that Mr. Manchester was right in his statement that he was merely fencing with Lorenz; that he thought Lorenz was pumping him, and he concluded in turn to pump Lorenz; that he had no criminal intent, neither did he agree to receive or ask for one penny from Mr. Lorenz, and there was nothing in the evidence that showed he did.

Mr. Southard concluded at 4 o'clock, at which time Mr. Tracy began the closing argument for the state.

"Gentlemen of the jury," he said, "the first thing I would like you to think of, and that is that this is no persecution or vindication that must be satisfied, or that there is any ill will on the part of the counsel for the state against the accused. I will say further that as an attorney or officer of the court, he could stand here and call every witness on the other side a liar, sneak and coward, and not be called upon to answer for it in any court of justice. It is a privilege members of the profession are possessed of. They may call a man a coward, but it seems to me the jury can realize that it is as equally cowardly for a man to call another a liar, coward and sneak, when he knows he can not be made to answer for it. Mr. Swain has been soundly abused because he comes out and says that he and others were members of the conspiracy. Gentlemen, which is the more honorable—to come out and tell all and convict himself, than to admit that there was a conspiracy and then try to throw it upon someone else?

"The defense, in making its case, proves that Mr. Manchester, before coming to Toledo, was a school teacher, that he studied law, was admitted to practice, and is now a business man in the Ninth ward. Gentleman, Benjamin O. Manchester is not a man to be led by any man or combination. He could not be led meekly and lamb-like about the streets of Toledo at an unseasonable hour of night. Mr. Manchester is a leader in the council, and is not led or dictated to by any one."

BURNED TO DEATH.

An Old Lady Meets a Terrible Fate.

Her Clothes Caught Fire, and Being Helpless, She Was Roasted to Death.

Newport, R. I., Nov. 19.—Mrs. Theodore W. Pinney, wife of a wealthy resident of Chicago, who was frightfully burned on Wednesday, died yesterday morning.

Mrs. Pinney, who had been partially paralyzed for nearly a year, soon after rising at a late hour walked to the open fire-place. Huge logs of hickory were throwing their flames aloft and before Mrs. Pinney had removed her night robe a spark ignited the light material and she was soon the center of a large cloud of smoke and wrapped in flames.

The unfortunate woman lost her presence of mind and being unable to help herself, fell upon the carpeted floor. The flames were communicated to the carpet and Mrs. Pinney was slowly roasted.

Blankets were snatched from the bed and she was carefully wrapped in their folds, but it was too late. The flames had been inhaled and the body, from head to feet, was burned and scorched. Her shrieks filled the house. The daughter and servants were appalled, but they little realized that the woman was dying.

Physicians were sent for, but a long time elapsed before they arrived. In the meantime the patient's life slowly but surely ebbed away. The funeral, which is to take place on Sunday at Hill Top, will be strictly private and the interment will be in this city, where the family have long had a burial plot.

PAT. MURPHY'S CASE.

He is Bound Over in Cleveland for Trial.

No Motive is Yet Known Why He Should Have Killed His Brother.

Cleveland, O., Nov. 19.—Patrick Francis Murphy, the man who murdered his brother, William Murphy, last Sunday, was put on the witness stand in the coroner's office. There has as yet been no light thrown on the murder. What occurred between the two men before Patrick cut William's throat still remains a mystery. The brothers were the only persons present. The supposition is that they had a quarrel, but what superinduced it is not known. Patrick is a man of ugly disposition, especially when under the influence of liquor.

There is no evidence to show that he drank to excess on the day of the murder. He was in a surly mood for some time previous to the time when he killed his brother, and he warned those who asked for admittance to the room in which he had locked himself on the day of the murder not to interfere with him. About three years ago Patrick and William quarreled, and it is said Patrick threatened then that he would kill William. If this is so the prosecution may be able to prove premeditation. It was for the purpose of throwing some light on what occurred in the bedroom between the brothers that the coroner had Patrick Murphy brought into his office. A subpoena was issued and served on the murderer in the regular manner. He appeared calm and collected when he ascended to the witness stand and he did not look like a man who had recently committed a terrible crime. He had the appearance of a barroom loafer, however.

"What is your name?" was the first question asked by the coroner.

"Patrick Francis Murphy," he answered.

"Where do you live?"

"At No. 118 Swiss street."

The coroner then informed him that if he desired to make a statement he could do so, but if not it was not compulsory. The prisoner said that he did not desire to make a statement before consulting his attorney. The formality was over, and Murphy was taken back to jail.

WIPED OUT.

Clarksville, Tenn., Nov. 19.—Fredonia, a small town in this county, was almost totally destroyed by a tornado early yesterday morning. No lives were lost, but every building in town with the exception of two or three, were wrecked. The telegraph and telephone wires are down.

TRANS-MISSOURI.

Another Traffic Association Goes to the Wall.

Chicago, Nov. 19.—The epidemic that has been so rapidly reducing the number of traffic associations of late has finally fallen the Trans-Missouri association.

It dies to-day.

This was decided yesterday at a meeting of the managers of the Trans-Missouri lines in this city, and Secretary McFadden was instructed to wind up the affairs of the association as soon as possible and close up the headquarters at Kansas City.

A committee of seven, composed of the representatives of the various roads, was appointed to prepare a plan for a new organization and submit the same at the adjourned meeting Dec. 6th.

IT THAWED.

Hollard, N. Y., Nov. 19.—The wife of Leonard Hills put a wet dynamite cartridge in the oven to dry before her husband used it. Shortly after, the cartridge exploded, with fearful result. Ralph, a son of about 10 years, who was sitting at a table, was killed. The back of his head was crushed and several ribs were broken. Mrs. Hills was so badly injured that it is feared she may not recover. The house was shattered.

THE SCHOOL QUESTION.

Action Taken by the Catholic Conference.

Resolutions Adopted By the Leaders of the Church in Session in New York.

New York, Nov. 19.—The conference of archbishops of the United States, which has been in daily session at the archiepiscopal residence of Archbishop Corrigan since Wednesday last, was concluded last night. The question that has engaged the attention of the archbishops to the largest extent and the one which has prolonged the conference to the period of three days, is the matter relating to parochial schools. Not until yesterday was any real progress made and the following report indicates a compromise upon the question. The matter as given out by the private secretary of Archbishop Corrigan, Father Connolly, is entitled, "Report on parochial schools," and is as follows.

At a meeting of the archbishops of the United States, held at the residence of the most reverend archbishop of New York, on the 16th of November, 1892, to consider the best means to provide for the religious education of such children as do not at present attend the parochial schools or Catholic schools of any kind, the assembled prelates unanimously agreed on the following resolutions:

First—To promote the erection of Catholic schools, so that there may be accommodation in them for more, and if possible, for all our Catholic children, according to the decrees of the Third Plenary council of Baltimore and the decisions of the holy see.

Second—That as to children who at present do not attend Catholic schools, we direct in addition, that provision be made for them by Sunday schools and also by instructions on some other day or days of the week, and by urging parents to teach their children the Christian doctrine in their homes.

These Sunday and weekday schools should be unde rthe direct supervision of the clergy aided by intelligent lay teachers and, when possible, by members of religious teaching orders.

No other decisions upon matters discussed by the conference will at present be communicated to the press by the prelates. The official business of the convention is closed. There will be an informal gathering at the archiepiscopal residence of Archbishop Corrigan of the archbishops and representatives of Archbishops Kenrick, of St. Louis, and Salpointe, of New Mexico, remaining in the city.

Upon emerging from the archiepiscopal residence the champion of the "Faribault system," Archbishop Ireland, appeared in a most affable mood, but referred all press representatives to Archbishop Corrigan for information regarding the business of the conference. He repaired immediately to the Fifth Avenue hotel, and will tomorrow leave for St. Paul, Minn. Cardinal Gibbons was driven away in a carriage to his hotel, and was soon followed by Archbishop Feehan, of Chicago, who is stopping at the Windsor hotel.

MAYOR GLEASON

Has Been Reelected at Long Island City.

The Official Returns Show that a Thousand Illegal Ballots Were Cast for Sanford.

Long Island City, R. I., Nov. 19.—This city is in a fever of excitement to-day through the bombshell Mayor Gleason threw into th epolitical camp this morning.

The city, which had accepted the recent election returns as final, Gleason's defeat for re-election as mayor settled, and Sanford's triumph over him complete, now finds its calculations overthrown.

City Clerk Burke, who is a Gleason appointee, sent in the official returns to the county clerk this morning, showing that Mayor Gleason had been re-elected.

The majority, according to these figures, is 732 for Gleason.

City Clerk Burke issued a certificate of election to Gleason, and the fighting mayor has gone to the county clerk's office in Jamaica to be sworn in.

The supreme court will be appealed to prevent Mayor Gleason from again taking office. It is understood that Gleasn claims the office on the ground that nearly a thousand defective ballots were cast for his opponent, Sanford.

ROBBERY.

The Postoffice at Cridersville has Been Touched.

Cridersville, O., Nov. 19.—(Special)—The postoffice in this town was robbed last night and about $50 worth of money and stamps taken. The postoffice is in the grocery store of W. W. Barkalow, who is postmaster. Mr. Barkalow also lost $100 worth of groceries, etc. Detectives are on the scent. Two Lima youths are suspected.

TIFFIN.

Tiffin, O., Nov. 19.—(Special)—The National Machinery company, proprietors of one of the most extensive manufacturing establishments in the city, are threatened with a general strike.

The Northwestern Ohio Teachers' association will hold its holiday session in the chapel of Heidelberg university in this city during the holiday week.

The Tiffin Bruderbund one of the oldest musical organizations in the state, is arranging to celebrate its fortieth anniversary on the evening of November 24.

The first game of foot ball played in Tiffin will occur on the old fair grounds Saturday afternoon between the Heidelberg university team and a team from Findlay. Should the weather be unfavorable, however, the contest will be postponed until Thanksgiving day.

THE WHISKY TRUST.

St. Louis, Nov. 19.—The negotiations for the purchase of several of the largest St. Louis and other western distilleries which it is rumored is being conducted by the Distilling & Cattle Feeding company of Illinois, better known as the whisky trust, is still pending, though almost completed.

GROVER CLEVELAND,

He Talks to His Friends at a Dinner.

The Democratic Party Equal to the Emergency.

A Grave Responsibility Makes the Election Only the Start of a Great Campaign for the People.

New York, November 19.—The speech which Grover Cleveland made at the private dinner tendered by Henry Villard is made public. This is what Mr. Cleveland said:

"Ladies and Gentlemen: I find it impossible to rid myself at this moment of the conflicting emotions which stir within me. I see here assembled good and staunch friends who have labored incessantly and devotedly for the success which has crowned democratic effort in the canvass just closed; and I cannot forget how greatly these efforts have been charaterized by personal attachment and friendship for the candidate selected to carry the democratic banner. This awakens a sense of gratitude which is a great pleasure for me to thankfully acknowledge. I confess, too, that I have fully shared in the partisan satisfaction which our great victory is calculated to arouse in every heart, so thoroughly democratic is mine. It is seldom given to any man to contemplate such a splendid campaign, so masterfully arranged in his behalf by such good friends, followed by such a stupendous and complete triumph.

"I should not, perhaps, introduce anything somber on this occasion, but I know you will forgive me when I say that every feeling of jubilation and even my sense of gratitude is so tempered as to be almost entirely obscured by a realization, nearly painful, of the responsibility I have assumed in the sight of the American people.

"My love of country, my attachment to the principles of true democracy, my appreciation of the obligation I have entered into toward the best and most confiding people in the world, and a consciousness of my own weakness and imperfections, all conspire to fill my mind with sober and oppressing reflection.

When I consider all that we have to do, as a party charged with the control of the government, I feel that our campaign, instead of being concluded, is but just begun. What shall our performance be of the contract we shall have made with our countrymen, and how well shall we justify the trust they have imposed in us? If we see nothing in our victory but a license to revel in partisan spoils we shall fail at every point. If we merely profess to enter upon our work, and if we make apparent endeavor to do it as a cover for seeking partisan advantage, we shall invite contempt and disgrace. If we attempt to discharge our duty to the people without complete party harmony in patriotic action, we shall demonstrate our incompetency.

"I thank Good, that far above all doubts and misgivings and away beyond all difficulties, we may constantly see the lights of hope and safety. The light we see is the illumination from the principles of true, honest, and pure democracy—showing the way in all time of danger and leading us to the fulfillment of political duty and the redemption of all our pledges. This light is kindled in the love of justice and in devotion to the people's rights. It is bright in a constant patriotism and in a nation's promise. Let us not be misled to our undoing by other lights of false democracy which may be kindled in broken faith, and which, shining in hypocrisy, if followed, lure us to the rocks of falure and disgrace. If we see stern labor ahead of us, and if difficulties loom up on our horizon, let us remember that in thickest weather the mariner watches most anxiously for his true light.

"Who in our party charged with any responsibility to the people has not pledged his devotion to the principles of true democracy? And who among us has made pledges with intent to deceive? I have faith in the manliness and truthfulness of the democratic party.

"My belief in our principles and my faith in our party constitute my trust that we shall answer the expectations of our countrymen and shall raise high aloft a standard of true democracy to fix the gaze for many years to come of a prosperous, a happy, and a contented people."

The dinner took place at Sherry's, and besides Mr. Cleveland there were 40 guests present. Among them were Wm. C. Whitney, Carl Schurz, Daniel S. Lamont, Congressmen Breckinridge, Fitch, and Warner, Josiah Quincy, Lawrence R. Godkin, Wayne MacVeagh, Don M. Dickinson, Calvin S. Brice, Oswald Ottendorfer, William R. Grace, William Steinway, and William F. Harrity.

SOME NICE CROW

Received by Prominent Toledoans This Morning.

They Are Exhibited on 'Change with Great Success—According to the Bet, They Must Eat Them.

There was crow, good strong Indiana crow on 'Change this morning. It was dead crow, but the recipients were live republicans who can take a good joke and enjoy it. So the crow was carried about and displayed with a great deal of solemnity as a most palatable article. The democrats raised the roof.

It seems some time ago a bet was made by some Toledo republicans with Thomas A. Morrison, one of the liveliest democrats in Indiana, that the loser on the general result would eat crow. Consequently a large box full of crows was received this morning in Toledo. They were labeled F. O. Paddock, James Hodge, J. H. Bowman, Wm. R. Worts, A. W. Bunce and A. W. Judkins.

Attached to each bunch of birds were receipts or sarcastic remarks, as follows:

"Eat of me and drink of my broth, for I am the forbidden meat nd none but the weeping G. O. P. will dare taste of me, for I am to survive the soul.

"JIM CROW."

"Cook me ten days in dog grease, then serve me on a platter with hard tack, after which you will be converted and change your politics."

A letter accompanied the birds. It reads as follows:

"Please find inclosed some fine birds commonly called crows in this country. The meat of these birds is rather tough, but the soup is tender and highly recommended by all physicians as being good for republicans since November 8. Cook them according to directions, and if the taste suits your palate sing praise to the democracy while eating thereof."

SOUTHERN TOURIST RATES

Via C., H. & D. and Cincinnati, the Great Through Line.

The usual winter tourist rates to southern resorts are now in effect via the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton R. R. The only direct route from Michigan and Canada via Detroit, Toledo, Lima, and Dayton to Cincinnati and the sunny south. Tickets will be on sale all winter and will be good returning until May 31, 1893. Through sleeping cars on all night trains and chair cars on day trains. Three trains a day from Detroit and four solid trains daily from Toledo to Cincinnati. For rates, tickets and full information, call on or address any C., H. & D. agent, or E. O. McCormick, G. P. & T. agent C., H. & D., Cincinnati, O.

AN OPEN LETTER.

Two Well Known Physicians Address the Public.

Lax Medical Laws Enable Fakirs to Fleece People—A Direct Personal Statement of Interest to Everybody.

To Our Friends and the Public:

Since locating in this city, we have learned from our patients and from others with whom we have conversed, that the people of the city of Toledo have suffered terribly at the hands of quacks and impostors, medical frauds and tramps who have infested the city.

Under the lax medical laws of Ohio, almost any kind of quackery can be carried on, and so much of it has been done that it is not at all surprising that the people of this city should hesitate before entrusting their cases to doctors who advertise in the papers.

There is this to be remembered, however. It must not be considered that because a doctor advertises he is to be classed with quacks and frauds. There is a wide distinction between advertising doctors and doctors who advertise. Among the latter class are some of the best men in the country. Among the former are the frauds, fakes, humbugs and charlatans who operate under a respectable guise to deceive, rob and commit crime.

There is a class of men in every community who advertise themselves as specialists. They were not specialists before they advertised. We respectfully refer the public to our credentials which are printed below. Further than this we will not go, as we believe too much in the intelligence of the people to assume that puffing or self laudation will weigh more than careful, conscientious work.

We are here as gentlemen and physicians to practice medicine, to treat all diseases. Our rates are $5 a month for service and medicines. We have located in Toledo to remain. We want every man, woman and child in this community, who is suffering from any disease whatever, to know that they can save money by taking treatment with us. If anyone who is being treated for a chronic disease is paying more money than this, he is wasting the surplus over $5 a month.

Our record is an open book, our credentials can be inspected at our offices, and our ability is attested by the cures that we perform. We respectfully solicit the patronage of the people of Toledo.

W. C. BYERS, M. D.
WILLIAM DOUGAN, M. D.

For a month past, Drs. Byers and Dougan have been treating a large number of patients free of cost. This was done for the purpose of demonstrating to all who cared to test them what they could do. A great many doctors advertise, but very few of them carry out the letter of their promise. It is one thing to advertise and another to cure. Drs. Byers and Dougan do not guarantee a cure, but they promise to cure every case that is curable. Each physician has had a wide experience in the treatment of chronic diseases. Each is a competent, skilled, able man. They refer to testimonials given by grateful patients to show what they can do, and they are anxious to undertake to treat those who have failed to obtain relief from other physicians.

The free treatment period has expired. Henceforward the price for medical treatment at the hands of these physicians will be $5 a month for all diseases. Medicines are furnished free. Remember, therefore, that you can get the best medical service at the least cost from Drs. Byers and Dougan for any disease whatever, at

Five Dollars a Month.

Their Credentials.

Drs. Byers & Dougan ask that their credentials and claims be thoroughly examined and investigated. Dr. Byers is a graduate of the Jefferson Medical College of Philadelphia, Pa., 1872, and has had 20 years active experience in diseases of the eye, ear, nose, throat and lungs. Dr. Dougan is a graduate of the Buffalo Medical College, and also of McGill University of Montreal, Canada, and holds both Canadian and United States qualifications. Dr. Dougan has had 25 years experience in treating chronic diseases of the lungs, stomach, heart, liver, kidneys, bladder, rectum, diseases of women, etc., etc.

DRS. BYERS & DOUGAN,
LOCATED PERMANENTLY AT
710--MADISON STREET--710

Specialties—Catarrh, and all diseases of the Eye, Ear, Throat and Lungs, Nervous Diseases, Skin Diseases, Chronic Diseases.
Office hours—9 to 11 a. m., 2 to 5 p. m., 7 to 9 p. m. Sundays, 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

A BIG GAME DINNER.

Five Hundred Guests Will Have a Time.

Thirty-Seventh Annual Dinner of the Grand Pacific in Chicago.

Chicago, Nov. 19.—Five hundred ladies and gentlemen, many of them of national prominence, will assemble in the ain banqueting hall of the Grand Pacific hotel to-night as the guests of Messrs. Drake, Parker & Co., upon the occasion of their thirty-seventh annual game dinner.

Thirty-seven years ago, when the environs of Chicago abounded with game of all varieties, Mr. Drake conceived the idea of regaling his friends with a thanksgiving game spread.

Each successive year the custom has been kept up, and the roll of past guests includes men famous in every line.

For months experienced hunters have been engaged in scouring the mountains and forests of the west to supply the table to-night, and no less than 60 separate dishes of four-legged and feathered game will be served for the delectation of the guests.

There will be antelope, mountain sheep, venison, black-tailed deer, black bear, cinnamon bear, elk, hares from England, opossum, wild geese, pheasants, and so on through a bewildering array of dishes.

Some of the guests will be Gov. Fifer, Judge Gresham, Gen. Nelson A. Miles, President Harper of the Chicago University, United States Judge Blodgett, ex-Senator Farwell, together with many others of prominence in the financial, commercial and political worlds.

BACK TO THE MILL

The Laborers at Homestead Give Up the Fight.

Homestead, Pa., Nov. 19.—The first big break in the strikers' ranks occurred when some 150 men applied for positions at the mill. The second break came when they went up Eighth avenue to the mill in large bodies. Just outside the mill office the men were made to form in line and they were taken six and seven at a time before General Manager Schwab, who examined the men individually and were rapidly assigned to vacancies in the mill.

Two hundred and fifty men had applied, and very few were turned away. The applicants consisted principally of day laborers, but here and there a mechanical man was seen in the crowd. The day laborers held a meeting, and it was decided to declare the strike off so far as they were concerned, but the Amalgamated men propose to continue the fight for the recognition of the association, firmly believing that the company will finally accede to their demands.

The meeting had hardly adjourned until there was a perfect scramble to reach the Carnegie mill offices. Chairman Frick, of the Carnegie company, was present and supervised the employment of his old men.

PETER AND JAMES,

The Two Great Followers of Pugilism.

They Meet and Have a Friendly Chat.

Not a Word Said About Fighting, but a Happy Meeting of the Two.

Philadelphia, Nov. 19.—For the first time since the celebrated meeting before the California Athletic club, Champion James J. Corbett and Peter Jackson, the colored heavy-weight, stood face to face, yesterday, in a hotel office, in Philadelphia. They had occupied boxes at one of the theaters and mutual friends had brought them together. The meeting was very friendly.

Peter extended his hand, saying to the champion: "Mr. Corbett, I congratulate you on your splendid victory."

Corbett replied in a quiet way, thanking Peter, and the two famous pugilists sat down to a table with a large party of friends and engaged in a friendly chat.

No fighting talk was indulged in at all, both men studiously avoiding it.

The conversation lasted in all about 10 minutes, and when Jackson arose to depart, he extended his hand, which Corbett shook heartily. Both men seemed to be pleased that they had met and had a friendly confab.

Parson Davies.

Chicago, Nov. 19.—"Parson" Davies arrived in the city from the east yesterday. He will be joined by Peter Jackson and Joe Choynski in about two weeks and the combination will make a tour of the Pacific coast. The "Parson" says Jackson is anxious to meet Corbett and thinks the Californian should sign articles for a fight with him if he has any intention of meeting him. Jackson is perfectly willing to make the date far enough into next year to allow Corbett to make a good stake out of his recent victory.

A VERY FOOLISH MAID,

Runs Away With a Married Man.

She Repents at the Sight of Her Irate Father and Returns to His Roof.

Chicago, Nov. 19.—J. S. Foster, a New Haven (Conn.) meat dealer, eloped from that city October 18, with his handsome 20-year-old cashier, Miss Georgie Johnson. Yesterday the young woman's irate father, George Johnson, arrived in this city in search of the runaway couple.

After several hours' work, assisted by Detectives Gordon and Bishop, they found Foster at the Boston store in charge of the meat department.

Mr. Johnson had threatened to kill the man at sight and when the two met it was only by the exercise of much force and persuasion that the officers prevented him from carry out his threat.

Foster was taken to the central station, where he told the officers that Miss Johnson had been living at 369 West Lake street. She was found there, but when she saw her father, fell to the floor in a swoon. She consented to return and left in company with her father last night on the Lake Shore road. She is very attractive, well educated and an accomplished musician. Foster is 27 years old, and forsook a wife to whom he was married five years ago.

TEXAS DEMOCRATS.

The Clark Faction in Session at Waco.

Rumored that They Would Give up the Fight is Strenuously Denied.

Waco, Tex., Nov. 19.—Representatives of the Clark, or defeated wing of the state democracy, are gathering here this morning for the purpose of considering their present position, and to decide upon a line of policy for the future.

Judge Clark himself is here, and so are all the members of the state executive committee. There have been reports that the Clarkites would give up the fight, but this is strenuously denied by those here to-day.

They take the ground that the state is rapidly drifting into socialism, under the policy adopted by Gov. Hogg and his lieutenants, that the spirit on the determination of the Clarkites that true democratic principle should be held paramount, and that they will continue their existence as a separate organization until this has been accomplished.

Take Simmon's Liver Regulator to remove the bile, clear the head and restore digestion.

WHITEHOUSE NOTES.

Whitehouse, O., Nov. 19.—(Special)—Miss Lulu Holden is the guest of Dr. and Mrs. Benner.

Mrs. H. Bucher and Mrs. Englehart entertained a large party of friends from Toledo over Sunday.

Mr. Al Eldridge, of Michigan, is in town shaking hands with old friends.

Mrs. Eva Demuth, Mrs. C. M. King and Mrs. Bucher will visit Toledo friends next week.

The roof on the handsome new school house is nearly completed.

Henry Schmid and family are moving into their new residence on Waterville street.

Mrs. Elizabeth Messer
Baltimore, Md.

Rescued from Death

All Said She Could Not Live a Month

Now Alive and Well—Thanks to Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"I must praise Hood's Sarsaparilla, for it is wonderful medicine. I suffered 10 years with

Neuralgia and Dyspepsia

and **fainting spells.** Sometimes I would be almost stiff with cold perspiration. I spent a great deal of money for medical attendance, but I did not get any benefit until my daughter told me about Hood's Sarsaparilla, and I began to take it. I weighed less than 100 lbs. and was

A Picture of Misery

Every one who saw me thought I could not live another month. But I began to improve at once after beginning with Hood's Sarsaparilla, and have gradually gained until I am now **perfectly cured.** I eat well, sleep well, and am **in perfect health.** I owe all to

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Instead of being dead now, I am alive and **weigh 142 lbs.**" MRS. ELIZABETH MESSER, 19 East Barney Street, Baltimore, Md.

HOOD'S PILLS are purely vegetable, perfectly harmless, always reliable and beneficial.

See My New Dress?

It used to be my mamma's old cashmere, but she dyed it with

Diamond Dyes,

and made me two new dresses, a blue and a brown. Brother's got a new suit, too; it's Uncle Jack's old coat dyed over; mamma said 'twas easy to dye with

Diamond Dyes,—

that anybody can use them.

Diamond Dyes are made for home use. Absolutely reliable. Any color.

Sold everywhere. 10 cts. a package. Direction book and 40 samples of colored cloth free.
WELLS RICHARDSON & CO., Burlington, Vt.

OPPOSED TO UNIONS.

The Knights of Labor Discuss Whether Knights May Also be Unionists.

St. Louis, Nov. 19.—The consideration of the report of the committee on laws to the sixteenth general assembly Knights of Labor, or the latter part of it, is consuming more time than it was generally supposed it would. Instead of the early adjournment heretofore predicted, it is thought the session will be continued at least until next Tuesday, and perhaps longer.

A matter likely to have some far reaching results came up. Mr. Powderly, in his annual report, recommended that the National Trade Assembly, No. 135 (miners), be instructed to withdraw from the United Mine Workers of America. A proposition was made to instruct all knights now connected with the Confederation of Labor to withdraw therefrom. Three years ago the National Trades Assembly and the Miners' Protective Union united and formed the United Mine Workers of North America. Since then it is claimed that the officers of the united bodyhave treacherously used their position to destroy the Knights of Labor part of the joint organization, for the advantage of the other part. When the union was formed the Knights of Labor part was one and a half times as numerous as the union part. By the manipulation of the officers this has been changed, and now the union men largely outnumber the knights. The general assembly took up this portion of Mr. Powderly's report this morning, and then it proposed to instruct all knights connected with the Federation of Labor to withdraw. Some pretty strong speeches were made in support of this proposition, the general sentiment being that a policy of conciliation had been tried long enough. In the case of the miners it was shown that while the National Trade Assembly had been almost obliterated, the union was nothing but a skeleton organization on paper. Pending discussion recess was taken.

For the purpose of simplifying the discussion the proposition to compel members to withdraw from the federation was withdrawn for the present and the discussion was confined to the miners' question. The matter was finally referred to the executive board, with instructions to see that the interests of the order were considered.

The proposition to compel members of the order who also belong to unions in the federation to choose between the two was then taken up. The discussion was long, taking up nearly the whole afternoon, nearly every member speaking at least once. A very strong feeling was shown against the conduct of the federation leaders, but the feeling that there was no cause for difference between the rank and file of the two organizations prevailed and the proposition was voted down by a vote of 82 to 36.

WAPAKONETA.

Wapakoneta, Nov. 19.—(Special)—W. H. Kiser spent several days in Lima last week.

Bert Butte, Albert Vandenbrook and David Kirby were at St. Mary's this week.

Miss Lenora Gunther is attending Commercial college at Lima.

C. W. Timmermeister and family visited relatives in St. Marys this week.

Henry Mayer, of Celina, formerly of this city, is visiting friends and relatives here.

Arthur Feltz and John Welch, of Lima, Sundayed in town.

John Hangen, Anna English and Icy Buch are visiting friends at St. Johns.

Misses Mary Flock and Lena Pillar, of Piqua, visited the family of Chas. Herbst this week.

Miss Katie Mouch, of Troy, is visiting relatives in town.

Mrs. M. Diedrich, of Troy, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Harman Witte.

Retta Dearbaugh is on a month's visit with her sister, Mrs. D. J. Lisk, at Indianapolis, Ind.

Mrs. Moses Hirsch gave an elegant luncheon Thursday afternoon to a select party of friends.

F. Kohler spent several days this week at Sidney, the guest of his son Charles.

Robert Mouch, of Dayton, is visiting his children in town.

Wm. Huebner has accepted a position with the Monroe Manufacturing company at Lima and has moved his family to that place.

Misses Mollie Cunningham and Mattie Hoover, of Lima, are the guests of J. J. Collins and wife.

S. A. Haskins and wife attended the wedding of a relative at Troy on Tuesday.

W. H. Barkalow was called to Bowling Green Sunday by the serious illness of his wife, who is staying with her parents there.

Chas. Kerstein, of Dearborn, Mich., and Mrs. John Bentz, of West Covington, Ky., attended the funeral of Barth Kirstein Saturday.

Fred Rauch, who has been visiting his father here, left for Utica, N. Y., where he will locate.

H. Honchins, C. E. Dingler, Fred George and Wm. Borah are spending several weeks in the wilds of Wisconsin on a bear hunt.

F. L. McKelvey, who has been connected with Timmermeister & Rogers for the past year, has accepted a position in Findlay and removed his family to that place.

G. A. Bachmeyer visited friends at Ada this week.

Albert S. Taylor is attending normal school at Ada.

Miss Lucy Nichols is visiting her sister, Mrs. A. M. Kuhn, at Toledo.

Mrs. Rev. G. Schmogrow and daughter attended the funeral of a relative in Columbus last week.

J. S. Foreman, who removed from here to Missouri a year ago, has returned to Ohio and will locate near Sidney.

Two divorce cases were filed in common pleas court this week. Mary A. Clawson vs. Lewis Clawson, extreme cruelty and failure to provide. Emma Stein vs. George Stein, cause assigned, extreme cruelty and drunkenness.

Diphtheria is still prevalent here.

A delightful surprise party was tendered Miss Mary Jacobs, at her beautiful home, Thursday evening, by a few of her intimate friends. Those present were J. L. Wisener, Harry Fisher, George Waltz, Frank Ansman, C. M. Fisher, E. E. Gessler, Misses Fannie Davis, Maggie and Flora Fisher, Lulu Nagel, Millie Jasperson, Lulu and Katie Dickman and Mamie Wenk.

OIL NOTES.

St. Marys, O., Nov. 19.—The Home Oil company of New Bremen, is experiencing considerable difficulty in completing their well on the Kohlhorst farm.

James Knoppenberger has a rig up on the Greber farm, southeast of this city.

The Lima Natural Gas company is constructing a pumping station several miles southeast of this city.

Use Brown's Bronchial Troches for coughs, colds and all other throat troubles. —"Pre-eminently the best."—Rev. Henry Ward Beecher.

SECOND FLOOR
THE
No. 212 SUMMIT ST.

HYMAN

WHOLESALE SIDE
CO.
No. 212 SUMMIT ST.

CLOTHING,
CLOAKS,
DRESS GOODS,
LADIES' SUITS,
FURS,
WATCHES,
JEWELRY,
RUGS, Etc.

Wife—Next Thursday 'll be Thanksgivin' and we hain't got our winter clothes yet, let alone Turkey and Cranberry Sauce. What hev we got to be thankful for, enyhow?

Husband—Rest easy, old woman. I've got it all fixed. We can't git no Turkey on easy payments, but we kin get our clothes that a 'way from the Hyman Co., and cheap, too. I've got enough money to pay for the grub and make a payment on the clothes besides, so cheer up—we're on easy street.

CLOTHING,
CLOAKS,
DRESS GOODS,
LADIES' SUITS,
FURS,
WATCHES,
JEWELRY,
CURTAINS, Etc.

EASY PAYMENTS.

NEW YORK

Republicans on the Result of the Election.

Plutocratic Republicanism, Democratic Republicanism, Socialistic Republicanism—Which of the Three Shall Rule!

New York, Nov. 19.—(Special Correspondence.)—What in fact do the recent elections teach? Is the country to be plunged into utter and irretrievable ruin as the plutocrats prophesy, or is it soon to start off on a more prosperous era than has ever been experienced since the surrender of Lord Cornwallis?

Many people are likely to reason that unless public affairs are conducted on lines identical to or in sympathy with their particular ideas destruction is inevitable.

Why any class of thinking men could reach the conclusion that unless the people of a great country insist upon taxing almost to prohibition all the necessaries and many of the luxuries of life the doom of that country is sealed is difficult to understand, and yet, this is to-day the deep lamentation of the plutocratic party, as evidenced by many editorials and interviews in their subsidized organs. And what in fact is the basis for this disheartening woe? Simply and solely the determination of the people to begin the inauguration of a policy under which they will ultimately be enabled to buy their supplies where they can buy them the cheapest, and sell their products where they can sell them the highest.

It is in consequence of this sensible policy that the nation is to be ruined.

What matters it if a few industries that have been artificially stimulated at the expense of the consumer are driven to the wall? Will not the consumers, who number ten men to the producers one man, be the gainers to the extent of that reduction in price which caused the suspension? Is there not as much net gain in buying cheaper as in selling higher, and if the buyers number ten and the seller only one, are not ten men benefitted by the suspension, where one man is injured? Regardless of the fact that many of the supporters of Mr. Cleveland are in principle ardent free traders, if, in fact, he is not himself enamored of the idea, nevertheless it is a self-evident proposition that until some other source [illegible] is devised for the collection of revenue, revenue must be collected through the agency of the ports. How, therefore, can it be anything but a disgruntled wail to say that the country will be ruined? Free trade to-morrow would not ruin America, and all that will be required to safely adopt that policy will be to provide revenue from other sources (which is not at present possible) and to give a reasonable time for business to prepare for the change. That is to say (assuming that revenue could be otherwise obtained) all that would be required to avoid trouble would be that time be given in which to dispose of goods artificially enhanced and to adjust incidental conditions to the change as proposed. This, and this alone, would be the lamentable (?) result.

Again we hear from the plutocratic press a sickening wail to the effect that Mr. Cleveland will be the catspaw of Tammany hall and that the victory was, in fact, the triumph of that organization.

The figures show that the democrats would have succeeded without New York, consequently without the aid of a single Tammany tiger. Again, we hear the sectional cry that the solid south is in the saddle, and yet if the entire vote of Ohio should be recorded for Mr. Cleveland, then from the entire electoral vote the entire south might be excluded, and yet the nation would have a democratic president. How, in view of this, can partisan plutocrats argue sectional democracy?

The last congress was democratic exclusive of the southern members, and to-day Grover Cleveland has very nearly, if not quite, secured a popular majority in the north. The sectional party is the plutocratic party which genuine democracy has just swept from the face of the nation. To call that party "republican" is ridiculous, and no greater misnomer was ever appropriated by an arrogant organization. Every voter in America is a republican. The Tammany society itself is a republican organization, and on its banner at the Fourteenth street hall was inscribed the words "Democratic Republican Nominations." In religion the followers of Mr. Alexander Campbell, an eminent and forcible student of the Bible and the man who achieved fame by reason of his debate with the late Archbishop Purcell, called themselves Christians, which, by implication certainly signifies that in their opinion at least, other denominations are not Christians at all. Yet there are Presbyterians, Methodists, Baptists, etc., etc., who think they are the followers of the Savior of men. So, likewise with the so-called republicans. What right have they to this designation? None whatever. It is a fact beyond dispute that many naturalized foreigners of the great northwest have become attached to the party for the very reason that, in becoming citizens of the great American republic, they think they should become republicans. Happily this erroneous impression has been to a great extent dissipated. All are republicans who are not monarchists, and the proper designation should be democratic republicans and some other kind of republicans, to-wit: Socialistic republicans, anarchistic republicans, or plutocratic republicans. To which class, excluding the democratic republicans, can the supporters of Mr. Harrison belong if not to the latter, to-wit, the plutocratic republicans. We have confronting us, therefore, the proud spectacle of democratic republican victory over plutocratic republican centralization and tyranny. There is but one policy for the plutocratic republicans to assume, now that their aims and objects have been frustrated, and that is advocate a stronger government with a centralized power administered throughout the various sections of the union by unscrupulous hirelings such as was contemplated by the force bill.

What an insult to popular government and how hostile to the spirit of any kind of republicanism was that despicable measure! Plutocratic republicanism, however, is inconsistent with free government and has its proper representation only in monarchy or empire. The very idea of a favored class seeking special legislation in a government of, for and by the people is most outrageous and monstrous, and is enough to cause the canonized bones of Jefferson, or even Lincoln, hearsed in death to burst their cerements and the sepulchres in which they lie quietly inurned to open their ponderous and marble jaws at the slightest intimation of such damnable desecration, casting up those patriotic sons both alike hostile to plutocratic republicanism—who would administer to the enemies of freedom the most scathing rebuke that traitors ever merited.

But, on the contrary, while the plutocratic republicans must succeed in instituting a government akin to a Neapoleonic empire or perish in the effort—perish they must and perish they will.

What, now, is to be the future of the democratic republicans?

The people's party or the populists are properly to be designated the socialistic republicans, since their ends, aims and purposes tend towards governmental paternalism and community annihilation—the mergure of all important enterprises into the hands of the government—the extirpation of all personal individuality and the substitution therefor of the the congregated mass. What is to be the effect on democratic republicanisms of such an organization? Will the lapse of time and the mutations of fortune tend to efface from the records of the nation the principles of democratic republicanism as it appears to have done plutocratic republicanism and establish in their stead the socialistic republicans of which the populists are the type? Recent elections demonstrate that plutocracy cannot live. It may be allied with monarchy, but never, for a great while, with anything republican in character or sympathy; the terms are antagonistic—directly at enmity—and are as utterly unassimilable as would be the fountains of heaven with the dunnest smoke of hell. The contest, therefore, must in the future be waged along the line of democratic republicanism, which holds to the idea that nothing shall be done to annihilate the individual, and socialistic republicanism which strongly maintains that the ends of liberty are best subserved by the mergure of the individual into the congregated mass. Which, the voter in after years must determine, is the most conducive to liberty and contentment—which will best promote the welfare of the republic?

As plutocratic republicanism has been annihilated, so socialistic republicanism can never control the destinies of the country.

As long as individuality is prized, that is, as long as men have aspirations and energy, just that long will men seek to excel.

Without this stimulus there would be little or perhaps no progress in the world. If all of the greatest enterprises were merged into the government, then each man would in effect be laboring for every other man as much as for himself. The usufruct of labor would be congregated for the purpose of being subsequently distributed or reparated, and, to be just, an equal distribution would presuppose an equal contribution, which latter, by reason of the varying and diversified abilities and aspirations of men, is impossible. Therefore, equal distribution, which socialistic republicanism advocates, is radically unjust and superbly ridiculous.

Any approach to the condition differs only in degree from the abstract enormity.

Advocates of this system appear utterly oblivious of the fact that the state is not and cannot be a thing above and apart from themselves. What is the state? Surely a creation of the individuals having no just powers except such as are derived from the consent of the governed. What is gained, therefore, in contributing to the state the usufruct of labor, except that socialistic demand that there shall be an equal divide, which is unjust from the natural status of man to the world, since all cannot contribute equally to the demands of society, even though such was the sole object, aim and purpose of every civilized man? The future political discussions of America, and perhaps of the world, will, or at least should be, confined to the question: How can genuine democratic republicanism avoid the autocracy and centralization of plutocracy, and the equally unjust distribution of socialistic republicanism?

The populists having demonstrated that they are a factor in the politics of the country and that their socialistic republicanism is gaining some hold, demand from the press and the people further consideration than has heretofore been given, and the principles they have enunciated should be rigidly scrutinized and weighed for the reason that they may yet become the arbitors of our destinies. Be their tenacity what it may, be the popular aversion to innovation however great, yet plutocratic republicanism with all its standard protective heresies and favoritisms is dead. Not again on similar lines will a national campaign be fought in this country. The plutocrats must go on speedily, advocate open anti-republicanism, and it is not improbable that concentrated wealth may yet seek by the power of its cohesiveness to establish some system akin to a monarchy. It is by no means certain, either, that this tendency is not preferable to socialistic republicanism as advocated by the populists. At any rate these questions must inevitably arise in future political controversy, and by reason of their drastic effect of either on society as now constituted, much interest will attach to subsequent campaigns. More anon. W.

Instead of trifling with a bad cold use Dr. D. Jayne's Expectorant, which will loosen the phlegm, subdue inflammation, and certainly save your lungs and throat much dangerous wear and tear.

U. S. PRISONERS.

Six in Jail—One Wanted in Michigan.

Six prisoners now lie in the county jail awaiting trial next month. One of them, Joe Croner, was tried before, for robbing the mail, and the jury disagreed. A man named Lester is also under arrest for robbing the postoffice and John G. Thompson for filching from the mails. The other three are charged with attempting to pass counterfeit money. Two of them are the boys Morgan and Taylor; the other is William George. Two others mixed up in the shoving of "queer" are out on bail. They are Remus Corder and Fred Eggleston.

A requisition arrived to-day for George as a witness in the trial of George Benzinger, at Grand Rapids, also a charge of passing bogus money, and as George came from Michigan and was mixed up in similar transactions there, the chances are that he knows something about Benzinger. He will probably go on Monday, in charge of a deputy United States marshal.

TOLEDO SEWERS.

An Inquiry From Baltimore Regarding Them

Mayor Emmick this morning received a communication from Arthur Stewart, of Baltimore, which city is about to undertake the problem of sewering the city. The latter asks what system is employed here, for such information as is possible with reference to its details and whether it is combined or separate; what disposition is made of sewage, the system of disposal and its practical results; if the sewers have been constructed by municipal authority, how the money was raised, or if by a private corporation under what kind of charter and at what cost? A request for a division of the cost, if possible, between that for storm water sewers and separate sewage sewers; for the name of the engineer of the system, and for any publications made relative to the system and its results.

SETTLED WEATHER.

The Storm Was General—Warmest at Helena.

"The weather conditions," said Observer Hanner, "are somewhat more settled to-day. The storm has moved off to the northeastern portion of the country, decreased in energy, and the winds have decreased in force. With the exception of rain and snow over the lake region, northeastern portion of the country and the extreme northwest, the weather is fair. It is clearing over the lake region, except very light flurries of snow, which will not amount to much. The temperature dropped to 28 degrees this morning. The weather will continue cold till to-morrow, then begin to warm up again.

"A strange thing is, that except at Galveston, Texas, Helena, Montana, reports the highest temperature, 50 degrees. This is warmer than at New Orleans or Jacksonville, or any other point north. There is a storm area advancing there with southerly winds.

"The late storm, with the exception of a little streak along the Gulf of Mexico, affected the entire territory east of the Rocky mountains."

UNDER THE CARS.

Forest, O., Nov. 19.—(Special)—John Drummond, a wealthy farmer, was run down yesterday afternoon on the Pittsburg, Ft. Wayne & Chicago railway and had his right leg severed from the body. He will probably die.

In Iceland, codfish beaten to a powder are used as bread.

The fashion of serving the fish before meats began in 1562.

LATE ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED TO BUY—FOR CASH IN GOOD location, stock of hardware or notions, worth $4,000 to $5,000. S. G. Van Buren, 3 Law Building.

WANTED—A YOUNG MARRIED COUPLE or single lady to room and board at 2230 Maplewood ave. p

WANTED—POSITION AS CLERK OR salesman through the holidays. Address K 14, Bee office. 19nov2p

LATE ADVERTISEMENTS.

HOUSEKEEPERS WILL PLEASE ORDER Imperial Mills "Best" Flour—all first-class grocers sell it. It is rich and strictly pure. Depp & Rancamp, wholesale and retail dealers in flour and feed, 719 Adams street, opposite court house. p

FOR SALE—GOOD BARGAINS IN FARM and City Property. $3,000—439 Dorr street, 10 rooms, both gases, well, cistern and good barn, worth $3,500; $2,000—Dorr street, near Lawrence avenue, 9 rooms, gas, well, cistern and large barn; $1,100—Chase street, near Galena, 6 rooms, gas, etc.; $1,150—Chicago street, near Chase, 6 rooms, gas, etc.; for rent—439 Dorr street, 10 rooms, modern improvements, $20. E. M. Beard, 21 Drummond Block, Madison street. 19nov2

GIRL WANTED—CALL AT DR. BODMAN'S, corner Jefferson and 22d streets; good wages paid. 19nov3p

WANTED—AT HOTEL MADISON, SIX colored waiters. 19nov3

CISTERNS AT LOW PRICES; WASHING Machines $3.50. C. H. Atkinson, 448 Euclid avenue, East Toledo. 19nov6p

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Call at 227 12th street. p

WANTED—WORK OF ANY KIND BY A young married man. Address G. C., Bee office. p

EXCHANGE—NICE RESIDENCE NEAR Dayton Elevator, East Side, for dwelling in Lower Town. J. A. Corbusier, 411 Madison street. p

FOR SALE—CHOICE RESIDENCE LOTS in Goodman's Addition at the junction of Monroe and Bancroft streets; brick dwelling on 11th street; brick dwelling on Locust street; frame on Wabash, near Superior, $1,100; lots on Lagrange; lots on Summit; large frame dwelling, East Toledo. J. A. Corbusier, 411 Madison. p

FOR SALE—5 ROOM COTTAGES NEAR Western avenue, electric light and cars, natural gas, good neighborhood, rents well; cheap at $800; will take less if sold soon. Corkery Bros., 4 Durst Block, Adams street. 19nov2p

FOR RENT—THE ENTIRE FLOOR over Cawood's Jewelry Store, just the place for a real estate office or some light business. Enquire Cawood, Jeweler. p

REWARD—THE PERSON THAT HAS my watch and chain will receive a liberal reward and no questions asked if left at 403 Adams street, or correspond with the same number, as it was highly prized as the gift from a dead brother. p

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST RESTAURANT boarding house in the city for accommodation is the Park Dining Hall, 721 Adams street, opposite Court House. E. D. Roor, Prop. p

WANTED—A LADY FOR A POSITION in the city; good salary paid; a widow or a young married lady preferred. Address in own handwriting and enclose stamp for a reply, K. 22, Bee office.

WANTED—AFTER JAN. 1ST, STORE room of moderate size, centrally located and well lighted; answer at once and state rent; will take long lease. "Merchant," care Bee office. p

WANTED—SMALL RANGE AND SOME carpet; both must be in prime condition; state condition, length of time used and price. Address Furnished, care Bee. p

AUCTION—TWO ELEGANT PIANOS, 6 stoves, 6 bed room suits and bedding, 20 carpets, folding bed, etc. Market Space, Sat. Nov. 26th, 10 a. m. W. G. Alexander, Auct. 19nov6

GUITAR AND BANJO TEACHER—MRS. R. Thompson, 1849 Erie street, between Ash and Buckeye streets. 19nov6p

ORGAN AND STOOL IN PERFECT ORDER, good as new; will trade for bicycle, low wheel. Call at 607 Cherry street, Eppstein Block, Room 1. p

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN—THREE acres of ground, including house, etc., in Wauseon, Fulton county, O. For further particulars inquire of Aaron Chesbrough, care Chesbrough Bros., corner Oak and Water street, Toledo, O. 19nov6p

BEAUTIFUL RESIDENCE FOR SALE—F. J. Reynolds, Esq., authorizes us to offer his beautiful residence on Madison street, corner 21st. He desires to sell before the completion of his new one on Collingwood avenue. It is complete in every respect and no expense has been spared in making the interior perfect, so far as modern improvements are concerned. An unusual opportunity is here offered and permission to inspect can be obtained from us on short notice. Geo. E. Pomeroy & Son. 19nov8

DISHES
and
LAMPS
Of Every Description
—AT—
H. SCHAEFER & CO
204 Summit Street.

PIANOS AND ORGANS
D. H. BALDWIN & CO.
HAVE REMOVED TO 603 ADAMS STREET,
FIRST DOOR FROM HURON STREET.
COME AND SEE US FOR BARGAINS

WITH REMARKABLE RAPIDITY!
OUR SPECIAL SALE OF SUITS AND OVERCOATS IS PROGRESSING.

Double Breasted Suits, new goods, all wool, worth $12, $15 and $18.

CHOICE $10 CHOICE $100

☐Kersey Overcoats, Single and Double Breasted, all shades, equally valuble.

CHOICE—$10.00—CHOICE!

These goods were purchased recently in New York at a large discount, to close, for cash, and are great bargains. See them before you buy.

THE MODEL CLOTHING HOUSE, 201, 203, 205 SUMMIT ST. CORNER JEFFERSON.
NELLIS & HATTENBACH, Proprietors.

HER SECRET.

Wonderful Complexion Which No One Could Explain.

All Women Were Envious of Her for Many Years.

Now They Know All About It and Follow Her Example.

A lady well known in our social circles has for years been at once the envy and admiration of all the ladies hereabouts, on account of the wonderful preservation of her health and beauty, and particularly because of her clear and dazzling complexion.

She has been many times urged by her acquaintances and friends to disclose the secret of her marvellously youthful appearance. Last evening she grew confidential to a little knot of friends, among whom the writer was present, and her secret is now a secret no longer.

"Why, it is really no secret at all," she said, "A perfect complexion depends upon just two things, strong nerves and a good digestion.

"Most women are excessively nervous, weak and languid, and as a result their complexions are sallow and their faces pinched, drawn and wrinkled. Female difficulties always aggravate the trouble. Few women have perfect digestion. Now obviously, if women wish sound health and good complexions they must get their nerves strong, their digestion good and have no female weakness. Disorders of the stomach and liver, with the consequent clogging of the system, is very trying to the complexion. The best thing in the world to overcome these difficulties is Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy for it is a wonderful strengthener of weak nerves, and gives a vigorous appetite and perfect digestion. It should be used by every woman who is at all weak or run down. Besides, it is a vegetable remedy, pure and harmless."

Mrs. Mary Frances Lytle.

The above is borne out by another no less popular lady, Mrs. Mary Frances Lytle, who resides at 2 Hunger Alley, Rochester, N. Y. In speaking upon the same subject she said:

"I was very pale and delicate and had no color whatever. I also had a very bad leucorrhoea all the time and suffered great pains at my periods.

"I am now all well thanks to Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. My face is plump and cheeks red, and my complexion pure.

"When I began the use of this most excellent remedy, I only weighed 81 pounds, now I weigh 115 pounds and am still gaining. Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy is a wonderful medicine. I have not had any trouble since I began taking it."

This great remedy is the discovery of the eminent and well known physician, Dr. Greene, of 35 W. 14th street, New York. He gives consultation to all free of charge, and those who cannot visit him at his office, are privileged to write him all about their case and thus get his advice by mail free.

It is certainly advisable for all to use his remarkable remedy, which can be procured at any drug store.

Another Invoice Received!

—OF—

SURAHS!

IN ALL SHADES.

Just the thing for Fancy Work, which will be sold for 25c per yard.

. . . OUR . . .

Dress Goods Department

Is loaded with all the latest styles in the market.

. . . OUR . . .

Furnishing Department.

If you are in need of anything in this line it will pay you to give us a call.

L. E. FLORY & CO.

East Side.

You Are Always Sure of Getting

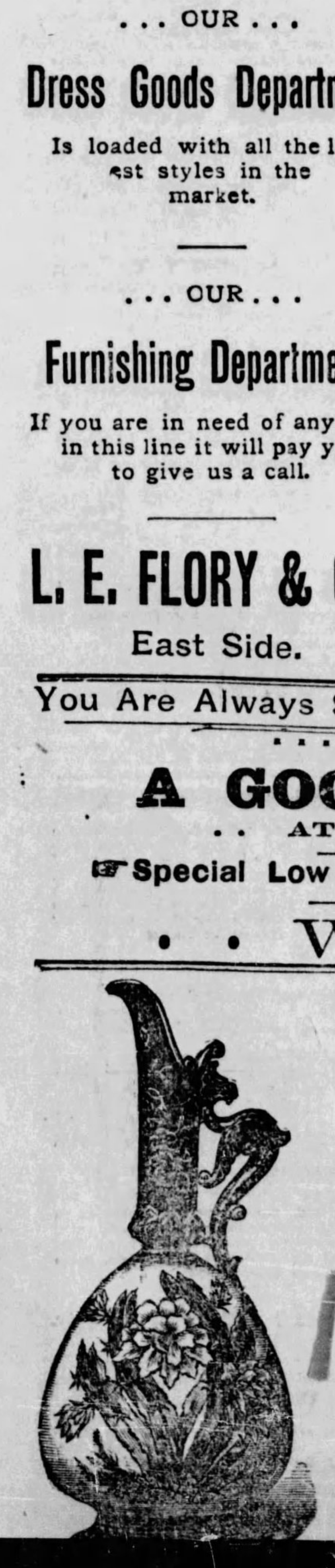
. . . .

A GOOD CIGAR!

. . AT MY STORE . . .

☞Special Low Price for Box Trade.☜

. . W. K. WEST



Royal Blue

DINNER WARE

in Porcelain, . . .

in French China. . .

LOOK TO US FOR NEW GOODS.

The Hassenzahl Crockery Co

ALL OVER THE CITY.

Minor Notes of Interest in the Local News Line,

Gathered by the Bee's Corps of Hustlers,

And Put in Shape for Perusal by People Who Are Pressed for Time—Happenings of the Day in a Nutshell.

Hoofland's Bitters give strength.

Frog legs at Just's, 622 Adams.

The Y. M. C. A. week of prayer closes this evening.

Harry B. White lectures in Canton this evening on temperance.

The Stonecutters' union took in four new members at its last meeting.

Mr. Richard Waite went to Mossy Creek, Tenn., with the remains of the late Wm. Sizer.

Toledo Laundry Co. employs only the best help and turns out the finest work. 'Phone 438.

Miss Anna Vetter and Miss Rosa Meinig have gone to Adrian, Mich., to visit the perents of Miss Vetter.

Opens to-night; the elegant Sample Room of the Normandie Hotel, R. A. Just, Prop., corner Superior and Oak.

A new "notion" is a pencil in the shape of a long screw, the lead being projected at the point by turning the head.

The young people's class of Rev. Dr. Jenning's Sunday school were entertained Wednesday evening by Mrs. R. L. Segur.

Toledo Council of the Royal Arcannum has issued handsome programs for its complimentary concert next Tuesday evening.

The alumni meeting of the Froebel kindergarten graduates, occurs December 1, in the Law kindergarten parlors, Tenth street.

The officers of Toledo Commandery Knights Templar were installed last evening, after which an hour was spent in the banquet room.

The Inter-State Building, Loan and Savings company have obtained incorporation papers to increase its capital stock from $100,000 to $500,000.

Sunday service Y. W. C. A., 620 Madison. Praise service, 5 o'clock, Miss Lucy Veysey; Psalm 103. All young women are most cordially invited.

Harry Cotter, of this city, has been appointed as the representative of the grand lodge of Delaware to the grand lodge of Ohio Masons.

No well regulated household should be without Angostura Bitters, the celebrated appetizer. Manufactured by Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons. Ask your druggist.

The Maumee Equality club not being able to secure a hall last week, postponed its meeting to next Tuesday, when Mrs. E. S. Fray will address the club upon the enfranchisement of women.

There will be a raffle for a crocheted shawl Thanksgiving eve., at the corner of Hawley street and Western avenue, to aid two deserving ladies in procuring the comforts of life for the winter.

Carrie Lane Chapman, who lectures at Memorial annex on the 30th, under auspices of the Political Equality club, has never appeared before a Toledo audience, and is said to be a brilliant speaker.

The congregations of St. Paul's and St. John's M. E. churches will unite in Thanksgiving services at St. Paul's church at 10:30 Thursday morning. Rev. Dr. Fish will deliver the sermon.

Dr. E. Shrieber announced in his Temple last evening that there would be Thanksgiving services at the Temple at 10:30 o'clock, Thursday morning. A cordial invitation is extended to all to be present.

Mr. Adolph Georgi, a prominent music teacher of East Toledo, purchased a beautiful Vose & Sons piano of J. W. Greene & Co., the past week. Musicians are becoming very partial to the Vose & Sons piano.

The Toledo Ramabai circle has been receiving very cheering news from the school for child widows it aids in supporting at Povna, India. The school is prosperous and is creating a revolution in social thought in favor of these abused maltreated little girls.

Considerable opposition from Madison and Michigan street property holders is being manifested against the proposed parks in rear of Memorial hall. Several owners are contemplating the erection of dwelling block from Michigan through to Ontario, and will oppose all condemnation proceedings.

Dr. Bodman has removed to the corner of Jefferson and Twenty-second streets, telephone No. 583. Hours at residence, until 9:30 a. m.; from 1 to 2 p. m., and 6 to 7:30 evenings. Message can be telephoned from Emery & Knee's drug store. Hours at office San Fleet block, corner Cherry and Erie street, from 4 to 6 p. m.

Mrs. Annie Besant, who lectures at Memorial annex, December 6th, is attracting large audiences in all parts of the world wherever she expounds the teachings of Theosophy. Strongly impressed with the idea of universal freedom and a pioneer advocate of woman's rights, her eloquence and earnestness in defining Theosophy as the medium for a rearrangement of social order is arousing the deep thought of reflective minds.

The Colloquial club holds its regular meeting next Friday at 3:30 o'clock, at the home of Mrs. R. L. Segur, 916 Broadway. In her absence from the city, Mrs. Dan Segur and Mrs. E. S. Fray will entertain the re-union. Mrs. Judge Howe will preside. The program will consist of discussions on the questions, "How Did the Columbian Celebration Benefit Toledo," and "It is Beneficial for Married Women to Earn Money for the Support of the Family."

The vibratory philosophy and its known effects was the subject of the readings of the Theosophical club at its meeting Thursday with Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Wheeler. The article, "Faith of Science," the "Dawn of a New Order of Things, All for Each and Each for All," compiled by Mrs. Bloomfield Moore, and published in Theosophical Siftings, embraced valuable thought upon Mr. Keely's researches touching the laws that control vibrations, and elicited reflective discussions from the interested circle. Captain C. T. Bateman was reader. There will be no meeting of this club Tanksgiving evening.

The Baker-Jamison nuptials will occur during the holidays.

The Bower impeachment case will be taken up for hearing next Tuesday morning in probate court.

Miss Gertrude Shetle-Roe entertained very nicely a party of her friends at her home last evening, including Miss Blanch Ludington, Bessie Conliss, Lillie Ludington, Nellie Garner, Al Bixley, Fred Johnson, O. Dority and Will Stalker. Refreshments were served and all had a good time.

The Gard Island Ice Co.

The Gard Island Ice company has been re-organized with a capital stock of $100,000. J. B. Thomas, of the Elevator Ice and coal company, is one of the chief stockholders.

Y. P. S. C. E.

The Christian Endeavorers of the city will unite in a sunrise prayer meeting at 6:30 o'clock Thanksgiving morning. The service will be held in the First Congregational church and Gospel Hymns No. 5 used.

Miss Andrews Fined.

This morning Mrs. Andrews, who was found guilty by a jury of keeping a house of assignation at the corner of Oak and Huron streets, was fined $75 and costs and $20 days in the workhouse. The case will probably be carried up.

Will Give an Entertainment.

The department of social work of the Toledo Epworth League union is arranging to give a musical and literary entertainment at St. Paul's M. E. church on Friday evening, December 9. A splendid program is being arranged. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

Morgan's Misery.

Charles G. Morgan, the lad who jumped his bail, after arrest on a charge of trying to pass a bogus $10 silver certificate, and who was re-arrested, remains in jail. United States Commissioner Beckham, yesterday, placed the bail at $,000, and, in default thereof, Morgan accompanied his "pal," Taylor, back to the county boarding house. Their case will come up next month in the United States court.

Building Permits.

Nathan Reuben has obtained a permit to build a $1,400 brick business building on lot 189, Woodruff's addition, fronting Canton avenue; O. Habersock one for a $700 frame dwelling on lot 97, extension of Rowsey's division, fronting Peck street; and Judd Richardson one for a frame barn, to cost about $150, on lot 74, Walton Bros.' addition, fronting Melrose street.

More Lima Litigation.

United States Judge Ricks has granted an application of B. C. Gaurot for the use of papers now in the hands of the receiver of the Lima National bank in the case of Faurot against Hylas Sabine and others, set for hearing in Allen county common pleas court on November 22.

The claim of Henry A. Moore against the Columbus, Lima & Milwaukee Railway company was filed in the United States court this morning. It is for $155, alleged due for services in procuring right of way.

A Literary Soldier.

Lieutenant Partello, who has charge of the United States recruiting rendezvous in this city, is eligible to membership in the Press club. He is a regular contributor to various publications. In a late issue of the Philadelphia Record he had a frontier sketch entitled, "The Haunt of the Crags," and in the Times, of the same city, a paper on "The Bird of Freedom," the American eagle. He also writes for juvenile publications, and Golden Days recently had one of his papers on the Wish-ton-wish. He is quite a student of natural history, and a work of his on the Natural History of the United States will shortly be published at Leipsic, Germany.

The Country Is Saved

The middle class of the High school, or rather the Websters of '94, had their debating session yesterday afternoon at the close of school. The subject under discussion was "Will America fall like other countries of antiquity?" Dave Smith, supported by Belle Bentley, took the affirmative side, and Carl Spitzer and Frank Suydam the negative. The arguments are said to have been out of sight, but fortunately Uncle Sam's destiny is to be prolonged, as the judges, Dr. Stubbs, Gertrude Bateman and Wm. Koch, decided with the negative side. It was a narrow escape, however.

Salvation Army Notes.

"Saved Drunkards'" meeting to-night in the hall, 724 Oak street. Sunday at 3 p. m. more recruits will be enrolled as soldiers, and at 8 p. m. Capt. Henry Pollny will speak on the subject of "Sowing and Reaping."

Thanksgiving evening there will be a "Singing Battle," where there will be 81 songs sung without stopping. There will be music of drum and tambourine, cornets, concertina and piano; also songs, choruses and duets, etc. No speaking in the meeting at all. This is a new thing in the Salvation Army.

A "Hallelujah Wedding" is announced for Thursday, December 1, in Memorial hall, Major and Mrs. Cozens to lead the ceremony.

The Hopeful Reading Club.

A number of very bright young misses of Englewood met with Miss Ruthie Parks last evening and organized a "Hopeful Reading club." Miss Emma Ellis was elected president; Miss Ruth Parks vice president, and Miss Neva Tuell secretary. It was decided to meet every Friday evening from 7:30 to 8:45 o'clock. It was agreed to read Washington Irving's "Rip Van Winkle," Neva Tuell reading the first half hour and Helen Suydam the second. The meetings will be held for the present at the home of Mr. and Mrs. L. K. Parks. The members enrolled are the Misses Emma Ellis, Ruth Parks, Daisy Tuell, Ruth Ellis, Helen Suydam, Neva Tuell, Edith Emrick and Grace Bishop. The Bee wishes this new club success.

The City's Salaries.

Some of the city employes have been agitated by a fear that the lack of a three-fourths attendance of members of the city council may prevent the passage of the ordinance providing money for the payment of salaries. The custom has been to pass the ordinance the same night it was introduced, by suspension of the rule that requires separate readings on separate nights. It requires a three-fourths vote to suspend the rules; but there is an easy way out of the difficulty.

The city solicitor, when asked about the matter this morning, said: "If there are enough members to make a quorum the ordinance can be read the first time. At another meeting it can be read a second time; and at a third meeting the third time and passed. A special meeting can be called for the second reading and another for the third reading and passage."

The Schubert Club.

Some of the finest musicians in the city will meet next Monday evening, November 21, at the studios of Mr. Elvin Singer for the purpose of organizing a Schubert club. The music, however, will not be confined to any one composer.

Mr. Elvin Singer, Miss Nellie Cook and Miss Anna Beran are the founders of the club, and with such competent artists at the head of the enterprise it cannot fail to be a success.

The object of the Schubert club is to promote the cultivation and growth of the divine art in Toledo, and to bring together in closer companionship and more harmonious action Toledo's best musicians.

Two meetings each month, upon Monday evenings, will be held, when interesting programs of both vocal and instrumental music will be rendered in turn by the active members of the club.

Honorary members will be admitted to enjoy all of the advantages and privileges of the Schubert club as soon as it is fairly organized and financial details have been satisfactorily arranged.

Club rooms will eventually be secured and made as attractive as possible, with musical journals, portraits of great composers, a musical library, etc.

In the meantime Mr. Singer has placed his studios at the disposal of the club, where the first few meetings will be held.

So worthy an enterprise, in which the best artists are interested, and having aims of so lofty and elevated a character, must meet with the approval and support of all music lovers in Toledo.

WEAK LUNGS

And Chronic Throat Diseases

Treated With Great Success by the Latest Scientific Process of "Dry Inhalation" With Rare Constitutional Remedies.

This is the season of the year when weak lungs and chronic throat troubles are likely to develop dangerous symptoms unless promptly and properly treated. The most successful treatment that has yet been discovered for these stubborn and dangerous maladies is the latest scientific process of "DRY INHALATION," taken in connection with a constitutional treatment, with certain FRESH VEGETABLE JUICES.

The "DRY INHALATION" process serves to heal the inflamed and diseased parts by means of breathing in pure dry medicated air, thoroughly impregnated with the most soothing and healing remedies. As this air is perfectly dry and free from alcohol there is no counter irritation which has heretofore seriously interfered with the complete success of the old wet air inhalation process. The constitutional treatment by means of FRESH VEGETABLE JUICES serves to revitalize the blood and so invigorate the weak and diseased parts that the throat or lung ailment disappears when the diseased surfaces are once healed by the "DRY INHALATION" process.

The scientific treatment described above is not only a specific for throat and lung diseases, but also for the dread disease called catarrh, which is a disease of the mucous membrane, brought about by causes similar to those which produce chronic throat ailments, and frequently pulmonary troubles. This remarkably successful method of treating all throat, lung, nose and head diseases by DRY INHALATION and a constitutional treatment with FRESH VEGETABLE JUICES, is being practiced by Dr. Kalkhoff with wonderful success at his extensive medical institution, 505, 507 and 509 Summit street, between Oak and Orange streets, Toledo, Ohio. These and other advanced, but common sense methods of treatment are all thoroughly explained in the wonderful medical book called "The Safeguards of Life." A free copy of this book will be given to callers at Dr. Kalkhoff's offices, or sent free on receipt of six cents in stamps to pay postage on books. Call on or address Dr. Kalkhoff, 505, 507 and 509 Summit street, Toledo, Ohio.

Fined a Dollar.

In criminal court to-day Richard Murphy pleaded guilty to the charge of assault and battery and was fined $1 and costs. It seems that Murphy figured in a saloon fight; was assaulted, and in defending himself stabbed another man. He was the most injured.

The Froebel Society.

The educational philosophy of the eminent German thinker, who advocated teaching without raw hide or whipping, is becoming very popular among the world's reflective people. Toledo, always in advance, has now a Froebel society, which holds semi-monthly meetings in the Kindergarten of the Misses Law, and to which mothers and those who desire acquaintance with the natural method of teaching are cordially invited. The organization is an outgrowth of the Law Kindergarten Training school, and is officered as follows: President, Miss Mary E. Law; vice-president, Miss Alida Chapin; secretary, Miss Louise Claflin; treasurer, Miss Emma Law; librarian, Miss Jennie Corlett.

News From the Y. W. C. A.

The class in dressmaking, under the direction of Miss Margaret Packer, started out last evening with an attendance of 25.

The fancy work class, with Mrs. Volney Rhines as teacher, numbered 10 last night, and the plain sewing class, under Mrs. Jennie Currie, starts off briskly, too. The rates for these classes are: To members of the association, $1 for 20 lessons; to non-members of the association, $2 for 20 lessons.

Any young woman wishing to avail herself of these splendid opportunities, can enter them yet. The dressmaking and fancy work classes will meet regularly on Monday nights, and the plain sewing on Friday nights.

The praise service next Sunday at 5 o'clock will be led by Miss Lucy Veysey. There will be special singing. You are welcome, young woman.

Miss Minnie B. Smith, the assistant secretary, will attend the Lucas County Sunday School convention at Waterville to tell of the mutual helpfulness of the Young Woman's Christian assocation and the church.

The Noon Rest is constantly becoming more popular. The young ladies do enjoy having such a nice place to sit and rest a few moments during their noon hour, as well as the getting such a good dinner so cheap.

So simple yet always efficacious in all bilious disorders is Simmon's Liver Regulator.

Don't Wait

Until you see OUR Cloaks on everybody in the city before buying.

Sanborn & Company,

403 Adams street.

Only a block from Summit.

Fur Robes. Great variety and low prices at Alaska Fur House.

Fur Muffs. By the car load, which we will retail at wholesale prices.

ALASKA FUR HOUSE.

A SANHEDRIM.

The Mayor Calls a Council of Seventy.

A number of citizens last night and this morning received an invitation from Mayor Emmick to attend a meeting at his office on Tuesday evening, November 22, "to consider the question of a change in our municipal government."

The mayor when seen this morning inregard to it, said: "I called the people here to talk the matter over, and see what's best to do; and then through these gentlemen that can ehere I would like to have ageneral meeting called for everybody to express themselves. It's a matter that concerns everybody.

"I have sent out about 70 cards. I hope they will all come. I thought it would be a good thing to make a start in this manner."

Do not despair of curing your sick headache when you can so easily obtain Carter's Little Liver Pills. They will effect a prompt and permanent cure. Their action is mild and natural.

LATEST ARE IN.

Novelties in Overcoatings, Mount Nacks. Fur Beavers, Chinchillas, French and English Kerseys most suitable for box coats, made up in artistic styles at popular prices.

JOE HUBER.

The Children

Know that

Sanborn's

Is the place to buy a Cloak. Store at 403 Adams St., only a block from Summit St.

A new lot of fine suitings and Overcoatings at popular prices. Inspect them before buying elsewhere.

JOHN DAIBER.

NEW MANAGEMENT.

The old reliable restaurant at 403 Monroe street is now and will be in the future conducted under the management of Mr. M. B. Madden, who will leave no stone unturned that will further the interests of his business. Mr. Madden, during the past seven years, carried on business in Terre Haute, Ind., where he was a prominent figure in political circles.

"Where Am I At?"

Sanborn's

Cloak Store, 403 Adams St., of course. Just a block from Summit street.

UMBRELLAS
CANES
GLOVES
FANS

For Holiday Gifts—the largest and finest stock to select from in the city. Teipel's Umbrella, Glove and Fan House, 337 Summit St.

BURIAL NOTICE.

The remains of Nellie Heffron will be taken from the vault and interred in Calvary cemetery next Monday at 2 p. m.

THE RECEPTION.

Given at the Pythian Castle Last Night for Zoe Moore

Pythian Castle was ablaze with splendor last evening, occasioned by the formal introduction of one of Toledo's charming daughters, Miss Zoe Moore, into society's realms. Gorgeous costumes, beautiful decorations and the presence of many of Toledo's charming society people, made the scene complete. Punch bowls and lemonade bowls were here and there and proved refreshing. The decorations by Mrs. Suder were artistic, being palms and chrysanthemums principally.

The guests were received by Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Moore, Miss Zoe Moore, Miss Culver of Duluth, Miss Edna Rowland, Miss Francis Smith, Miss Watson and Mr. and Mrs. C. Bond Lloyd.

Miss Moore was a picture in white gauze; Mrs. Moore wore a handsome dark red watered silk, trimmed in velvet and point lace; Miss Culver was pretty in white silk, made empire; Miss Edna Rowland looked lovely in white silk; Miss Frances Smith wore a dainty white gauze; Miss Watson, a handsome white silk, and Mrs. Lloyd a beautiful pink gauze. After the reception, which lasted until 10 o'clock, a merry dance was enjoyed. Young and old alike joined in the grand military quadrille, which made a beautiful sight. An elegant supper was sereved from 10 till 12. The occasion was a most successful social event. Miss Moore was the recipient of many beautiful flowers, the gifts of admiring friends.

Some of the guests were Mr. and Mrs. Fred Reynolds, Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Schenck, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Cheney, Mrs. Lawrence Newman, Mrs. John Kinnan, Mrs. Homer Yaryan, Miss Hines, Mr. and Mrs. Cornell Walbridge, Mr. and Mrs. Carleton Walbridge, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Ashley, Miss Maria Gosline, Miss Cousie Berdan, Miss Nellie Cook, Miss Minnie Walbridge, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Sinclairfi Miss Mott, Miss Beecher, Miss Carrie Morgan, Mr. and Mrs. Rowland, Mr. and Mrs. Franklin, Miss Franklin, Mr. and Mrs. A. Lee, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Pheatt, Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Milburn, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Scott, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Howard Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Reynolds, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Baker, the Misses Baker, Mrs. Will Baker, Miss Daisy Lorenz, the Misses Frost, Miss Lewis, Mr. and Mrs. Scribner, Mr. and Mrs. Doyle, the Misses Doyle, Mr. and Mrs. Jim Rundell, Mr. and Mrs. Marvin, and Messrs. Schippe, Singer, Dr. Sasse, Hubbard, Woodbury, George Mills, Rudolph Brand, Ed Ludlow, Newton and many others.

EAST SIDE INDUSTRY.

A Furniture Factory To Be Established

A movement is on foot to establish a furniture factory on the East Side.

One of the conditions is that East Side capitalists take $5,000 of stock.

SERIOUSLY INJURED.

Henry Somerfelt Struck by a Street Car.

This morning about 9:30 Henry Somerfelt, while driving a lumber wagon at the west end of the Cherry street bridge, was struck and seriously injured by an electric car. He drives for Barbour & Starr, and was walking close to the street car track when the car struck and threw him about 15 feet. Parks' ambulance was summoned and he was taken to his home, 1245 Vance street, where it was found that his back and head were badly injured.

No one knows better than those who have used Carter's Little Liver Pills what relief they have given when taken for dyspepsia, dizziness, pain in the side, constipation, and disordered stomach.

Excursion tickets to Whitmore and Hamburg Junct. Lakes and all other T., A. A. & N. M. Ry. stations at one fare for the round trip on Sunday trains.

We have a few more of those fine Alaska Seal Wraps. Come and see them at ALASKA FUR HOUSE.

Thanksgiving Excursions Over the Wheeling and Lake Erie Railway.

Conforming to customs of the past in the observance of Thanksgiving day, the Wheeling & Lake Erie railway fails not in showing its appreciation of the many favors extended by its patrons during the past year, and as an acknowledgment of the obligations resting upon it, offers to those desiring, the use of its road in traveling to and from their Thanksgiving feasts, Excursion Tickets at Half Rates, Wednesday and Thursday, November 23 and 24, with the privilege of returning as late as Friday, November 25, 1892.

All agents of this company are instructed to comply with this notice and cause all to feel that we respect the day, and forget not those seeking the way to join in its observance.

JAMES M. HALL,
General Passenger Agent.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

BARGAINS.

Dont miss your chance for one of those Elegant Dining Room Suits. Special Sale commencing Monday, November 14, at Waldvogel Bros.'

6 Chairs, 1 Side Board, 1 Extension Table $25.00

6 Chairs, 1 Side Board, 1 Extension Table $30.00

6 Chairs, 1 Side Board, 1 Extension Table $35.00

Solid Oak. Great bargains. 514 Summit street. 'Phone 8[illegible].

Have your Eyes examined at Bargman's

The Pabst Brewing Co.'s Milwaukee beer on draught at the Normandie Sample Room, corner Superior and Oak Sts.

R. A. JUST, Prop.

Buy Diamonds at Bargman's.

Do not fail to call at Bargman's and ask to be shown THE SUMATRA GEM, the nearest approach to a genuine DIAMOND.

Go to H. C. Frentz, 521 Jefferson St., and see the largest and finest lot of picture mouldings in the city. From now until Christmas you will save 30 per cent. by buying frames at FRENTZ'S.

Buy Gold Rings at Bargman's.

COME! COME!

Now is your time to save money. Goods at your own price. The fine line of Merchant Tailoring goods of the late Samuel Gitskey to be closed out. This sale will continue until January 1 only.

AMERICAN TAILORING CO.,
139 Summit St, City.

Buy Watches at Bargman's.

The sample room of the Normandie Hotel, corner Superior and Oak Sts., opens to-night.

R. A. JUST, Prop.

A NEW MUSIC STORE.

Is now being opened in the Cheney block on Adams street by Davis Bros. The firm will be known as Davis Bros.' Music Co., where will always be found a full line of first-class pianos and organs, which they purpose to sell low for cash and on easy terms if desired. Don't fail to call on them.

Buy Silverware at Bargman's.

GRAND OPENING.

John C. Oberle will open a first-class Saloon and Restaurant at 4132 Lagrange St., Tuesday, Nov. 22. Refreshments free. Good music will be in attendance and everybody welcome.

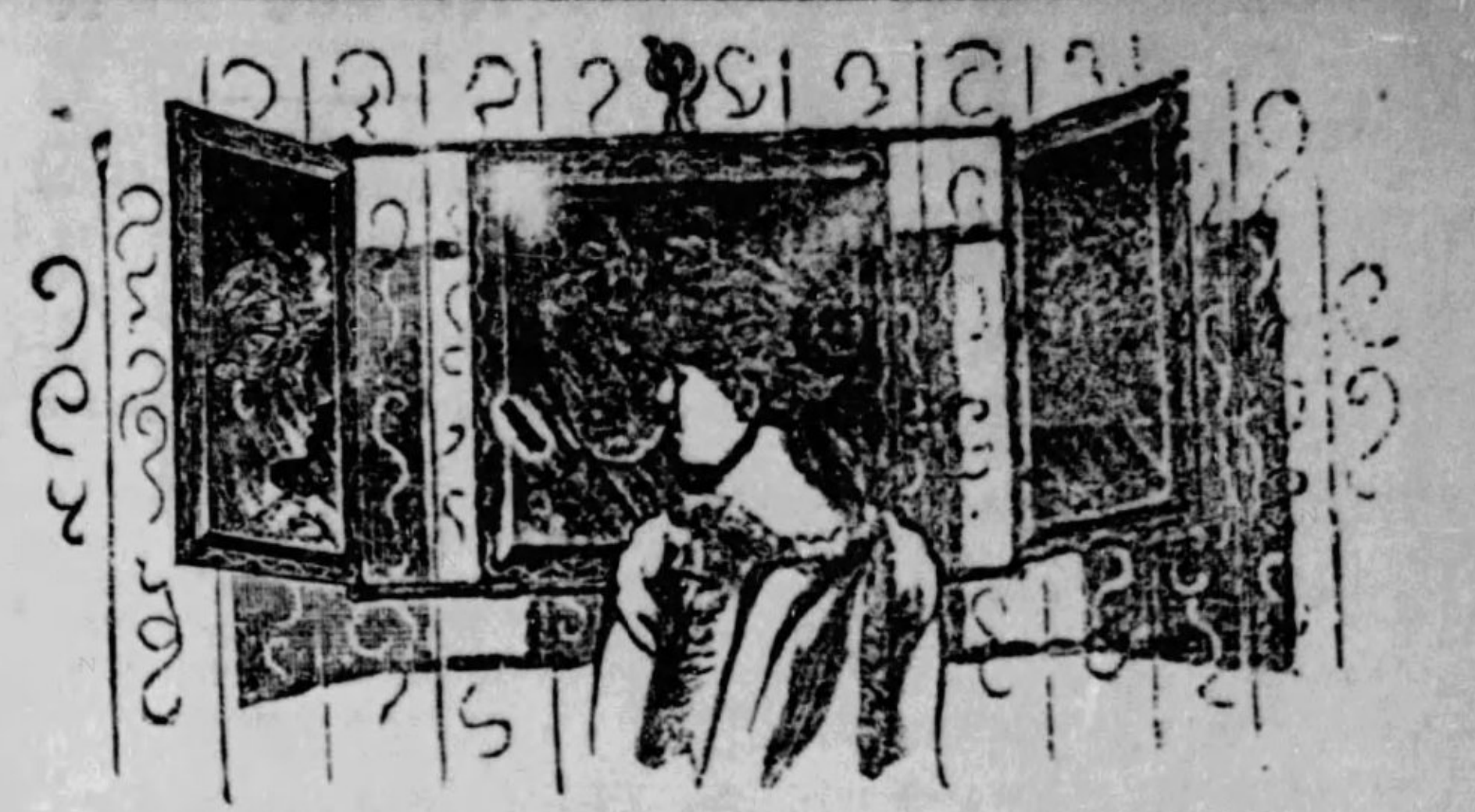
Buy Opera Glasses at Bargman's.

H. C. Frentz, 521 Jefferson st., makes and sells an imitation Oak Molding for 2 cents per foot. Advertisers and others will save imitation Oak Molding for 2 cents per foot. Advertisers and others will save money by getting their frames at his factory.

Buy Wedding Presents at Bargman's.

For an appetizing lunch and a glass of Pabst Brewing Co.'s Milwaukee Beer, visit R. A. Just at the Normandie Sample Room, corner Superior and Oak.

Buy Gold Spectacles at Bargman's.



NEW TRIPLICATE MIRRORS--JUST IN.

BRIGGS & LEIBIUS, 307 SUMMIT ST

Look Out!

For your health this weather.

- - - Wear - - -

CORK-SOLED ✱ SHOES!

Men's Cork Soles, Lace or Congress.

$3, $4, $5, $6.50.

Men's Enameled Leather Cork Soles, $7.

LADIES' CORK SOLES, $4 AND $5.

We've the largest and nicest stock of Shoes in Northwestern Ohio.

Reinhart & Murphy,

443 Summit Street, Near Oak.

STEINWAY, CHICKERING,

PIANOS Gildemeister & Kroeger Kurtzmann, Stuyvesant,

311 SUPERIOR ST. C. J. WOOLLEY & CO

Steadman **COLLEGE,**

CORNER

Summit and Adams Sts.,
Toledo, O.

TOLEDO'S BEST BUSINESS MEN PATRONIZE US

Almost exclusively. This is the school young men and women attend; children go elsewhere.

A. H. STEADMAN, Principal.

GET THE BEST.

In Buying do you try to get the best or the cheapest? If you want to be certain to get the best shoes, go where even a child can be sure to get the best to be found for the price paid. Reliability is one of the main attractions which calls people to us for their shoes. We think this is very important in any business and particularly in ours.

L. STRASBURGER,

341 SUMMIT STREET.

TOLEDO

Business

AND

Shorthand School.

516 Summit St.

PHONE 2[illegible].

ARITHMETIC!

IS THE BASIS OF A PRACTICAL BUSINESS EDUCATION. MR. DAVIS TEACHES THE SUBJECT IN BOTH THE DAY AND EVENING SESSIONS.

Toledo Business College

M. H. DAVIS, Prin.

"A Thing of Beauty is a Joy Forever." As in other things so in Footwear.

Our Line of

Fine Dress Shoes and Party Slippers

For Ladies', Misses' and Children's wear is the largest ever shown in Toledo. Call and see.

HILL BROTHERS, 333 SUPERIOR ST.

The Bee
BY THE TOLEDO BEE CO
THE DAILY BEE, Five Dollars a year, ten cents a week. Eight pages every day.
THE WEEKLY BEE, One Dollar a year, eight pages, eight columns each.
Home office in New Bee Building, 326 St. Clair street; New York Office, room 206, Potter Building, opposite postoffice.
Telephones, Editorial 355; Counting Room 102

Bring out your bugles to-night, boys, and whoop 'er up for Cleve and Steve.

Ex-Senator Ingalls is to take to the public platform. The Good Lord deliver us.

Jollifying will prevail over the state to-night, and Toledo will join the procession.

What a grand secretary of state John G. Carlisle, of Kentucky, would make. There would then be reciprocity with a vim.

The hope is expressed that all this effort to abolish the smoke nuisance will not end in smoke.

Memorial hall will be filled with enthusiastic democrats to-night. Go, reader, and add to the number.

Col. Waldorf says he is ready to step down and out when his turn comes. It is coming, colonel; it 's coming.

Another of Bok's interesting letters appears in this issue. It will be found to be up to the highest standard.

It now transpires when O'Donnell sold out to the republican party, he also sold out his friends at Homestead, Judas still lives.

An empty treasury will greet the democratic administration on its return to power. The Cleveland surplus has been effectually done away with.

The heirs of the deceased Barnum will contest his will. The great showman loved to gull the public, and how the lawyers will probably gull his heirs.

Owing to the quarantine restrictions the price of steerage passage has been increased 50 per cent.. This will help restrict immigration better than any other plan.

Representative Flickinger has declared in favor of the board of control for Toledo. This likely means that Representatives Griffin and Heller will have none of it.

Senator Sherman will have great relief after March 4. But think of the raft of unfulfilled obligations he and his friends will have on hand, with no provision wherewith to settle.

Incorporation papers continue to be filed with the secretary of state at Columbus. Instead of an era of depression, Ohio and the country is about to start on a career of prosperity.

It is already announced that the incoming congress will shelve the appropriation for the payment of federal election supervisors. The Force bill has been prematurely forced out of existence.

The proposition of a New York conductor that the 120,000 employes of New York railroads subscribe a dollar a month or $1,200,000 a year, to buy up the railroads and railroad stock, has caught the fancy of many labor unionists.

The Turkish war office has issued a decree prohibiting all officers under the rank of mayor from having more than one wife. In France it is proposed to levy a tax on bachelors with a view of encouraging the booming of the matrimonial market.

Gen. Grosvenor's opinion that the Ohio Australian ballot law is unconstitutional is a good deal like the most of the Athenian's talk, of very little value. The law has come to stay, and the republicans dare not repeal it.

A very likely story is going the rounds that Justice Field will resign to give President Harrison an opportunity to appoint a successor. The fact that Mr. Field is a democrat and would hardly be so accommodating to a republican administration does not have any weight with the writers on the subject.

Voters who happened to be born in a foreign clime cannot long remain unconvinced that the republican party thinks very little of them at any time, and much less when they do not vote with the organization. The democratic fold is the only one to which people of all classes should be attached.

The habitual criminal act was not passed upon by the supreme court this week on its merits. The case before the court was as to a prisoner who had served two terms prior to the passage of the law. The general provision that no legislation can be retroactive prevailed. The fellows who are unfortunate enough to secure three terms since 1883 will not get off so easily.

The country has again been treated to a sample of the republican idea of home rule. President Harrison has appointed Lewis McComas, secretary of the national campaign committee, to a purely local judgeship in Washington. McComas is a rejected Maryland congressman, and must have something to do at the public expense. Besides, it is a handy way to settle up campaign work.

Collector Waldorf made a speech at Columbus this week, in which he pleaded for the elimination of factionalism from the republican party in Ohio. The colonel's notion is probably for all factions but his own to be wiped out. Fortunately, the great body of voters signified their desire on the 8th to retire the whole party, and Col. Waldorf goes with the rest. He will have time on his hands to study the problem as to how his views can be carried into effect.

Is it not time to cease the use of the term "Future Great," which is so frequently applied to Toledo? This city has passed the stage of the cheap brag contained in such a title, which is misleading to the minds of strangers, inasmuch as it suggests some new boom town rather than an old, large and substantial city, already great, and certain to become greater. Her citizens can afford to speak of her present greatness with dignity, and should avoid the conveying of the thought that it is to come in the future, and has, therefore, not yet arrived.

THE MATTER OF BEER.

"People will buy what they can swallow," said a philosophic patent medicine man. The truth of this picture is proven by a special article on beer in this issue of the Bee. The facts therein contained are highly interesting, while the figures must be astonishing to anyone who has never known and considered them. The supply is no greater than the demand. Indeed, the demand so far outruns the supply that most of the beer sold is of the cheaper grades of "new beer," which has not been cellared long enough to allow it to properly ripen and clarify, so as to produce the genuine "lager." The people appear to want beer, and the demand is so great and so constant that the brewers are compelled to sell the great bulk of their output in an inferior condition, having found out that most of the thirsty are quite willing to drink it that way. Of course the brewer's profits are not quite so large on the "new beer" as they would be did he sell all his stock with the age on it; but as he nets more than 100 per cent. and turns his money over quicker, he can well afford to overlook that slight disadvantage, if the drinkers of beer can. In this matter of beer consumption, as in the government of the nation, the state and the municipality, the people rule. What they choose goes; and if they choose the worse part they are the sufferers. The question of temperance in drinking, as well as eating and sleeping, like those that enter more directly into the politics of the nation, is largely a question of education.

MAKE HASTE SLOWLY.

If the republican papers of the country, now howling for an extra session, dream that the incoming democratic administration is going to rush to its ruin by any instantaneous and radical revision of the existing tariff laws, they make a grievous mistake. That the McKinley bill will be repealed and that there will be a very considerable reduction of tariff duties is a foregone conclusion. The people of the country have declared that a reduction must be made, and their demand shall be recognized. The most radical of republican newspapers now admit the correctness of the democratic doctrine of tariff reform, and concede that on this issue, and on this alone, the party was overwhelmingly defeated at the recent election.

The democratic principles of tariff reform have been indorsed about as unanimously and as emphatically as could be desired, and far more so than was expected. It only remains for the democratic administration to execute the principles as enunciated in the Chicago platform.

This shall be done, but it should be done carefully and slowly. The broadest and best minds of the country will be engaged in the great work, and the people need have no fear but that the reform shall be worked wisely and well.

There is no especial reason for haste. It is true that the McKinley monstrosity deserves immediate attention, but the business inerests of the country will be subserved by such action as will best insure a steady and unwavering stock and money market. Capital is timid, and any sudden change, even when it is a conceded improvement on existing conditions, is often as detrimental as an actually injurious change.

Make haste slowly, therefore, should be the password of the new administration. It is evolution not revolution that is needed.

An extra session of congress undoubtedly will be called. It seems to be a necessity. If no extra session is called the congressmen just elected will not take their seats until December of 1893. It would be March or April before a tariff bill would be ready for introduction, and probably August or September before it received the signature of the president. A few months after the bill became a law the congressional election would be on us and the democratic party would naturally be fighting on the defensive, and much injury to the party might result.

An extra session need not precipitate any financial trouble, and no radical tariff reform bill be introduced or adopted.

THE NATIONAL PRESS.

It Is Not Democratic.

The only democratic paper in this country that conceded Harrison's election was the Cincinnati Enquirer. It ought to have the leather medal.—Boston Herald.

Bad Luck Runs in the Family.

Somehow the editors of the New York Tribune get dreadfully left when they ran for office. Reid's epitaph should be, "Gone to meet Greeley."—Chicago Dispatch.

They Alone Will Believe It.

Whitelaw Reid says his own defeat causes him "no personal unhappiness!" Tell that to marines, whose native power for credulity has been assiduously cultivated.—Indianapolis News.

A Natural Consequence.

A new republican reason for the landslide has been brought out. "The social unrest of the country was against us," it is said. Well, when six or seven millions of voters get uneasy there is very apt to be an overturn.—N. Y. World.

Whitelaw's Sublime Faith.

Whitelaw Reid appears to be taking things philosophically. At the Chamber of Commerce banquet he told the story of the colored man who had buried his fourth wife, and, in answer to his pastor's consolations and solicitous inquiries about his feelings, replied: "All I can say is I am in the hands of an all-wise, a powerful and an unscrupulous Providence."—Boston Herald.

Son Russell Gets a Cruel Stab.

The St. Louis Globe-Democrat—which, despite its title, is dyed-in-the-wool republican—makes this cruel thrust at one of the most conspicuous members of its own party: "If Russ Harrison wants to go to Coney Island next summer he'll have to swim or take a ferry boat. The United States navy will not be at his disposal." "But yesterday the word of Caesar might have stood against the world; now lies he there, and none so poor to do him reverence."—Chicago Times.

Must Put the Blame Somewhere.

It strikes us that some of our republican contemporaries are a trifle unjust and inconsiderate in finding fault with Carter, Hackett and other republican managers. A republican manager with the wisdom of Solomon, the craft of Machiavelli, the energy of Napoleon, the prophetic vision of Elijah and the wealth of the Astors could have availed no more against the popular uprising of November 8 than could a street-sweeper against the Johnstown flood.—Rochester Herald.

Depew's Impudence.

The oratory of Chauncey M. Depew has lost whatever charm it once possessed. His utterances are no longer pungent, witty or entertaining. The more Mr. Depew has talked recently the more has he suffered in public estimation. His recklessness of political judgment could have been readily forgiven. But his assumption of the position of agent or attorney for a special class is a piece of impudence not easily atoned for. His gratuitous advice to the majority of the people and his solemn warning that the majority will trifle with the "business interests" at its peril only serve to make this once popular orator appear most ridiculous.—Chicago Herald.

A LABOR MEETING.

Addresses, Songs and Recitations Free to All.

Posters are out announcing the mass meeting to be held at Memorial hall next Tuesday evening, under the auspices of the Central Labor union. Mr. T. J. Morgan, of Chicago; Rev. B. J. Sawyer, of Tiffin, and Hon. W. Z. McDonald, of Columbus, will speak on the relations between capital and labor and the advantages of organization, and Mrs. M. E. Dutton, of Toledo, on the need of organization among women. There will be singing by Mrs. Jennie Harris, the blind singer, and by the Silver City quartet, and recitations by Mrs. E. M. Irving. Admission free.

RALLY BOYS, RALLY!

Program for the Exercises at Memorial Hall.

The Boys Will be in Line This Evening.

A Series of Excellent Speeches on the Bill—Now for the Jubilee.

Everyone is invited to participate in the parade to-night.

No special arrangements have been made for a street demonstration. It will be largely an impromptu affair. Captain W. E. McBain will have charge and will give the order to march at 7:30 sharp.

The line of march will be from the rendezvous, corner of Superior and Madison streets, to St. Clair, to Monroe, to Summit, to Lagrange, to Superior, on Superior to Adams street and Memorial hall.

Every democrat should be in line. A band secured by the committee will lead the procession and will be followed by a tally-ho, from which red-fire and rockets will be manipulated.

Yesterday afternoon, at a special meeting of the democratic executive committee, the following final revised program was issued:

Chairman M. M. Eppstein will call the meeting to order.

On account of the unavoidable absence from the city of Mr. Emery D. Potter, jr., Mr. C. T. Lewis will preside.

Mr. Wm. Beatty, the permanent secretary, will read the list of vice-presidents and assistant secretaries. Music after each speech.

The first speaker will be Hon. Frank H. Hurd; second, Congressman-elect Byron F. Ritchie; third, Wm. Handy, of Fulton county; fourth, Frank Isabel, Fulton county; fifth, Frank Baldwin, Wood county; sixth, Hon. L. C. Cole, Wood county; seventh, Thos. J. Marshall, Ottawa county; eighth, C. I. York, Ottawa county.

Seats for ladies reserved. Seats for vice-presidents and assistant secretaries will be upon and to the right and left of the stage. Orchestra in the gallery over the entrance.

Larry McCarty will be usher-in-chief, with 10 aids.

Fire works in front Memorial hall at 7 o'clock.

One hundred guns in Court House park from 6:30 to 8 p. m.

Band will parade at 6 o'clock.

Speaking begins at 8 o'clock sharp. Come early to procure seats.

Stage has been handsomely decorated, the work going on since Friday morning.

Mr. Eppstein is in receipt of congratulatory letters over the victory in the Ninth district from Chairman Harrity, Gen. J. C. Black, pension commissioner under Cleveland and now congressman-at-large from Illinois, and many other prominent democrats in Cleveland, Columbus, Detroit, Saginaw, Chicago and New York.

THE Y'S STUDIO

Is the Name the Young Ladies Have Selected

For the Annual Entertainment of the Y's—It is to Be Given at Wheeler's December 12 and 13.

The Ys have put their heads together and planned an entertainment that will eclipse anything they have heretofore attempted, and that is saying a good deal, for in the past their entertainments have been decidedly novel and original. It is necessary for the Ys to call upon the public once a year. The expense of conducting their kindergarten is large, and there are numerous other branches of their work that need financial aid. The Ys do much good and deserve the hearty assistance of everyone.

Their entertainment this year will be at Wheeler's opera house Monday and Tuesday evenings, December 12 and 13. It will be called The Ys Studio, and will consist of living reproductions of the most famous pictures in the galleries of Europe and America.

Miss Linda Rickards, Mrs. L. L. Barber, Mrs. Judd Richardson, and Mrs. Ellery Eaton compose the committee of arrangements. They will have the assistance of a New York lady, a well-known artist. All the Ys will be required to do something, and as there are of course male subjects in many of the pictures the young men who are honoraries, must hold themselves in readiness to play the duke, the lute player, the street gamin, or the pretty piece of statuary.

There will be three sizes of pictures, the largest frame being 12x16 feet. The smallest will be portrait size. Statuary will also be represented. About 30 pictures will be given each evening, and it is desired to make them correct artistically.

Quite a number of Tadema's works will be reproduced. He, it will be remembered, is the greatest living painter of ancient Greek subjects—interiors, draperies, groups, etc. It is intended to make the entertainment one of the events of the season.

VOICE OF THE PEOPLE.

Mr. Samuel Montgomery's Views.

To the Editor: The remarks heard occasionally upon the streets that Mr. D. B. Hill will be the next democratic president, and your editorial suggestions in regard to the course to be pursued by the Lucas county democrats in getting out the vote in the future has led me, a pronounced independent and a supporter of the people's party movement, to believe that there is an erroneous conclusion arrived at, both by many republicans and democrats, as to the cause of the overwhelming majority gained by the democrats at the elections just passed.

There can be little doubt but that energy displayed at election time in getting out the indifferent vote does go a long way to affect the result of elections. But I submit the question whether it would not further the interest of a party more to adopt a policy, or course of action, which would have the effect of enlisting the sympathy of these indifferent voters to such an extent as to obviate the necessity of their being hounded to the polls by any particular party?

After a careful review of the situation, I am sure there has been some such incentive to action, and we have to go farther than Mr. D. B. Hill to find the cause. There has been a consistent, steadfast and persistent effort made by Henry George and his followers to get the democratic party to recognize the principle of the single tax, and the amount of literature that has been distributed with that object in view has been very great, and, as it appears to me, it is just beginning to bear fruits. Now I am of the opinion that the democrats will err if they ascribe too much credit to D. B. Hill and shrewd political methods. A campaign of education has just passed. Let it continue.

I feel convinced there are many who, like myself, are wedded to no particular political party, but who are anxious that a condition shall arise which will render it practical for equity and justice to prevail, and if that condition could be brought about through the agency of the democratic party, would hail it with exceeding gladness. And should the incoming administration pave the way for the nomination of Henry George four years hence and the introduction of a single tax upon land values irrespective of improvements, the first and most important step in the direction of a needed reform would be taken. After that, pressure could be brought to bear upon congress by the people's party with a view to demanding money at a uniform rate of 2 per cent. per annum, secured by labor stored in any valuable commodity possessed of acknowledged practical utility.

SAMUEL MONTGOMERY,
726 Sherman street, Toledo, O.

PARTLY OFF.

Pittsburg, Pa., Nov. 19.—The declaring off of the strike of mechanical men and day laborers at Homestead was received with surprise at the Amalgamated headquarters and assurance was given that the tonnage men or members of the Amalgamated association would continue their fight for recognition of the union.

COLLISION.

Grafton, W. Va., Nov. 19.—Eastbound passenger train No. 602 ran into some cars loaded with lumber at Clarksburg, W. Va. Engineer Wm. Penn, of Parkersburg, was killed and the passengers badly shaken up.

TOLEDO REFERENCES IN OUR EXCHANGES

It Is Noted.

Please note the Toledo Blade's influence in Lucas county.—Bowling Green Sentinel.

Everybody Is Glad.

All self-respecting republicans hereabouts are glad that Ashley is defeated in the Toledo district.—Byran Democrat.

Rather Remarkable.

The run made in this congressional district by Byron F. Ritchie, was remarkable. He climbed a republican plurality of 1,800 and is elected by 14.—Wauseon Expositor.

No Regrets; We Were for Byron.

Frank Cheney, William Beatty, Frank Baldwin, L. C. Cole and John W. Canary experienced much the same feeling as that of a defeated candidate for not having gone after the nomination Ritchie got without a struggle.—North Baltimore Times.

So Do We.

Dr. C. A. Faber, who has been assistant superintendent of the Toledo insane asylum, has severed his connection with that institution, and will practice medicine in Toledo. The doctor has a large number of friends in Fayette, who hope he may build up a lucrative practice.—Fayette Record.

Pleased With Jim Ashley's Defeat.

Next to the election of Cleveland nothing seems to please our people better than the defeat of Jim Ashley, republican candidate for congress in the Toledo district, by Byron Ritchie. Ashley is a demagogue, turncoat and strongly opposed to organized labor. His defeat is a signal victory for the laboring men.—Delphos Herald.

About the Size of It.

In Toledo where Ashley and Ritchie are known best, Ashley was badly left. His money bought the bums but Ritchie's popularity won the conscientious voters. There were several republicans in Oak Harbor who forgot party slavery and voted for Ritchie, because everybody knows he was the best man.—Ottawa County Exponent.

Uncertainty of Politics.

Mr. Griffin, a republican member of the legislature from Lucas county, had a congressional district carved out in the gerrymander of last winter for his own use, but Jim Ashley, a Shermanite, beat him out of the nomination; now Byron Ritchie, a good democrat, has defeated Ashley by a majority of 14. This instance practically illustrates the uncertainty of politics.—Zanesville Signal.

Friendly Tip to the Boys.

The Toledo newspapers are quarreling over the question of priority in suggesting the establishment of a board of control for the government of the city. Each is claiming that it was the first to suggest it. If such a government is established, the day will come when each and all will be scrambling to get away from the responsibility of having urged its adoption.—Columbus Dispatch.

Remembered on Leaving for Toledo.

Patrick Dorr, who left yesterday for Toledo where he will make his home, was given a most agreeable surprise Monday evening by the members of St. Ann's Total Abstinence society of which he has been an active member since the organization of the society. The members met at the residence of Rev. Father Manning, and after all had assembled Mr. Dorr was sent for. On his arrival Father Manning, in a most eloquent speech, presented Mr. Dorr with a very elegant meerschaum pipe, and the aged gentleman was completely taken by surprise. He thanked the members and his countenance showed his appreciation.—Fremont Messenger.

The Proposed Board of Control.

Toledo papers propose to ask the coming session of the general assembly to provide her with an elective board of city control, the purpose being to take the chief legislative powers from the municipal council, which has been very corrupt for years past. What assurance is there that the proposed city board will be any less corrupt in the exercise of these powers than the council? The council being elective, why not clean out the boodlers at the polls and elect men who will be above the danger of corruption. We are not able to see much justification for the continual interference of the legislature with municipal governments. Most of the evils which affect the latter are for the people to correct at the polls and it is themselves that suffer if they do not.—Findlay Republican.

Rejoice in the Big Defeat.

Democrats hereabout rejoice most heartily in the election of Byron Ritchie in the Ninth congressional district. The republicans had gerrymandered the district for that prince of demagogues, James M. Ashley, giving him a majority of about 2,000. Democrats had become familiar with his modern methods in the campaign of 1890, when Col. Haynes defeated him so handsomely, and were shy of entering the contest. Mr. Ritchie, young, ambitious and talented, accepted the nomination with many misgivings, but with a resolve to win if hard work could do it. It is said Ashley had a "barrel" on tap in each county and in each ward in Toledo, and he made the struggle of his life, only to be again retired to the obscurity his record of a quarter of a century ago sent him.—Fremont Messenger.

DELIGHTFUL FLORAL CONCERT.

Given at St. Paul's M. E. Church, Last Evening.

The W. F. M. S. of St. Paul's M. E. church gave a charming concert at the church last evening. There was a fine chrysanthemum exhibit from 7 to 8 o'clock, the ladies netting quite a profit by the sale of the same. The program embraced two beautiful selections by Cecelia Ladies' quartet; a vocal solo, which was much appreciated, by Miss Olive Parmelee; an excellent violin solo by May Bardon Colburn; a vocal solo by Mr. W. A. Willets, which was one of the best numbers on the program. Mr. C. J. Woolley showed the merits of the Symphony by a selection, and Mr. John Clouse rendered the Last Hope, by Gottschalk, and Etude, by Rubinstein, in an excellent manner. Miss Grace Reasner sang Nita Gitana to the delight of the listeners. "The Gypsies," by the Misses Pratt and Buck, and ballad music by the Misses Breckinridge, were pleasing features. Miss Whiting and Mrs. Cook were accompanists. The ladies are to be congratulated upon the success of the entertainment.

New Century Club.

A fairly well attended meeting of the New Century club met last evening with Dr. and Mrs. Cravens notwithstanding other attractions which called away many members. The subject of changing the day of the meeting, so that the club might attend the lectures of university extension course was referred to Mr. Macomber and the executive committee.

Under title Industrial Changes, Mr. A. E. Macomber gave the paper of the evening. Alluding to the four methods by which the world's business is conducted, and all its capital administered, private, associate, municipal and state management, he demonstrated how in one manner or another some prosper best, and how the most serious economic questions are those of direction and control of the world's industrial enterprises and capital.

The stupendous growth of corporations and trusts and their results, good and evil, were portrayed and the query advanced, is not municipal and state control of the world's great industrial enterprises the condition destined to succeed the trust methods. The paper drew forth much thoughtful discussion upon economic social experiences of the past and present time. The next meeting will be with Mrs. E. Bissell, 1861 Summit street; paper by Dr. Cravens. Subject, "The Single Tax."

DON'T RUB OFF THE ENAMEL
Of the teeth with gritty preparations. The teeth are too valuable to be trifled with. When gone, you must have false ones or "gum" yourself through life. Use SOZODONT, which contains no grit. It cleanses the mouth and vitalizes the secretions.

Fine cabinet Photos only $3 per doz., at M'KECKNIE & OSWALD'S.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.
Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

POISONOUS VENOM

Instilled Into the Columns of the Blade

For the Purpose of Reflecting on the Honor

Of the Jurymen in the Manchester Bribery Trial—Attorney's Indignant—The Matter Called to the Attention of the Court.

The Blade sprung another "exclusive" last night.

As usual, their ravenous appetite for sensationalism blinded all reason, and led them beyond the province of common, ordinary, horse sense.

It was a venomous and unjust attack upon every member of the Manchester jury.

These 12 men were on two occasions placed under oath. First, they swore before God and man, to tell the truth, and answer truly all questions touching their qualifications as jurors.

Again they each and every one swore to well and truly try Benjamin O. Manchester, according to evidence introduced and instructions laid down by the court

These twelve men have been in the jury box for six days, and no man living could tell by any act or expression what was in the thoughts of a single man.

Then the presumption of the Blade to charge 12 men with perjury; to attack the honor and integrity of 12 men in their mad chase after a shadow that even does not form itself into a suspicion.

It is no wonder counsel in the case are indignant, and justly so, too. The vile stuff not only cast a stigma upon the honor of every man in the jury, but made a direct blow at the court. The jury was made up under the direction and jurisdiction of the court.

Every challenge was submitted to the court.

Every man in the panel against whom a challenge was submitted is there by the ruling of the court.

If men are on that jury who should not be there, as the Blade charges, the court is by law responsible for it.

But then this great organ has no respect for the tribunal of the land or anyone else. "Look who we are. Ain't we the Blade? Bow low, ye terriers."

When court assembled this morning Mr. Southard, counsel for Mr. Manchester, arose and said: "If your honor please, before proceeding I have here a printed paper, the Toledo Blade, and I wish to call the court's attention to a part of that paper, so that your honor may do as he thinks best." He then passed a copy of last evening's Blade to Judge Harmon.

"I do not think it is necessary for the court to take any notice of this," said Judge Harmon, after reading the story. "The jury was instructed, at the beginning of the case, not to argue the case among themselves, or listen to any arguments outside of what was submitted in the regular course of the case. The court also instructed the jurors to not read any reference to the case in the newspapers. They have been admonished whenever they left the court room. We must presume that they have obeyed the instructions of the court. If we learn that any juror has read this or any other account of this trial in the papers, their verdict will be set aside as to the defendant."

U. S. COURTS.

The List of Grand and Petit Jurors.

There Will be No Foolishness Allowed; so Lawyers May Be Prepared to Go On With Cases.

Jurors have been drawn for service at the term of the United States district and circuit courts, which opens on Tuesday, December 6, at 10 o'clock in the morning, and civil cases have been assigned on the circuit court docket.

The grand jury in the district court consists of S. T. Martin, Bryan; Peter Murray, Briceton; Henry Roemer, St. Henrys; Samuel Tate, Paulding; Harmon Kibby, Lima; Edward M. Scrofford, Magnolia; M. V. Ludlum, Swanton; Lewis Gordon, Antwerp; Henry Miller, Tiffin; J. D. Mahl, Bismarck; Charles Besel, jr., New Bremen; Paul Miller, Bloomville; Abraham Mott, Fort Recovery; Capt. George T. Brady, Norwalk; F. W. Converse, Sandusky; Frank Jones, Upper Sandusky; Capt. John Scott, Findlay; J. W. Penn, Shanes Crossing; Thomas W. Sprowl, Huron; John McIntyre, West Unity; Alexander Feather, Archibald; Smith Miller, Van Wert; James Snyder, Macedon; T. C. Wood, Bellevue.

The petit jury for service in the circuit and district courts is composed of John H. Puck, Toledo; Francis M. Castor, Bryan; Dr. W. H. Hickey, Leipsic; George Kimberlin, Bowling Green; A. M. Prout, Prout's Station; Elijah Whitmore, East Toledo; L. A. Wheaton, Norwalk; G. Hess, Monroeville; H. H. Gordon, Antwerp; S. W. Cramer, Paulding; Joel Brigman, Wauseon; F. W. LeSeuer, Defiance; Robert Thompson, Mt. Victory; John M. Ainsworth, Hicksville; C. W. Burke, Nevada; Cortus Ewing, Ottawa; James Stratton, Toledo; A. A. Martin, Washington township, Lucas county; Wesley Leech, Jewell; Charles Smith, St. Marys; George Marsh, Van Wert; Abram B. Thompson, Delta; T. B. Hine, Toledo; J. M. Christman, Waterville.

Civil jury cases on the circuit court docket will be called on the first day of the term and tried according to assignment. Notice will be given of the hearing of equity cases. Saturday of each week will be devoted to the hearing of motions, demurrers, etc., but the motions and demurrers pending in cases requiring the action of the court to prepare them for trial to a jury at this term may be heard on the first or second day of the term.

In cases wherein parties are in default judgment may be entered without regard to assignment, but other cases as reached will be tried, continued or footed, and when again reached at the foot will be tried or otherwise disposed of for the term.

Criminal cases will be assigned when the grand jury has finished its consideration of them and reported, and notice will be given of the assignment of admiralty cases. There are quite a number of criminal cases to go to the grand jury, but the vast majority of them are of such character as to warrant the assurance that they will not come to trial. Many of them are for violation of the internal revenue laws by the retailing of liquor without the payment of the special tax. Some involve merely technical offenses, which must, however, be looked after; and in all of them the prisoners find it cheaper and better for them to plead guilty and avoid costs.

Astrachan Jackets Wraps and Capes. All new and guaranteed to wear. Call and see at ALASKA FUR HOUSE.

OHIO PRESS COMMENT.

The Tin God.

The American tin god fell with an awful clatter.—Ohio Patriot.

This Is a Go.

None but true democrats should be permitted to enjoy the fruits of victory.—Findlay Courier.

We Are With You.

This is an era of record breaking. It is to be hoped that the next first assistant postmaster general will be able to break Clarkson's record in turning out second-class postmasters.—Findlay Courier.

Ain't Saying a Word.

When it comes to a mixed result in Ohio for presidential electors and the republican plurality on the state ticket getting on the down-hill side of one thousand, we have nothing more to say about Illinois or any other state.—Ohio State Journal.

Getting to Feel Big.

The clerk of the Hardin county election board sent his abstract of votes for circuit judge to Wood county. As Wood county is not in that district Morrison returned the papers to-day. Some people imagine Wood county is the center of the universe—and we don't blame them, either. —Bowling Green Sentinel.

Another Chunk of Harmony.

Thousands of republicans in Ohio were disgusted with the officious intermeddling of some of Sherman's appointees, the air of boss and Sir Oracle they assumed in all things political, and corresponding neglect of the duties they were appointed to perform, and paid for performing. It will be quite a panacea for the misfortunes of last week to see them walk the plank. And the sooner the quicker. They should be first to feel the misfortunes they have brought to the country.—Putnam County Vidette, Rep.

Lively Roast on O. P. Management.

The convicts in the Ohio penitentiary need a little disciplining and need it mighty badly. When it gets so that the chaplain is unable to address the Throne of Grace without being disturbed by a filthy aggregations of slums, and his voice hushed by stamping and other violent demonstrations, it is time something was done. The scenes that followed in the cells after the ruffians were locked in beggars all description. Mr. James is not big enough to run that institution nor are his deputies and subordinates of sufficient calibre to be of any service to him.—Mt. Vernon Republican.

Fur Boas | Very cheap in great variety at Alaska Fur House, Adams street.

We have a great bargain in an upright piano. Cost when new $450. Must be sold; a great bargain can be had in this piano.
J. W. Greene & Co.

Health has its weight.
cannot go far above or below our healthy weight without disturbing health. We cannot keep health and lose our weight.

It is fat that comes and goes. Too much is burdensome; too little is dangerous.

Health requires enough fat for daily use and a little more for reserve and comfort. That keeps us plump. The result is beauty—the beauty of health.

A little book on CAREFUL LIVING shows the importance of keeping your healthy weight. We send it free.

Scott & Bowne, Chemists, 132 South 5th Avenue, New York.

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Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People

Send for descriptive pamphlet.
50c. per box. 6 for $2.50.
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Including all the latest novelties. Call and make your selections for the Holidays. We can furnish you with the latest styles in
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Van Loo & Trost,
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"A woman best understands a woman's ills."
Thousands of women have been benefited by Mrs. Pinkham's advice, and cured by her remedies after all other treatment had failed.
Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound
has been more successful in curing Female Complaints than any remedy the world has ever known.
All Druggists sell it, or sent by mail, in form of Pills or Lozenges, on receipt of $1.00. Liver Pills, 25c. Correspondence freely answered. Address in confidence LYDIA E. PINKHAM MED. CO., LYNN, MASS.

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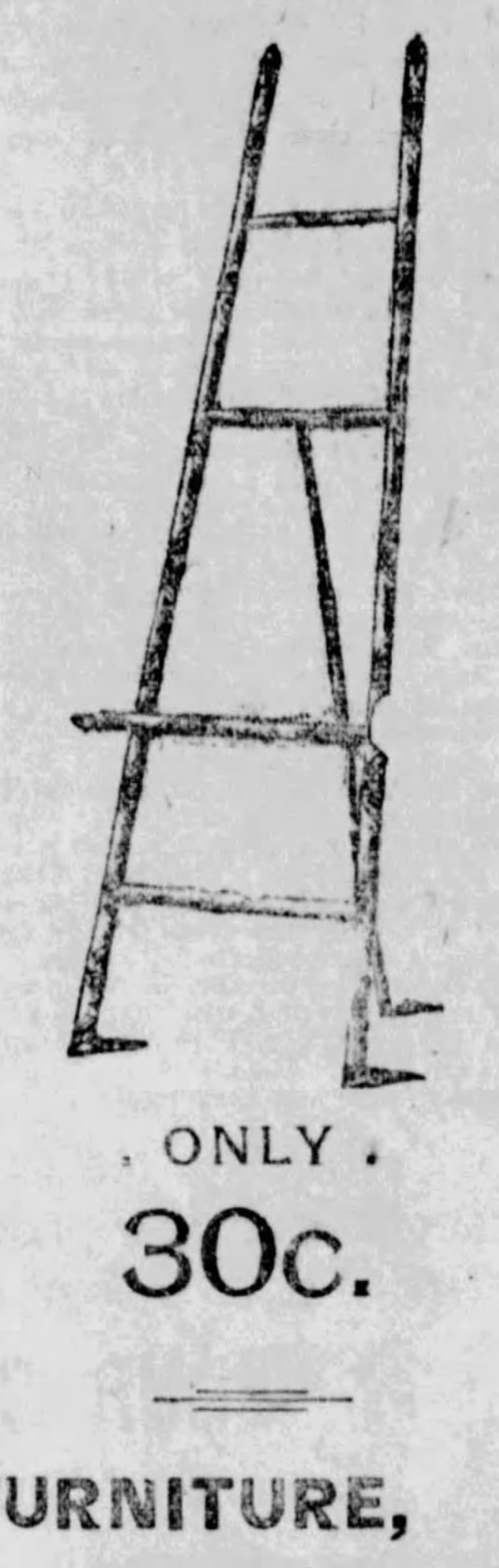

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FURNITURE, CARPETS, STOVES, ETC.
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FOR SALE-HOUSES
$1,400—Ewing st., near Forrer, new cottage, 5 rooms, well and cistern.
$1,050—Forrer st., near Clark st., 4 rooms, good house and lot.
$650—Hoag st., near Washington, 4 rooms.
$1,300—Hoag st., near Washington, 7 rooms; two-story dwelling.
$1,100—Hoag st., near Washington; newly repaired, painted, papered, etc.; 5 rooms.
$1,000—Heston st., near Indiana ave.; 5 rooms, well and cistern.
$2,550—Knower st., near Maumee, two-story dwelling, cellar, well, cistern, Mantel, barn, natural gas, etc.
$1,850—Knower st., near Dix st., 6-room cottage, well, cistern, natural gas, etc.
$1,000—Maumee ave. and Prouty ave.; four rooms.
$1,000—Walbridge ave., near Sumner; four rooms.
$1,400—White street, near Starr ave., six rooms, well, cistern, wide lot.
$1,500—Worthington st., near Mott ave., two stories, 7 rooms, well and cistern.
$1,200—Milburn ave., near Auburn ave., nice cottage, 5 rooms, cellar, well, cistern.
$1,900—Milburn ave., near Auburn ave., two story brick, 7 rooms, well, cellar and cistern.
A. E. MACOMBER & CO.
108 SUMMIT STREET.

HOUSES FOR SALE
ON MONTHLY PAYMENTS.
$ 800—Empire street, near Adams street, 4 rooms.
$1,000—Wayne street, Air Line Junction, cottage 6 rooms, lot 30 feet front.
$1,000—Woodsdale avenue, new, 7 rooms.
$1,750—Indiana avenue, house 9 rooms and cellar.
$1,100—Park street, new house, 7 rooms; lot 30x120.
$1,550—South street, 9 room house, good well and cistern; lot 30 feet front.
$1,450—Broadway, new 7 room house in desirable location.
$1,100—West Washington street, 6 room cottage, lot 30x117.
$1,200—Gordon street, 6 room cottage, new and well built; lot 36x150.
$ 700—Enright street, Glassboro, cottage 5 rooms.
$1,100—Curtis street, 6 room cottage, lot 34 feet front.
$1,200—French street, East Toledo, corner property, house 7 rooms.
$1,600—Western avenue, 8 rooms, cellar, well and cistern, new; lot 30x150.
$ 900—Detroit avenue, 5 rooms, cottage.
$ 850—Indiana avenue, corner property, new cottage, 5 rooms.
$1,350—Bartlett street, cottage 6 rooms, new, lot 38 1-2x123.
$1,400—Germania street, cottage 6 rooms and cellar, lot 33x120.
$1,550—Western avenue, 7 rooms and cellar, lot 30x121.
$1,600—West Washington street, 8 rooms, cellar, well and cistern.
$1,750—Missouri street, new 7 room house, good neighborhood.
$1,250—Curtis street, 6 room house, well-built and modern.
$ 900—South street, 6 room cottage, lot 30x122.
$2,000—Knower street, corner property, 7-room house, lot 40x100.
$ 800—Lowie street, Air Line Junction, 5-room cottage.
$1,450—Gibbons street, Air Line Junction, 7 rooms and cellar, lot 30x120.
IRVING B. HIETT & CO.,
243 St. Clair St.

WHAT IS THE USE
Of your buying a lot 2 or 3 miles out in the country when you can get a lot for the same price in Gardner Heights, which is directly opposite the foot of Madison and Jefferson streets? You will soon save the price of a lot in car fare. We have other places to show you. We have a few good houses for sale. Do you want one of them?
WRIGHT & RUSSELL,
235 ST. CLAIR ST
POODY HOUSE BLOCK.

Ira A. Richardson & Son
3 Produce Exchange.
Best planned, modern priced residence in the city; 10 rooms, large cellar and attic; sanitary plumbing, elegant mantels, both gases, water and sewerage connections, stone sidewalks, on Melrose street.
For Sale on Monthly Payments.

WITHOUT PAIN

Muhme, Chiropodist, 117 Summit, removes Corns, Bunions, and Ingrowing Nails, without leaving the feet sore. Positively cures Sweating and Odorous Feet and removes warts.

There's Music in Our . . . Overcoat Department.

The constant hum of business gives a "snap and a go" to the whole establishment.

The Choicest Novelties, demanded by Fashion's Fancies, are upon our floors. Upon their merits principally we rely to advance our reputation. The moderate prices, of course, will also have their say.

Don't believe there's a clothing shop in the Northwest that shows such a variety of Clothing as we do. Take the Overcoats for an example. Thursday we received a shipment aggregating over **$25,000**; of this **$10,000** was for OVERCOATS and ULSTERS alone. Unpacking and pressing has kept us busy. We're used to that; we are always busy. They are on the counters, displayed, to-day fo your inspection. We're glad of that. To the man of fashion they represent the best production of the loom. They are fashioned from cloths that stand without a rival for excellence of weave, desirability and style. They're tailor made garments, every one of them. Better coats could not be made for any price. Three names tell the story: Rogers, Peet & Co., L. Adler & Brother and Dayton & Close. Their reputations as manufacturing tailors are national. They are the designers and manufacturers and a better coat for the money has never been made. The triumph of economy, the $12 coat; begin with that and work on up gradually to the $40 Montagnacs or highly finished English Carr Meltons. The same cloths exactly as the merchant tailor charges you from $65 to $75 for. Query—Isn't the difference better in your pocket than theirs'?

"No Legacy is so Rich as Honesty."

"Honesty is the best policy," remarked a father to his son. "I have tried them both."

You know low prices and a good class of goods cannot help but win popular favor among the buying public, when its founders practice it rigidly and conscientiously at all times and on all sales made.

No alleged rarity warrants extortion and no stock is great unless comprehensive,

We told you several days ago that the Double-Breasted Suits were the proper style, demanded by fashion's censors, for business. We placed them on our counters for your inspection; you admired them and your purchases depleted our stock. Necessity compelled a quick trip to the metropolis, and Thursday with the Overcoats came a shipment of over $8,000 worth of Double-Breasted Suits. They are on our tables to-day. The cloths are Black Cheviots, Diagonal Serges, Etc. There's a full range of sizes, and the prices should surprise you for cheapness—**$10, $12 and $15.**

Their superiority is unquestioned and they are good enough for dress or any occasion; and the price is a saving to you of from $10.00 to $15.00.

To Love is but the Madness . . . of a Boy, they say.

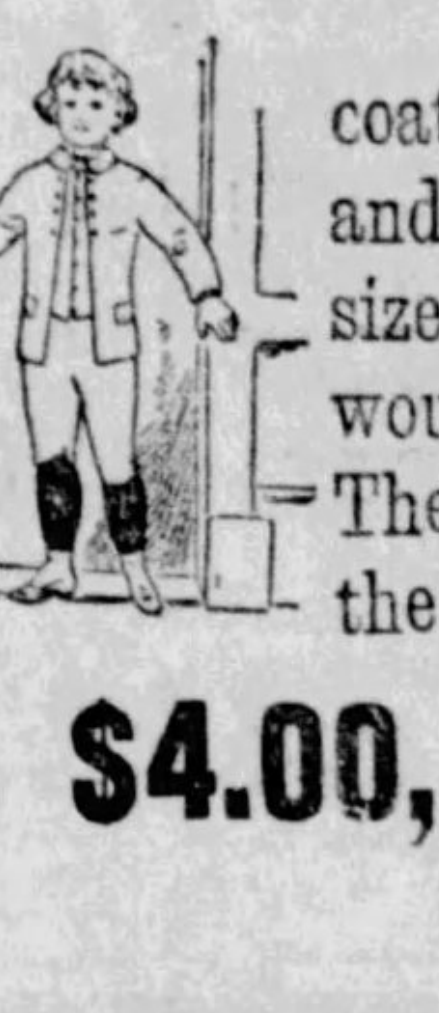
The love of a handsome suit does not always originate with the boy but his admiration for his father's clothing, which is usually well fitting, is undisguised. His desire to appear like his papa is unquestioned. The whole world pays homage to the boy, the loyal little fellow who will some day set in the executive chair of the nation. We have studied his likes and dislikes and to-day our boys' section presents a scene of regal beauty, our assortment aggregating nearly $7,000 worth of new novelties in Suits and Overcoats are shown for your inspection. They are new, every one of them; most of them arrived Thursday.

WE ARE CASH BUYERS!

THIS MEANS A SAVING OF FROM 5 TO 10 PER CENT.

The manufacturers who supply these goods are striving earnestly to hold our trade, as we are not only the largest buyers in the city, but, being cash buyers, we always have the preference; hence the stuffs are finer and more beautiful than ever, and at prices that should surprise you for cheapness.

GREAT $3.00 SALE OF BOYS' SUITS.



There's an assortment of 600 Suits and Overcoats at **$3** each; every one good value at **$4, $4.50** and **$5.** These suits have knee pants and range in size from five to fourteen years. The cloth alone would cost as much as we sell the entire suit for. The cloths are Tweeds, Fancy Cheviots, etc., while the Shades are the desirable ones.

YOUR CHOICE OF 2,000 PAIRS MEN'S PANTS AT $3.00 PAIR. WORTH $4.00, $4.50 AND $5.00.

MOCKETT THE CLOTHIER—213-215-217 SUMMIT ST—MOCKETT THE CLOTHIER

KIBBEY & DAVIES,

Ladies' Exclusive Shopping Parlor.

CORSETS.

The FIT is the foundation of satisfaction. If the corset don't fit, the dress won't, and then you risk your health by wearing a bad fitting corset.

Our line we can positively recommend—none but the BEST can find selling space in our MODEL CORSET DEPT. Our I. C. "A LA PERSEPHONE" Corset is perfection in fit, and once worn you will have no other. They are not high priced.

$2.00, $2.25, $2.50, $2.75.

For a very extra long waist high bust corset we recommend our S. L. "PRIMA DONNA." $2.25 EACH.

We carry a very complete line of THOMPSON'S GLOVE FITTING CORSETS, at correct prices.

For Ladies that do not care for corsets, we recommend the FERRIS GOOD SENSE WAIST as being the most comfortable and easy waist made. We keep a full assortment of GOOD SENSE WAISTS.

THE R. & G. CORSET.

Well, this is undoubtedly the most popular domestic corset made, and we have the R. & G. complete assortment.

To give you an opportunity to get acquainted with us we offer a genuine R. & G. CORSET, NORWALK, FOR 39c PER PAIR. This is a regular 50c corset and cannot be duplicated elsewhere.

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SOLID MAPLE SUITES
At $18.00.
Brass and Onyx Goods.
Boot Boxes from 75c Upward.
FIRE SCREENS
In Mahogany, Oak, Brass and Rattan,
And Many Other Novelties,
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$5.50	$6.50	$7.75	$9.00	$10.00

Old Filters Repacked and Made as Good as New

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Regulate the Temperature of your House with one of
L. BECKMANN'S, STANDARD THERMOMETERS
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Until CHRISTMAS will be devoted to
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Printers, Book Makers, Electrotypers, Stationers, and dealers in and makers of Account Books.
126 and 128 St. Clair St., TOLEDO O

DEAFNESS AND HEAD NOISES CURED by Peck's Invisible Ear Cushions. Whispers heard.

KING GAMBRINUS.

The Beer Business in the Toledo District.

How the Government Tax Is Collected.

Figures Showing the Extent of Beer Drinking.

Profits of the Brewers and the Retailers—The Rebate Given to the Saloonists.

Beer is a great institution, truly. In this internal revenue district it furnishes more than half the total taxes collected, including those on spirits, cigars, tobacco, special taxes on rectifiers and assessments for delays and shortages on spirits.

The internal revenue district, in charge of Collector George P. Waldorf, with head offices in Toledo, is composed of 26 counties in the northwestern portion of Ohio, the most easterly being Erie and Huron and the most southerly Champaign and Miami. Within it there are 31 breweries, a decrease of one within the year, that of Frank Stang at Sandusky having been burned out about six months ago. Toledo has five breweries, three of them being of large capacity. These five pay a large proportion of the tax collected on beer in this district.

The beer tax is collected by means of stamps issued by the government and affixed to the package when the beer is put up in packages ready for sale. A barrel require a $1 stamp; a half barrel a 50-cent stamp, and a quarter keg a 25-cent stamp. The brewers buy the stamps at the internal revenue office of the district to suit their convenience, and are allowed a discount of 7 1-2 per cent.; so that the cost to them is 92 1-2 cents per barrel on their output.

During the 12 months ending with last October, as compared with the former 12 months, the taxes paid on beer alone in this district were as follows:

Months.	Last Year.	Former Year.
November	$ 23,096.33	$ 27,599.23
December	27,607.32	27,566.85
January	19,863.68	22,890.51
February	20,639.99	21,023.40
March	25,521.68	25,093.40
April	31,112.38	29,638.39
May	32,774.14	35,154.16
June	44,677.97	45,218.39
July	45,997.94	44,416.65
August	46,051.59	42,228.10
September	37,193.79	39,994.92
October	32,515.60	30,243.34
Total	387,025.41	391,067.34

The first noticeable thing is rather encouraging to the prohibitionists, being a decrease of $4,014.93 from the former year, representing sales of 4,340 barrels less, the sales of the two years being 418,435 barrels as against 422,775 barrels.

The average tax paid per month of the last year considered was $32,254.37, that of the former year, $32,588.95. For the six months from November to April, including both the payments, and consequently the sales, were below the average, and for the other six months above the average. It will also be seen that the three greatest beer-selling, and, therefore, beer-drinking months are June, July and August—the hot season. While August was the chief beer month of the present year, followed by July and June, the month of June led in 1891, followed by July and August. While the total beer consumption of the past twelve months was less than that of the former twelve, the quantity sold, and presumably drunk during the three warm months of this year, exceeded that disposed of in the corresponding beer months of last year by 5,258 barrels, and in August last the enormous quantity of 49,785 1-2 barrels of beer was sold in the revenue district. This is 1,606 barrels per day.

These figures do not represent the drinking of beer done in this district, for, besides that manufactured in the 31 breweries of the district, and mostly consumed within its bounds, there is a large consumption of favorite brands made in other districts, to say nothing of imported brands, which are stronger, being what is known in this country as ale to distinguish it from lager.

The brewers sell three grades of beer at $6, $7 and $8 per barrel, and allow a rebate of $1 per barrel to the purchaser, if he is independent of the brewery. A great many of the saloons really belong to the brewers, who fit them up and pay the state tax for men who undertake to run

the brewery of the man or company that has fitted out the place and secured itself by chattel mortgage. It is a part of the brewery business to get a saloonist or grocer under pecuniary obligation, and thus compel them to sell only the beer of a certain brewery. Many of the outlying groceries and saloons sell beer largely by measure, whereby the purchaser gets five or six glasses for a dime in pail or pitcher. These dealers usually sell the third grade, costing $6 per barrel. The very few who are independent demand and obtain the full rebate of $1 a barrel, so that it costs them but $5; but the vast majority, under obligation to a certain brewer, are only given a rebate of 40 cents per barrel, or 10 cents on a quarter keg; and from the manner in which they sell, this rebate is about all they make.

The greater part of the beer sold is of the inferior kinds, the proportions of each being such that an average of about $6.50 per barrel is reached. Considering the revenue tax he first pays and the rebate allowed to retailers the brewer gets about $5 per barrel for the stuff; the government 92 1-2 cents, and the dispenser at the bar profits anywhere from 40 cents to $6.50 on the barrel of beer.

As usually drawn the beer in a quarter keg will furnish nearly 100 ordinary glasses; but since the introduction and demand for "schooners," or larger glasses, the saloonist averages only from 65 to 70 glasses from such a keg. At this rate he would get say 270 glasses from a barrel. His receipts on the barrel would thus be $13.50. Supposing it to cost him $8 per barrel, the price for the highest grade, he would have a profit of $5.50 on the barrel. But he obtains a rebate of $1 per barrel from the brewer, which increases his profit to $6.50, or very nearly 100 per cent. on his investment. At these proportions on 418,435 barrels sold during the 12 months ending with October last the government got, as stated, $387,052.41; the brewers got $2,301,392.50; the retailers got (using the mean between 40 cents and $6.50), about $1,443,600; and the consumers got, what?—well, many of them got full; some of them got into trouble; and none of them got anything beyond a temporary gratification of appetite.

It is estimated that, at the present price of material, the cost of producing a barrel of beer, including payment for the stamp, is $1.75. Calculating the other expenses at $1 per barrel the brewer thus obtains a net profit of $3.25 per barrel, which is well within the mark. The actual profits to the brewers of this district for the past 12 months was therefore at least $1,359,914.75.

A "MODEL" OF SIMPLICITY.

Honest You Say; Still They Take the Pound of Flesh.

A motorman on the electric road came into our store the other day to buy an ulster. After selecting one of those $15 Freize Coats that is wind and water proof and the proper thing for anybody exposed to all kinds of weather, he said that "one of the boys" had bought a similar coat from another store only two weeks before, at $12, but that when it got wet it went all out of shape and grew soft and pulpy like thick paper.

This proves that Mr. Shylock had sold the man a "Model" Shoddy Coat, that is made to catch the eye, but not intended to wear. MORAL—Would it not be money in your pocket to purchase of a fair and square firm, who are not ashamed to do business over their own name, pay a fair price and get honest goods?

MOCKETT, the CLOTHIER,
213 to 217 Summit St.

THE GREAT NEW YORK CENTRAL SYSTEM

Stands as a magnificent contradiction to the argument against concentrated railroad interests. Coming into existence in 1869, by the consolidation of short lines between New York and Buffalo, the system has vastly extended its control, and to-day operates the principle passenger service out of New York to Chicago, Cincinnati and St. Louis. All through the history of its evolution from small things to the first of American railways, the management of this road have recognized that the people's interest was their interest; and the policy that would best serve the public would be of greatest benefit to the road. This road to-day is giving the best passenger service in the world.—"Dizie."

CARD OF THANKS.

We, the undersigned, wife and children of the late John Scheurman, wish to hereby express our thanks to the many frineds of the deceased, who by their presence during his long sickness have so ably assisted us; also to Rev Mr. Weiss, of St. Paul's church for his comforting sermon; to Rev. O. D. Fisher, of Washington Street Congregational church for his kind words at the house; to Robert Blum lodge for their faithful attendance and brotherly assistance at the funeral, and also to the many friends and public floral offerings, who have attended the funeral of our beloved husband and father.

Louise Sheurman and Family.

"Candee" Duck or "Snag" Proof Boots are reliable. Ask your shoe man for them.

A DETROIT LADY

Drops $200,000 on McLean's Castles in Florida.

Her Attorney's Here Have No Hope of Recovery.

She Went in the Project Blindly and Asked for No Security—The Result Disastrous.

It developed yesterday that a prominent and wealthy Detroit lady has dropped about $200,000 on C. W. McLean's air-castle projects in Florida.

Her agent stepped into a lawyer's office in the Produce Exchange yesterday afternoon and produced some of McLean's notes amounting to about $200,000. They were unsecured, and it is doubtful if they are worth more than the paper they are written on.

It appears that after McLean's experience here he induced the lady, whose name is withheld at the request of her attorneys, to go into the Florida enterprise.

Towns were to be built, railroads and harbors constructed, and it was a rosy-colored prospect, so she went in and lost.

It seems that McLean has allowed one life policy of $50,000 to lapse and several creditors are seeking to secure it with a view of continuing the policy. The conditions of a renewal, considering McLean's state of health, are such as not to give much hope of success to creditors.

The matter will probably get into the courts and the airing therein will reveal a condition of things unequalled in fiction.

Last Saturday one Toledo creditor paid $900 premiums on a life policy of McLean's that was about to expire. After the money was paid it developed that John B. Ketcham held this and other policies as collateral on his land contract.

The singular thing about the Detroit lady's venture is that her money was advanced on McLean's unsecured notes. Every woman is evidently not a Hettie Green.

TENNYSON'S EARLY LIFE,

His Temperament and Chief Characteristics

Reviewed by Prof. Bensly in His First Lecture in the University Extension Course.

About 200 persons assembled in High School hall last evening to listen to the first lecture of the season in the University Extension course, delivered by Prof. Edward Bensly, of Chicago University.

Prof. Compton, in his introductory remarks, expressed his pleasure at seeing so many present who had attended the previous course, and said he expected to see the number increase from week to week, as it did last winter.

He then introduced the speaker.

Prof. Bensly is a blonde young man, perhaps 30 years old, and his broad, high forehead, finely-shaped head and clear-cut features give him a scholarly appearance which immediately impresses an audience.

He indluges in no oratorical flights, and abstains almost entirely from gesticulation, but expresses himself in clear, simple language, and with no attempt at elocutionary display.

He prefaced his lecture by a short talk on the university extension system.

In one sense, in a course of this kind, the lecture itself is the least important of the work.

The weekly exercises, the class work, is the most important part of these lectures.

After outlining the work of the class, he began his address on Tennyson.

The audience had doubtless observed that he was to speak on "Some English Poets of the Victorian Era," not necessarily the English poets.

It is not the expectation of the lecturer to state anything startlingly new, but it is the aim to awaken further and a nintelligent interest in the poets chosen.

There are so large a number to be dealt

be impossible, but the general outline given in the lecture will be supplemented by minuter points of criticism and interpretation in class work.

Tennyson has given his own opinion of how far it is right or lawful to go into a man's life and work.

At the time of the craze for the signatures of great men, he is recorded as saying that a great amount of the crimes of the earth could be traced to the rage for autographs.

He also said that no sooner does a great man die than he is ripped up like a pig.

However, a certain curiosity to know the characteristics and understand the temperament of great men, is commendable.

It is right in studying history, to study the origin of an author's force.

He then gave a short biographical sketch of the poet, his birth at Somersby, Lincolnshire, August 5, 1809; his life at Trinity college, the date of the publication of his first volume of poems, etc.

The severe criticism and ridicule to which Tennyson's earlier poems were subjected, was alluded to, and the way in which the poet received it.

To his sensitiveness and feeling of unworthiness, is attributed his nine years' silence, and partly, also, to his grief at the death of his friend Hallam, so touchingly referred to in that wonderful poem, "In Memoriam."

There is no doubt he felt that his earlier poems were deficient in feeling, and it seemed probable that his keen sense of the beautiful was to be developed at the expense of deep feeling.

The way in which his work was resumed after the long years of silence illustrates his determination to produce work which should be lasting, as well as his great self-restraint.

The speaker mentioned Tennyson's fondness for the results of science, as one of his chief characteristics, and also his attitude toward nature; his loving and minute study of it, and the strange, joyous way in which he combines the human emotions with natural scenery.

This pathetic fallacy of attributing human emotions to inanimate things, is especially noticeable in the "Idylls of the King," and the beginning of "Maud."

The poet's humor was striking, and his treatment of love differed widely from that of Browning or Arnold, and is set forth in his Enoch Arden and other poems.

His idea of womanhood is lacking in energy. He regarded her as the mother of a household, rather than as an individual, but it must be remembered that his views were formed according to the lights of the age in which he was born, and in this respect he did not advance.

More than once, unfortunately, Tennyson's poems contain utterances that are narrow and prejudiced, as instanced in his abuse of modern French literature without praising the beauty of the old.

Tennyson's command of style and meter is as wonderful as his choice of words.

He had a passion for refining his verse, continually altering and omitting.

His style was too varied to allow of it being classed, but he is a descriptive, rather than a dramatic or epoch poet.

He was the representative poet of the nation, scholarly and cultured.

Prof. Bensly talked over an hour and held the close attention of his audience.

The class exercise will commence at the next lecture, Friday evening, December 2, when "In Memoriam" will be the subject of discourse and study.

THERE'S MUSIC AHEAD,

Suits to be Filed Against Toledo People.

They Have Been Delinquent in Putting up Their Fire Escapes.

News comes from Columbus to the Bee that State Inspector W. Z. McDonald will soon commence suit against ten Toledo merchants, who have failed to comply with the law providing for the erection of fire escapes on their buildings. Suits are also contemplated against Sandusky and Cleveland parties.

NOTES FROM LIMA.

Lima, O., Nov. 19.—(Special)—Jacob Hilty, who was sentenced last February to a year's imprisonment for being short in his accounts as treasurer of Richland township is home again a free man, having been pardoned by Gov. McKinley. Hilty was more sinned against than sinning, and his many friends are rejoiced at his release, which was brought about by the unflagging efforts of his wife.

The annual meeting of the funeral directors of the northwestern Ohio district has closed after an interesting session. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, S. M. Brown, of Bluffton; vice-president, A. J. Henzie, of Tiffin; secretary, W. H. Matingly, of Lima, and treasurer, H. H. Beelman, of Bloomville. The next session will convene in Upper Sandusky.

The National Cribbage association has decided to meet in this city January 18, 19 and 20, 1893, to play for the championship diamond badge. All the leading players of the United States will be pres-

BOOM IN FLOUR.

The Election of Cleveland Has No Bad Effect

On the Flourishing Mill Interests of Toledo.

The prediction of the calamity howlers relative to the ruin that was to follow Cleveland's election has not been verified. Not much.

The demand for flour has increased, and yesterday the National Milling company and the East Side mills turned out the greatest day's product in its history, viz, 2,256 barrels.

Next week the company hopes to be able to turn out the full capacity of the mills—2,500 barrels.

Arrangements are being made to still further increase the capacity of the mills.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, the old reliable, will cure every case of cough or cold.

Do not go traveling without a bottle of Salvation Oil. It cures a bruise at once. 25 cents.

Crayon, India Ink and Water Color portraits, McKecknie & Oswald, opposite Steedman monument.

A Small Quantity of
Liebig Company's Extract of Beef
Added to any Soup, Sauce or Gravy gives strength and fine flavor
Invaluable in Improved and Economic Cookery. Makes cheapest, purest and best Beef Tea.

Showing the bronchi or wind pipe, with branches so delicate as to be invisible to the naked eye.

DAY'S Bronchial Cure
will restore and keep the bronchial tubes in healthy condition, and thus avert that dreadful disease, consumption, which is deplorably increasing, as mortality statistics show. Do not neglect a cold nor throat ailment, but go to Druggist for
DAY'S BRONCHIAL CURE.
CONTAINS NEITHER OPIUM NOR ALCOHOL.

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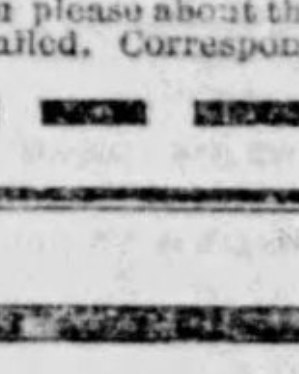

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Why waste time, money and health with "doctors," wonderful "cure-alls," specifics, etc., when for a 2-cent stamp I will send FREE the prescription of a new and positive remedy for the Prompt Lasting Cure of Lost Power, Nightly Emissions, Lack of Energy, all drains and losses, varicocele, and to enlarge, strengthen and develope weak, stunted organs, from early or later excesses or use of tobacco and stimulants, lack of vigor in old or young men quickly restored. I send this prescription FREE of charge, and there is no humbug or advertising catch about it. Any good druggist or physician can put it up for you as everything is plain and simple. I cannot afford to advertise and give away this splendid remedy unless you do me the favor of buying a small quantity from me direct or advise your friends to do so. But you can do as you please about this. You will never regret having written me, as it cured me after all else had failed. Correspondence strictly confidential, and all letters sent in plain sealed envelope.
Address J. D. HOUSE, Box 454, ALBION, MICH.

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HEATERS!
FULL LINE OF....
STOVES!
WE DEVOTE ONE STORE TO THEM EXCLUSIVELY.
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515-517-521 ADAMS STREET.

WONDERLAND

J. H. MOORE, PROPRIETOR.

WEEK COMMENCING NOVEMBER 21.

THE CROWNING MARVEL OF THE AGE!

DOMINGO!

DOMINGO

ONLY WHITE INDIAN CHILD
WITH FLESH AND HAIR
As White as the Wings of a Dove

POSITIVE APPEARANCE OF

A. O. BABEL,

MUSICAL MARVEL.

AND MISS HATTIE BABEL, CORNETIST!

HERMAN MODERN HERCULES. | ITALIAN GYPSY BAND.

IN THE THEATER.

LAROSE BROTHERS COMIQUES

A STRONG VAUDEVILLE ORGANIZATION.

100—OTHER ATTRACTIONS!—100

10 CENTS SEES EVERYTHING 10
THEATER SEATS 5 AND 10 CTS.

AMUSEMENTS.

WHEELER OPERA HOUSE

THANKSGIVING.
MATINEE AND NIGHT ONLY.
The Distinguished Actress,

RHEA!

Under the management of Mr. W. D. Loudoun. Thursday Evening, Nov. 24, Thanksgiving Day, Victorien Sardou's Great Comedy,

PRINCESS ANDREA!

Full of Wit and Humor.
Thanksgiving Matinee, A. R. Haven's Great Historical Drama,

JOSEPHINE

Empress of the French.
PRICES—25, 50, 75c and $1. Sale opens Tuesday next.

PEOPLE'S : THEATER!

THANKSGIVING WEEK.
OPENING MONDAY, NOVEMBER 21ST.
Matinees—Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday.
George Peck's Monster Melo-Dramatic Spectacle,

Under the Lion's Paw!

With a Strong Cast, Tons of Special Scenery, and introducing in the

MENAGERIE SCENE

Col. Boone and Milli Carlotta and their

SEVEN NUBIAN LIONS.

Frolicking, like children, in a Massive Steel Cage.
PRICES—Matinee, 15, 25 and 35c. Evenings, 15, 25, 35, 50 and 75c.
Thursday Matinee Prices same as Evening.

WHEELER OPERA HOUSE

NOVEMBER 21 and 22.
—THE—

Manola-Mason Company!

Monday, Grand Double Bill,
"THE ARMY SURGEON,"
—AND—
"IF I WERE YOU."
TUESDAY—::—::—::—::—::—::—"CASTE."
PRICES—25, 50, 75c and $1. Seats now on sale. Nov. 24, "Rhea."

PEOPLE'S THEATER.

Commencing Monday, Nov. 14.
Matinees Tuesdays, Thursdays, Saturdays.
THE POPULAR

ULLIE AKERSTROM!

Accompanied by a strong company in her new 4-act play, "Miss Roarer." Friday and Saturday "A Little Busybody."
PRICES—Evenings, 15, 25, 35, 50 and 75c.
Matinees, 15, 25 and 35c.

PEOPLE'S—TONIGHT
Also Saturday Matinee and Night

ULLIE AKERSTROM

Change of Bill,

"A LITTLE BUSYBODY."

Next week, Geo. Peck's Monster Melodramatic Spectacle,
"UNDER THE LION'S PAW"

WONDERLAND—J. H. MOORE, Prop'r

ALL THIS WEEK.

UNZIE! Aboriginal Beauty of Australia.

SIG. MUTTY and Monkey with human brain
ZORONO and Den of Alligators.
ORSONO the Wire Haired Marvel.
GERMAN ROSE Lilliputian.

In the Theater
MOWATT'S INTERNATIONALS,
Composed of the
PICKED STARS OF VAUDEVILLE.
10c.—::—::—::—SEES ALL—::—::—::—10c.
Seats in Theater 5c and 10c extra.

PACIFIC GARDEN | 21 and 23 South Erie Street

NOW OPEN
Under the Management of Mr. R. H. WHITE, of Fort Wayne, Ind

FIRST-CLASS
VAUDEVILLE
THEATRE

General Admission 10c. Balcony 25c.
Matinees Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

At Freidman's
Music and Art Department

Can be found a complete line of Florentine Statuary Music Books, Music Rolls and a full line of standard Vocal and instrumental sheet music, at 5c per copy. Catalogue free to any address. 506 Adams street, opposite

AN EARLY WINTER BONNET.

Here is a typical bonnet, some women will say, on looking at it, that it is a hat. But it has a bonnet effect. The model was made of dark red felt, trimmed at the side of the crown with rosettes of black velvet, and a black Prine of Wales plume in ostrich feathers. A long jet buckle completed the trimming. The shape of this new achievement in millinery, besides combining a hat-shape with string so as to produce a bonnet, possesses another quality which I may best illustrate by means of an anecdote. Arrabella was delicate and slender, and she used frequently to faint. Thereby she drove her young man distracted. All this irritated Aunt Betsie excessively. At last Aunt Betsie discovered that Arrabella wore a front piece, it was a beautiful one, the pretty fringe was so well intermingled with Arrabella's own scant locks that no one would ever suspect. But oh, what a different person Arrabella looked without the front. The next time Arrabella "fainted" and her young man, all pallid and scared, screamed for Aunt Betsie, that august body appeared with alacrity.

"Just take off her front piece," she shouted loud and clear, "I'll warrant she'll come to."

She did, she was already "to," but not in time to stay Aunt Betsie's cruel hand—well, it was a shock to Arrabella's young man, but he stood it nobly. And as for Arrabella, it really improved her health, for she never fainted any more.

The application of that little story to the fashion plate lies in the fact that the bonnet was worn with a whole false front of hair, looking exactly as shown in my drawing. The strings cover the juncture of your own hair with that which you have bought, and even Aunt Betsie would hardly detect the fraud.

FLORETTE.

THIS INTERESTS YOU ESPECIALLY.

An eminent physician who has established the highest reputation as a specialist in the cure of nervous and chronic diseases, and whose name is known from the Atlantic to the Pacific, has resolved that if there are sufferers from any form of chronic or long standing disease who want medical advice free, they can have a carefully written letter of advice in regard to their cases, fully explaining their diseases, etc., without charge. If you have not consulted a specialist in your particular disease, or if you have not been helped by your physician, do not give up hope until you have learned what Dr. Greene, 35 W. 14th street, New York, has to say about your case. If you write at once, you may be cured. Send for his symptom blank to fill out. Dr. Greene is the discoverer of the world-famous nerve strengthener and restorative, Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy.

Half fare excursion rates made by T., A. A. & N. M. Ry. on Sunday trains.

AT THE THEATERS,

A Circus Play With Seven Lions In It.

Marion Manola, John Mason and Rhea at Wheeler's.

Robin Hood Coming Soon—A Good Bill at the Wonderland—The Cow Boy Pianist—A Digby Bell Story.

Under the Lion's Paw, a heavy melodramatic production will be seen in this city all next week at the People's theater, with the original cast, comprising Col E. D. Boone and Milli Carlotta, the king and queen of lion tamers, Olive Gates, Mrs. Grace Gayler, Sophie Hunter, Mrs. Helen Lee, W. F. Granger, Charles P. Rice, Dave H. Woods, Chas, O'Brien, James H. Griffon, and others. The production is under the management of Mr. George Peck, an able and experienced manager who has taken great care, in the selection of his company, to engage actors and actresses who were capable of bringing out all the strong points in this powerful melodrama. The piece is built on entirely new lines, differing entirely from the so-called circus dramas. Nothing like it has ever before been presented and it occupies a distinct field of its own. The piece is produced with magnificent scenery, a feature will be Col. E. D. Boone, the great lion tamer, and his charming wife, Milli Calotta, together with their seven giant Nubian lions. All the paraphernalia used in this production is carried in the company's own private baggage car. The lions are exhibited in the third act, which takes place in a circus menagerie, and their performance is given in a massive steel cage, fourteeen feet high, thirty feet in diameter and weighing 6,000 pounds. The large African lion, "Commodore," is also in the last act. Their performance is a triumph of the trainer's skill. Seven huge, shaggy lions frolicking in their steel-encircled den, like children, playing see-saw, leaping, riding bicycles, wrestling, forming pyramids, riding chariots, with all but human intelligence. Colonel Boone is accompanied in the den by two enormous boar hounds, presented to him by Prince Bismarck.

Rhea in Two Plays.

M'lle Rhea, who plays at Wheeler's Thursday, is gaining new distinction by a dignified and superior revival of "Josephine," the stately and noble historic drama, in which she created extraordinary interest throughout the season of 1889-90.

"Josephine" is in six acts. The opening scene represents a ball given by the Emperor Napoleon and the Empress Josephine at the palace of the Tuilleries, during which the project of divorcing the empress is furtively discussed by the crafty Talleyrand, the time-serving Fouche and others who are desirous to bring about that lamentable and mistaken consummation. At the end of this act a courier brings news of the death of the Prince of Holland, which is the knell of Josephine's hope against the divorce.

In the second the divorce is signed in the presence of the imperial council; and just here occurs one of the most explosive and stirring incidents in the paly, when the impetuous and chivalric Murat, (who is now King of Naples), burning with indignant resentment of the wrong done to Josephine, renounces his kingdom and his sword and declares against the emperor.

The third act passes in Napoleon's cabinet. The chief episode in it is the parting between Napoleon and Josephine. This without taking on a specially dramatic tone, is nevertheless a scene of intense interest and tear-compelling pathos, in which Rhea makes memorable disclosure of her emotional powers.

Act furth shows Josephine and her ladies at Malmaison awaiting the announcement of the birth of an heir to Napoleon and Marie Louisa.

Act fifth brings into view the meeting of the two empresses.

The sixth and last act deals with the death of Josephine and the blood-stirring incident of Napoleon's return from Elba on the eve of the ever-memorable Hundred Days. Josephine will be given at the matinee, Thanksgiving day, and Sardou's greatest comedy, Princess Andrea," at the evening's performance.

Mason-Manola Company.

Monday and Tuesday evenings Marion Manola and John Mason will appear at Wheeler's. The opening night they will give a double bill, playing The Army Surgeon and If I Were You. Tuesday evening they will give Caste.

The Mason-Manola combination is one of unusual strength, and the lovers of comedy will enjoy the double bill of contrasting plays presented by this company. This style of entertainment was made popular by Rosina Vokes, and the plays presented by Mr. Mason and Miss Manola require a wide diversity of talent in the members of the company, to enact such different characters in one evening. Miss Manola's artistic work when with Col. McCaull, placed her in the front rank of comediennes.

Robin Hood Coming.

H. A. Mostyn, the English comedian, who was such a success with Alice Huntington last year, has been especially engaged to play the part of the "Sheriff of Nottingham" in Robin Hood, which will be heard in this city shortly. Mr. Mostyn is acknowledged to be the best comedian on the light opera stage, and his interpretation of the role of the high sheriff is said to be one of the best things he has ever done.

At the Wonderland.

This popular resort is being crowded at every performance, which is sufficient evidence that Proprietor Moore's great outlay of cash in constructing this amusement palace is being appreciated by the public.

For the coming week the Wonderland will present a bill sufficient in quality and quantity to satisfy the appetite of the veriest gourmand who ever craved an entertainment composed of features selected for their fitness to amuse and entertain, as one of the strangest programs of the season will be seen, while the feature of the curio hall will be "Domingo," the only white Indian child ever known. He captivates everybody. His dusky parents sit with this little fellow, and the contrast in complexion is the only noticeable distinction, as he resembles both father and mother, who are of a dusky hue, while Domingo's skin and hair are as white as the wings of a dove. He was born on the 17th of June, 1891, at Picayune Rancherio, near Quartz Mountain, in Fresno county, California. His mother, Waneta, is but 16 years of age, and his father, Will Fight, is 19 years. Both are full blooded Indians, and Domingo is the only full blooded Indian albino ever seen.

Another strange feature of the program will be A. O. Babel, the cowboy pianist, and Mattie Babel, cornet soloist, who were advertised for last week.

Herman in Herculean feats will also add to the entertainment. Bioncella's Italian Gipsy band, which made such a favorable impression a few weeks ago, will return, and every stage in the spacious feature hall will be filled with instructive features. While in the theater one of the strangest shows of the season is promised. The feature thereof will be the great trick acrobats, Brothers Larose; $5,000 is offered for their equals. Their most difficult trick being their passing somersault, one throwing a forward sumersault and the other a backward over him, and at the same time.

Kinza Kanncka, juggler from the land of the mikado, will defy the laws of gravity, as only a Jap can.

The sisters Orando Fantasie, dancers, will present an original act which will be something new to Toledoans.

Chas. B. Kirkpatrick, a one-legged bicyclist and dancer, who can do everything on the wheel but fly.

Harry and Lizzie Roth, international duetists, are also booked, while other artists of repute are engaged, and that Wonderland will receive her share of patronage the coming week goes without saying.

DIGBY BELL'S FOUR QUEENS.

They were telling poker stories in back of the scenes at the Globe the other night. Frank Richards had strolled in with Frank Connelly to look after some little business matters, and Digby Bell had smiled and smiled until he thought the audience wouldn't let him stop singing his topical song, says the Boston Herald.

"He never gets rattled," said Frank Connelly, as he pointed to Digby. "Why, Frank Richards isn't half as indifferent as he. I remember when we played in one of the cities of New York state we had done a ripping old business, and Digby hied himself to frolic with the cards. We didn't have to hunt to get together a good crowd for a $2 limit game. Digby Bell, Tom Pryor, De Wolf Hopper, a couple of other fellows and I sat about the table.

"Digby Bell had nothing but money. It was a 'jack,' one of those dear little 'jacks' that get sweetened and sweetened until they're honey.

"Digby picked up his cards. They were four queens and an ace. It was easy. 'I'll open it,' he said with indifference, as he slid in a couple of checks. 'Guess I'll have to frolic,' said Hopper, after a moment's pause.

"Connelly stayed in and so did the other two. Digby Bell discarded his ace and drew one. Hopper threw down one, too. Connelly took a couple. One of the other men drew three and the last a couple of cards.

"And the betting jingled on. Digby started it. Hopper raised him a couple. 'We drop,' said the others.

"They did.

"Digby looked at his four queens and then at the wad. 'Raise you two.' 'So do I,' said Hopper.

"It was too jolly.

"Digby had a sure thing.

"You might have heard the bed ticking.

"They got out of chips and began to use pills to represent the $2 raises. Then they ordered a half pint of beans.

"Up, up went the jackpot.

"'I must stop,' said Digby to Hopper. 'I'm robbing you. I'll call you and take the pot. See my four typewriters,' and he put down the four queens and took a towel to gather in the stuff, which was now away up in the hundreds.

"'Hold on, there,' said Hopper; 'not so fast. I've got their rulers,' and he put down four kings.

"Not a muscle on Digby Bell's face changed as he put back all the money on the table.

"He arose from his seat, put on his top coat, slid on his gloves, wrapped the muffler about his neck, took up his shiny top hat and held it raised on high as he repeated slowly and quite reverently:

"'I—don't—believe—there—is—a—God.'

"Then he left the room."

For Charity Party...

I have Correct Styles
: : in : :

PATENT LEATHER

Oxfords and Shoes

—FOR—

Men and Women.

S. W. NETTLETON.

LETTER LIST.

The following letters remain uncalled for at the Toledo, Ohio, postoffice November 19, 1892. Parties calling for same will please ask for "advertised" letters:

Gents' List.

A—Alexander, J. W.; Aster, D.; Atkin, Clem.

B—Brown, Geo.; Bliemeister, C. M.; Boulis, Clare; Bogart, D. E.; Barry, Wm.; Bennett, Edward; Bowers, Edwin; Belwer, John; Barker, V.; Baker, W. L.; Brown, Willie; Bruce, Jno. A.; Brown, R.; Bishop, John; Baker, John; Bollom, J. H.; Banks, J. E.

C—Calby, W. R.; Caldwell, T. J.; Comley, S. M.; Cook, R.; Cliffe, Prof. B. F.; Consino, Columbus; Clark, Chas. O.; Conteur, Ed.; Carmeau, F. J.; Cromer, J. T. (2); Clarke, C. D.; Craston, M.

D—Dewey, Roland; Dungan, J. J.; Doran, John; Day, Job H.; Davis, Geo.; Doud, Chas.

E—Ely, R. C.; Enderkin, Theo.; Edwards, L. T.; Estelle, J. B.; Edwards, G. A.

F—Foster, S. H.; Fumey, Nimrod; Fiss, F. A.

G—Gibboney, Westley; Greenspan, A.; Geller, A. H.; Gladman, Chas. Gaines, Rev. Marshall; George, Wm.; Gunning, Wm. H.; Gardner, W. E.; Graves, Walter, J.

H—Hiskle, Franc; Hopkins, Samuel; Hall, N. A.; Howell, Sanford A.; Hecker, W. E.; Howell, F. W.; Henderson, Rev. I. R.; Henry, W.; Halis, Geo.; Hower, Geo. E.; Hanks, Edward; Hunt, H. G.; Harlen, E. M.; Howard, E.; Hettinger, C. M.; Henry, C.; Harris, A. L.; Hayes, A. L.

I—Ireland, J.

J—Jetter, J.; Jones, C. S.; Jameson, Cecil; Jordan, A. M. (3).

K—Kozmar, S. (3); Kimball, Ralph; Karschner, M. C.; King, Milton.

L—Lee, Theo.; Lafonnten, Stephen, Lewis, J.; Lake, John; Lane, Edward; Lane, E. T.; Loeb, Cap. Chas.; Lutz, Charles.

M—Major, Charles; Medon, Charles; Meaire, C. S.; Miller, Albert; McHugh, Ed. A.; Mitchell, F. B.; Miller, Geo.; Meyer, Jac.; McElroy, John; Myers, K. M.; McMillan, Mr.; McKenzie, Norman; Madison, S.; Myaing, S.; Mutzbaur, Theo; Merrienn, W. S.

N—Noaph, Albert; Norton, M. G.

O—Otis, C. P.

P—Pope, Roscoe; Peterson, Peter; Pluth, Joseph; Pfund, Chas. Piternek, Broda; Paerksen, August.

R—Robison, Wm. Riley; Roemer, S. A.; Rosenheimer, Ray F.; Read, Moses; Reed, J. M.; Rother, Jacob; Randell, Henry; Rippery, K.

S—Somme, Chas.; Smith, G. W.; Schaefer, Wm.; Spear, Geo.; Sanford, Henry P.; Soltman, Wm.; Schluht, H.; Scott, James, F.; Schwane, J.; Schult, J. W.; Suma, Joe.; Steig, Levi; Smith, L. L.; Swan, L. W.; Stiffle, Milton; Sloat, R. S.; Sutton, R. A.; Saunders, Herman; Scott, S. O.; Scott, H. S.

T—Tyrie, Jack A.; Tary, Henry; Terhune, Paul; Thrush, Geo. H.; Tauzer, August.

V—Vogel, Wm.; Van Epps, G. Van.

W—Wales, Q. O.; Wilcox, S. A.; Wherman, John; White, J.; Walters, J.; Wehe, F.; Williams, Frank B.; Weller, Arthur B.; White, C. C.

Y—Youse, J. F.; Young, W. S.

Z—Zoniver, M.; Zanowski, Fred.

Ladies' List.

B—Boshaw, Miss Della; Berch, Miss Lottie; Buchele, Maggie; Bastle, Rutha.

C—Cavanaugh, Mary; Case, Mrs. E.; Clark, Mrs. John; Crane, Mrs. M. A.; Cummings, Mrs. L. M.; Carter, Agnes E.

D—Dittman, Miss Alice; Downing, Louise; Davenport, Nettie; Dallson, Rose; Dowling, Zoe.

E—Egle, Miss Rosa; Evans, Mrs. Mary.

F—Friend, Mrs. Eva; Flanagan, Mrs. Mary.

G—Goodall, Mrs. Alice.

H—Haley, Miss Lizzie; Hall, Miss Mary; Hinoon, Minnie; Hall, Mrs. Mary; Hunter, Mrs. John J.; Haunter, Miss Hattie; Hartman, Gussie.

J—Johnson, Mrs. Mary.

K—Kenyon, Sadie; Klotz, Marie; Kate, 200 Water street; Kent, Louisa; Krier, Miss Emma.

L—Ludkin, Mrs. W.; Langdon, Miss M.; Lam, Miss Lidy; Long, Mrs. Laura; Lockard, Mrs. Carrie; Luse, Mrs. C. P.

M—Matner, Miss Agnes; Mott, Miss Dora M. (2); McKean, Mrs. Emma; Morgan, Mrs. H. A.; Moore, Mrs. J.; Massengill, Mrs. J. E.; Motte, Miss May; McFarland, Carrie; McIntaggart, Maggie; Marshall, Mrs.

N—Nelson, Miss Ella.

P—Pucher, Eva; Platt, Mrs. E. L.

Q—Querin, Eva.

R—Rige, Gertie; Richards, Miss Eva; Raycroft, Mrs. Mattie; Reeler, Mrs. Emma; Rultz, Miss Lillie.

S—Swayne, Mrs. Rose; Sherer, Miss Rose; Shipley, Mrs. Newton; Sturgeon, Mrs. M. M.; Smith, Miss M. C.; Schultz, Lizzie; Seymour, Lizzie; Sholer, Mrs. J.; Serrick, Clara T.; Simmons, Miss Alice.

T—Taylor, Miss Sarah; Teegarden, Mrs. J. B.; Tanner, Emma S.; Thompson, Minnie V. R.; Tiernan, Miss Ray.

V—Valee, Mrs. Lida; Van Pelt, Jennie; Van Pelt, Alice; Vincent, Addie.

W—Wolff, Mrs. Ulrich; White, Mrs. N.; Ward, Miss Mary E.; Winters, Lillie; Wheeler, Miss Grace; Wayen, Mrs. F.; Worts, Mrs. Emily; Watkins, Mrs. A.

Y—Young, Mrs. Marie.

Miscellaneous.

Burde, J. S. & Co.; Craig Baking Powder Co.; Domant, Joseph & Co.; D. R., 1029 Indiana avenue; Hill Clutch Works; Prest. Normal University; Page & Bassett; Smith & Fetherstone; Storrs & Fish; Smith, V. B. & Son; Toledo Metallic Paint Co.; Tummey, F. J. & Co.; Tulidge, Frank & Co.; Flatt Bros.

Packages.

Bruce, John A.; Harbauer, Rose; Kimble, Chas. E.; Nakel, Cloyd M.; Pratt, Annie.

An unlooked for opportunity is offered to test the efficacy of Johann Hoff's Malt Extract. La Grippe is raging universal. The effects are extremely debilitating. Your constitution needs strengthening; your stomach an invigorator. The genuine Johann Hoff's Malt Extract is known to do all this and more. It will aid digestion, increase the appetite, and store up fat. Dr. Fricke, a well known practitioner of Philadelphia, writes: "In my own case of impaired digestion it has benefited me more than all other remedial agents which I have used." Be sure to obtain the genuine which must have the signature of "Johann Hoff" on the neck of every bottle.

Owing to the Rapid Increase of Our Business,

It was necessary for us to have more room. We have therefore added the second and third floors of No. 127 Summit Street to our Immense Establishment. Parties in need of anything in the line of

Furniture, Carpets, Stoves and Household Goods!

Will find it to their advantage to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere

PEOPLE'S OUTFITTING COMPANY,

127-129-131 Summit St., Bet. Monroe and Jefferson.

CASH : OR : EASY : PAYMENTS!

MOTHERS! MOTHERS!

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain; cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

THANKSGIVING DINNERS

Will be made more than ever memorable with the assistance of the Martha Washington cook-book, which is sent free to any address on receipt of 10 cents in stamps by E. O. McCormick, G. P. & T. Agent Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton railroad, Cincinnati, O. The C., H. & D. edition of the famous cook book contains 320 pages of old and tried recipes, fully illustrated. Be thankful, too, that the superb train service of the C., H. & D. via Cincinnati to the south make a journey to the milder climates of southland comfortable and pleasureable.

TROUBLE FOLLOWED.

New Orleans, La., Nov. 19.—The charges of conspiracy, intimidation and violation of the interstate commerce law brought against nearly a hundred leaders in the recent strike, is on the docket for preliminary hearing in the United States court to-day. Strenuous efforts are being made in the interest of harmony to induce the withdrawal of the complaint.

Worms in Horses

The only sure cure for Pin Worms in Horses known, is Steketee's Hog Cholera Cure. Never fails to do what it is recommended to do. Try it. Send 60c in U. S. postage and I will send by mail, or ask your druggist for it and pay him 50c. Address G. G. STEKETEE, Grand Rapids, Mich.

NOTICE.

Henry W. McVickar, William Bard McVickar, Anna McVickar and Fannie McVickar, who are supposed to reside in the city of New York, in the state of New York, Charles Wyatt, Lisa Wyatt and Fannie Wyatt, who are supposed to reside in the city of Baltimore, Maryland, Edward Payson Lee, who is supposed to reside in Boston, Massachusetts, and Mary McNutty, Arabella C. Kneeland, Ephemia Haight, and the unknown heirs of Henry McVickar, deceased, whose places of residence are unknown, will take notice that on the 12th day of November, 1892, Timothy Linehan, administrator de bonis non of Dennis Linehan, deceased, filed his petition in the Probate Court of Lucas County, Ohio, and which petition is still pending therein, the object and prayer of which is to obtain an order from said court for the sale of certain real estate belonging to the estate of said Dennis Linehan, deceased, and described as the east (22 33-100) twenty-two and 33-100 acres of the north (62 33-100) sixty-two and 33-100 of the west (102 33-100) one hundred and two and 33-100 acres of the southwest fractional quarter of section (30) thirty in town (9) nine south range (5) five east, for the payment of the debts of said decedent and in which real estate defendants above named claim some interest. Said defendants are notified to answer or demur to said petition on or before January 14, 1893.

T. J. M'DONNELL,
Plaintiff's Attorney.

first pub sat nov-12-19-26-dec-3-10-17

RADWAY'S PILLS!

AN EXCELLENT AND MILD CATHARTIC
The Great Liver and Stomach Remedy

For the Cure of all Disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Headache, Constipation, Costiveness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Fever, Inflammation of the Bowels, Piles and all Derangements of the Internal Viscera. Purely Vegetable, containing no Mercury, Minerals or Deleterious Drugs.
Price 25c per box.
Sold by all Druggists.

DYSPEPSIA.

DR. RADWAY'S PILLS are a cure for this complaint. They restore strength to the stomach and enable it to perform its functions. The symptoms of Dyspepsia disappear, and with them the liability of the system to contract diseases. Take the medicine according to the directions and observe what we say in "False and True" respecting diet.

Observe the following symptoms resulting from diseases of the digestive organs: Constipation, inward piles, fullness of blood in the head, acidity of the stomach, nausea, heartburn, disgust of food, fullness or weight of the stomach, sour eructations, sinking or fluttering of the heart, choking or suffocating sensation when in a lying posture, dimness of vision, dots or webs before the sight, fever and dull pain in the head, deficiency of perspiration, yellowness of the skin and eyes, pain in the side, chest, limbs and sudden flashes of heat, burning in the skin.

A few doses of RADWAY'S PILLS will free the system of all the above-named disorders.

Send a letter stamp to DR. RADWAY & CO., No. 32 Warren Street, New York, for "False and True."

QUEEN & CRESCENT ROUTE.
94 MILES SHORTEST TO NEW ORLEANS
110 MILES SHORTEST TO

94 Miles the Shortest • 8 Hours the Quickest.
Cincinnati to New Orlean
SOLID VESTIBULED TRAINS.

110 Miles the Shortest. • 7 Hours the Quickest.
CINCINNATI TO ST AUGUSTINE, FLORIDA
The only line running through Sleeping Cars.

ONLY LINE FROM CINCINNATI TO
Chattanooga, Tenn., Fort Payne, Ala., Meridian, Miss., Vicksburg, Miss., Shreveport, La.
20 Miles the Shortest Cincinnati to Lexington, Ky.
8 Hours Quickest Cincinnati to Knoxville, Tenn.
116 Miles the Shortest Cincinnati to Atlanta and Augusta, Ga.
114 Miles the Shortest Cincinnati to Anniston, Ala.
20 Miles the Shortest Cincinnati to Birmington, Ala.
5 Hours Quickest Cincinnati to Mobile, Ala.

Direct connections at New Orleans and Shreveport for
TEXAS, MEXICO and CALIFORNIA.

Through Cars without change via Knoxville, Asheville and Hot Springs and Charleston, S. C.

Pullman Boudoir Sleepers on [illegible]

Over One Million Acres of land in Alabama, the future Great State of the South subject to pre-emption. Unsurpassed climate.
For Rates, Maps, etc., address
BERT SHAW,
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D. MILLER, Traf. Manager.
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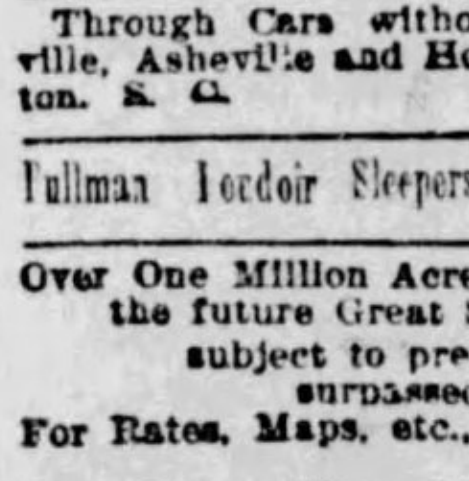
CINCINNATI, OHIO.

DR. C. G. CLARK'S BOTANIC LIVER PILLS

Contain no calomel, mandrake, croton oil, or poison; will not irritate, constipate, weaken or gripe, and act on the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidney and Blood. If you feel bad, have a sallow skin, dark spots under your eyes, have sick spells, use these, the best pills made, and get well. Having so many calls at my office for these Pills, I have concluded to put them into the drug stores First, at East, North and West Toledo, Ironville, Auburndale, Air Line Junction, and I. N. Reed's Drug store. Try them and you will use no others. For wholesale at West & Truax, Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, and at my office, 419 Madison street, Toledo, Ohio.



ROAD NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a petition will be presented to the Commissioners of Lucas County, at their next session November, A. D., 1892, praying for the vacation of a county road on the following line, to-wit: Beginning at the east line of Fourth avenue at the intersection of the center line of Albion street and extending to the south line of Delaware avenue, all being in Whitney's extension of Clifton Park in Washington township, Lucas County, state of Ohio.

IRENE BYRKIT.

sat-nov-5-12-19-26.

ORCHARD GROVE!

These lots, on Dorr, Lenk and Wisconsin, have Stone Pavement, Stone Sidewalk, Sewer, Water, both Gases, and these improvements are all paid for. Prices, $600 to $875 each. These lots are approximately 25 per cent. cheaper than any similar lots in city. Easy Payments.

F. B. LOSEE & CO., Cor. Summit and Madison.

REAL ESTATE!

"CURTIS AND SCRIBNER'S ADDITION!"

Is the Pride of East Toledo.

We have just placed it upon the market. It lies between OAK, YONDOTA, NAVARRE and NEVADA streets. Lots all "high and dry." Everybody will want one, but, unfortunately, we haven't enough to go round. So Come early and get your choice. Lots, $300 to $500 each. Easy payments.

F. A. KUMLER,
11 and 12 Chamber of Commerce.

TRAVELERS' REGISTER

Corrected by William Gates, Boody House Ticket Office.

All trains run on Central Standard time, which is 28 minutes slower than City time. Trains marked * (star) daily.

The Pennsylvania Station.

Pennsylvania Lines.

Summit, Chestnut & Mulberry Sts.

TICKET OFFICES at Station and on Madison Street, under Boody House.
THROUGH TRAINS RUN AS FOLLOWS BY CENTRAL TIME
* Daily. † Daily, except Sunday

FROM TOLEDO TO	Arrive.	Depart.
Phila. & New York..	†9:45 a m	†7:20 a m
Balto. & Washt'n....	†9:45 a m	†7:20 a m
Mansfield & Pittsburg	†9:45 a m	†7:20 a m
Phila. & New York..	†5:10 p m	†2:25 p m
Balto & Washt'n....	†5:10 p m	†2:25 p m
Mansfield & Pittsburg	†5:10 p m	†2:25 p m
Phila. & New York..	*11:25 p m	*9:00 p m
Balto. & Washt'n....	*11:25 p m	*9:00 p m
Mansfield & Pittsburg	*11:25 p m	*9:00 p m

THE LAKE SHORE ROUTE

UNION DEPOT.

Norwalk Division—East.	Arrive.	Depart.
Bos. & Chi. Accom....	9:45 a m	5:05 p m
Bos. & Chi. special....	*7:40 a m	
New York Express....	*10:55 p m	*9:50 a m
Chicago Mail..........	*2:47 a m	
Buffalo Accom.........	7:35 p m	6:00 a m
Norwalk Accom........	1:40 p m	8:35 p m
Sandusky Division—East.		
Bos. & N. Y. Special.		*5:00 p m
N. Y. & Chicago Lim.	*3:25 a m	*11:55 p m
Chi. & N. Y. Ex.....	*1:55 p m	*10:30 p m
Buffalo & Chi. Accom	9:35 a m	5:12 p m
Atlantic Express......		*4:05 a m
Accommodation	7:45 p m	5:40 a m
Fast Mail............		*2:55 p m
Old Road—West.		
Chicago Accom.......	*9:15 a m	*7:50 p m
Boston & Chi. Special		*7:45 a m
Fast N. Y. & Bos. Ex	*10:25 p m	
Fast Mail	*2:50 p m	
Michigan Accom......	4:40 p m	9:50 a m
Air Line Division—West.		
Chi. & Bos. Special..	*4:55 p m	
Atlantic Express......	*3:55 a m	
N. Y. & Chi. Lim....	*11:50 p m	*8:30 a m
Chicago Fast Mail....		*2:57 a m
Chicago Express......		*2:00 p m
Pacific Express........		*11:10 p m
Buff. & Chi. Accom...	4:25 p m	10:00 a m
Kendallville Accom...	9:20 a m	6:00 p m
Jackson Branch.		
Express	9:15 a m	9:50 a m
Express	4:40 p m	7:50 p m
Lansing Branch.		
Express	2:50 p m	9:50 a m
Express	10:25 p m	
Kalamazoo & Grand Rapids Branch.		
Express	2:50 p m	11:10 p m
Express	10:25 p m	9:50 a m
Detroit Branch.		
Express	9:42 a m	7:42 a m
Express	4:48 p m	10:10 a m
Express	8:22 p m	4:05 p m

CINCINNATI, HAMILTON & DAYTON.

Union Depot.

Cin. & Ind. Express..	*5:25 a m	10:15 a m
Cin. & Ind. Express..	4:00 p m	*3:30 p m
Cin. & Ind. Express..	9:00 p m	*11:40 p m
Cincinnati Express....	11:20 a m	6:45 a m
Cin. Ex., Sun. only....	9:40 a m	
Find. & B. G. Ex....	8:40 a m	8:45 a m
Find. & B. G. Ex....	4:00 p m	8:30 p m
Find. & B. G. Ex....	9:00 p m	6:05 p m
Find. & B. G. Ex....	11:20 a m	10:15 a m

Through solid trains between Toledo and Findlay. Through cars between Toledo, Bowling Green and North Baltimore.

WABASH RAILWAY.

Union Depot.

Pacific Express.......	*8:55 p m	*12:10 a m
Kansas City Express..	4:15 p m	10:20 a m
St. Louis Express....	*7:40 a m	*5:20 p m
Defiance Accom.......	8:00 a m	4:45 p m

MICHIGAN CENTRAL

"The Niagara Falls Route."

Mackinac & Det. Ex.	9:20 p m	4:20 p m
N. Y. & Boston Ex..	*10:05 a m	*7:48 a m
New York Express....	*11:30 p m	*9:05 p m
Detroit Express.....	*3:20 p m	*5:30 a m

WHEELING & LAKE ERIE RAILWAY.

Depot—Cherry Street.

Washt'n, Balto & N Y	6:25 p m	7:45 a m
Washt'n, Balto & N Y	2:00 p m	1:00 p m
Massillon Express.....	*9:45 a m	*5:30 p m
Local Freights........	4:30 p m	6:35 a m

CINCINNATI, JACKSON & MACKINAW.

Chicago & Tol. Ex....	12:10 p m	6:30 p m
Mail & Express........	4:45 p m	7:20 a m
Local	8:50 p m	6:10 a m
Devil's Lake Excurs'n, Sunday only	7:00 p m	7:20 a m

TOLEDO, ANN ARBOR & NORTH MICHIGAN.

Frankfort Mail.......	10:30 p m	5:45 a m
Clare Express	1:10 p m	2:40 p m
Ann Arbor Accom......	8:55 a m	10:20 a m
Owosso Accom.........	*9:10 p m	*8:30 a m

*Sunday only—

Toledo, St. Louis & Kansas City R.R.

WEST AND SOUTHWEST.

2 TRAINS DAILY TO ST. LOUIS, MO.

SLEEPING CARS. FREE CHAIR CARS.

Union Depot.

St. Louis Day Ex....	10:20 p m	6:25 a m
St. Louis Night Ex..	*9:20 a m	*5:25 p m
Delphos Pass.........	8:30 a m	4:30 p m

COLUMBUS, HOCKING VALLEY & TOLEDO.

Buckeye Route.

Columbus Express....	*9:30 a m	*6:35 a m
O. R. Mail & Ex.....	2:25 p m	10:30 a m
Columbus Express....	*8:20 p m	*5:20 p m

"OHIO CENTRAL LINES."

T. & O. C. Division.

Depot East End Cherry Street Bridge.

Col. & Athens Ex......	3:20 p m	10:25 a m
Bucyrus & Fost'ra Ex	9:00 a m	5:30 p m
Toledo & Bucyrus Ac.	6:40 p m	7:10 a m

T., C. & C. Division.

Depot East End Cherry Street Bridge.

Find. & Ken. Ex.....	*9:20 a m	7:50 a m
Find. & B. G. Ex.....	3:15 p m	10:50 a m
Find & Ken. Ex.....	6:35 p m	*5:10 p m

FLINT & PERE MARQUETTE.

Passengers going via the above line leave from Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railway Depot, as follows:

Depart via M. C. R. R.	5:30 a m
Depart via L. S. R'y.	10:10 a m
Depart via M. C. R. R.	4:20 p m
Depart via M. C. R. R.	*9:05 p m
Arrive via M. C. R. R.	3:20 p m
Arrive via M. C. R. R.	*10:05 a m
Arrive via L. S. R'y.	4:42 p m
Arrive via M. C. R. R.	*11:20 p m

*Daily

Connections are made at Monroe or Detroit with F. & P. M. R. R. trains for all stations on that road in Michigan.

LAKE AND RIVER STEAMERS

LAKE SUPERIOR TRANSIT COMPANY.

Buffalo, Erie, Cleveland, Detroit, Duluth.

For stateroom, berths and all information address, or call on T. H. [illegible], ticket agt., [illegible]

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has this day been appointed and qualified as administrator de bonis non of the estate of Dennis Linehan, late of Lucas county, Ohio, deceased.

TIMOTHY LINEHAN.

Dated at Toledo, this 29th day of October, 1892.

sat-nov-5-12-19

PEOPLE DO NOT SUSPECT

HOW SMALL A SAVING WILL TEMPT THE AVERAGE DEALER THE JUICE OF CHOICE RIPE FRUIT, FOR FLAVORING SODA WATER, COSTS A QUARTER OF A CENT A GLASS, YET HALF THE DRUGGISTS USE A COUNTERFEIT. WHEN YOU BUY AN ARTICLE THAT YOU KNOW BUT LITTLE ABOUT, A PIANO FOR INSTANCE, ONE THAT YOU HAVE NEVER BOUGHT BEFORE AND NEVER EXPECT TO BUY AGAIN, TO WHOM DO YOU GO? NOT TO ONE WHO DEALS IN COUNTERFEITS.

STEINWAY, GILDEMEESTER & KROEGER, KURTZMANN, STUVVESANT---SELF-PLAYING---SYMPHONY.

C. J. WOOLLEY & CO., 311 SUPERIOR ST.
TWENTY-FOUR YEARS PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE.

BISSELL & DODGE
518 SUMMIT STREET.
Electrical Supplies, Motors, Dynamos, Wiring, Iron and Wood Working Tools, Mill Supplies and Specialties, New and Second-Hand Machinery

MARKETS OF THE WORLD

Splendid Business Prospsets Ahead.

Condition of Trade in Various Cities.

What Is Going on in the Grain Pits of the World—What People Buy and What They Pay for It.

In New York, at 12 o'clock, November wheat closed at 77c; December at 77 1-2c, and May at 84 1-4c, a loss on each of 1-2c. November corn at 50 1-2c; December at 51c, both unchanged. December oats at 36 1-8c, a loss of 3-8c.

In Chicago November wheat closed at 71 7-8c, a loss of 1-2c; December at 72 7-8c, and May at 79 1-8c, a loss of 3-4c. November corn at 41 3-4c; December at 42c, unchanged; May at 47 1-8c, a loss of 1-8c.

In Toledo the trading in wheat, cash and future, has been light. The market is utterly without snap or interest, and there is no feature in the deal.

On the call December wheat sold at 75 1-8c to 75c. On the regular board December sold at 74 3-4c and closed at that, a loss on each of 1-4c.

Cash wheat was a little more active than yesterday, and closed 1-4c lower. No. 2 soft sold at 74 1-2c, and at close 74c was the market. No. 3 soft at 66 1-2c to 67c, closing at 66 3-4c. In the L. S. No. 2 soft sold at 74 3-4c and No. 3 at 68 1-2c; No. 4 soft L. S., 62c; rejected No. 1 at 62c; No. 2 at 55 1-2c.

Corn—No. 2, 43c; No. 3, 42c; No. 4, 39c.

Clover seed was moderately active and steady. November was 5c higher. Prime medium at $8.00, November at $8.00, December at $8.00, January at $8.05, March at $8.15, No. 2 at $7.75 to 7.80. On the corresponding Saturday in 1891 prime medium sold for cash at $5.10.

Iron Ore Trade.

Cleveland, O., Nov. 19.—The Iron Trade Review says this week: From a statistical view point, the iron trade is in excellent condition, and the strengthening tendency in price lists, noted in the raw iron market for some weeks, continues; yet these facts are discounted for the time being by a falling down in certain lines of finished material. There is a lull in inquiry, and orders are on a smaller gauge than in the weeks preceding the election. Some building enterprises, it is well known, are temporarily put aside. Instance might be cited of manufacturing firms, who, having planned additions to their works, owing to the pressure of demand for their product, are now disposed to wait and see whether this pressing demand will keep up. The placing of orders for a large amount of structural iron waits on a good many decisions of this sort. While iron manufacturers do not look for any sudden disturbance to business and certainly will not indulge in the sort of talk that would bring about such a result, there is a tone of conservatism in operations. Buyers wait, with a view to getting the benefit of any variation in the market that may happen to be in their favor. When the fact is generally appreciate that there will be no change in tariff legislation for over a year, and that any change made by the next congress would not take effect for, say, 18 months, from the present time, there will be no hesitancy about re-entering the market.

From Gladstone a moderate amount of Chapin ore has been coming down within the month.

The movement of ore by water this season will run close to 8,200,000 gross tons, to which add all rail shipments, an unknown quantity as yet, to get the total ore shipments for the year. It is evident that the 1890 record will not be reached. In the past week there have been scattering sales of ore, in lots of from 1,000 to 10,000 tons, but many furnacemen, who, it is known, have not covered their requirements for the winter and spring seem content to limit buying to the immediate future.

Mills are still pressed to supply the demand upon them with prices on a basis of $1.65 for bar iron. Activity in the shipyards has brought a number of goodly plate and angle orders to local mills. The Cleveland Rolling Mill company secured the plates for the last vessel contract taken by the Detroit Drydock company.

Building iron and steel has seen an active market through the fall with a quieter state of things in the past week. Figuring has been close on business offered and prices of two or three weeks ago have been shaded. The market for old material is stronger, and valley mills have bought largely of old iron rails.

Dun's Trade Review.

New York, Nov. 19.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says: No important trading appears in the condition of business, the distribution of products continues enormous, production by manufacturers is greater on the whole than in any previous year, and while some hesitation is seen about entering into new accounts the general tone of business and industries is remarkably healthy.

Trading in cotton has been much the largest ever known in one week, but stock dealing has been only moderate. At Boston, business continues large, collections good, money easy. In general the situation is unchanged, excepting that wool is more quiet. The shoe trade is in good shape and lumber active. At Philadelphia the open weather effects trade in heavy dry goods. Wool is very quiet. Corn is in good demand. Money is a little lighter, much being placed at 6 per cent. No material change is seen at Baltimore. At Pittsburg demand for pig iron is good, and finished products are moving freely. Plate glass is very dull, but other glass trade unchanged. A strike in the harness manufacture at Cincinnati during the busy season disturbs sales. In most lines business at Cleveland is good. Some large orders for pig have been countermanded. There is a strong demand for money. Manufacturers continue busy at Indianapolis and jobbing good. Business is prosperous in all lines at Detroit.

Chicago reports good wholesale trade and collections. Receipts of corn, wheat and butter show large increase but decrease seen in oats and wool, dressed beef, hides, flour and rice. Money is in strong demand at 10 per cent. Trade continues strong at St. Louis with collections prompt. Milwaukee reports larger trade with good demand for money. Jobbers at St. Paul report backward collections.

At Kansas City, cattle receipts are large but grain receipts light, money in better demand and business farily active. Denver reports very satisfactory trade. At Louisville trade is about average, but dull in Little Rock, with a small cotton movement. At Nashville business is improving.

Sales of cotton amounted to 2,290,000 bales, with an advance of 3-8 of a cent. In wheat and corn advances of 3-8c were made but oats a quarter lower. A rise of nearly 1c occurred in coffee. Except for cotton, speculative markets have been comparatively dull.

In the great industries little change is seen. Shipments of boots and shoes from the east continue to largely exceed those of last year. Cattle receipts at Chicago are falling behind. Colliers are now only working half time. In pig iron, some hesitation of buyers is seen with cancellation of postponement of orders, but the situation is considered very healthy. The bar mills are said to be near the end of their orders. A sale of steel rails at the fixed price is reported. October exports of principal products were $15,095,458 smaller than last year, and in two weeks of November, the decrease here has been $2,000,000. This fact, with a large increase in imports, has caused an advance in foreign exchange to 4.87 1-2, and with money dearer at London and cheaper here, there is thought to be some prospect of gold exports.

The business failures occurring throughout the country during the past seven days number 240 as compared with totals of 210 last week. For the corresponding week of last year the figures were 285.

Cotton.

St. Louis, Nov. 19.—Cotton—The market is steady. Middling at 9 1-2c. Receipts, 2,700 bales; shipments, 3,000 bales; stock, 37,300 bales; sales, 300 bales.

Memphis, Nov. 19.—Cotton—The market is steady. Middling selling at 9 3-8c. Receipts, 2,435 bales; shipments, 1,549 bales; stock, 63,900 bales; sales 600 bales.

New York, Nov. 19.—Net receipts at all United States ports during the week were 255,672 bales, for the same week last year 328,669 bales; total receipts at all United States ports to date 2,212,870 bales, same date last year 3,035,110 bales; exports for the week 242,856 bales, same week last year 237,662 bales; total exports to date 1,333,312 bales; same date last year 1,577,517 bales; stock at all United States ports 1,011,750 bales, same time last year 1,175,654 bales; stock at all interior towns 130,939 bales, same time last year 215,766 bales; stock at Liverpool 1,163,000 bales, same time last year 832,000 bales; stock of American afloat for Great Britain 300,000 bales, same time last year 450,000 bales.

Turpentine.

Wilmington, Nov. 19.—Quiet at 28c.
Charleston, Nov. 19.—Dull at 28c.
Savannah, Nov. 19.—Firm at 28 1-4c.

Dry Goods.

New York, Nov. 19.—There was a continued good demand for cotton goods. Sales during the week have been very large in brown, bleached and colored descriptions. There was also more doing in ginghams and other specialties. Standard and three-yard sheetings and drills, medium and fine brown and bleached goods, and colored goods, as stirped tickings and cottonades, were active at advanced prices. Demand was good also for wide sheetings.

Wool.

Boston, Nov. 19.—The wool market is quiet. The actual sales of the week amounted to 3,450,000 pounds. Prices are steady but not materially changed, although Ohio fleeces are very firm and tending upward, sales of XX and XXX and above being made at 29@30c, X at 27c, and No. 1 at 32@33c. Michigan X is also very steady at 25 1-2@26c, generally quoted. Combing and delaine fleeces are quiet and firm. Territory wool is unchanged in price, but rather quiet on the basis of 55@58c for fine, 43@54c for fine medium, and 48@50c for medium. Sales of 500,000 pounds of fall Texas wool were made at 18@20c, or on a scoured basis of 50c per lb. This is the only business of importance doing in Texas or California wool. Pulled wools are quiet and steady at 33@38c for fair to good supers. Australia wool is firm, and foreign carpet woo lsaresteady.

Philadelphia, Nov. 19.—Market quiet. Prices nominal and without change. Ohio, Pennsylvania and West Virginia XX and above at 28@29c, extra at 25@28c, medium at 33@34c, coarse at 33@34c, New York, Michigan, Indiana and western fine or X and XX at 24@26c, medium at 32@33c, and coarse at 32@33c, fine washed delaine X and XX at 28@32c, medium washed combing and delaine at 35@36c, coarse at 34@35c, Canada washed combing at 31@32c, tub-washed, choice at 36@38c, fair at 35@36c, coarse at 33@34c, medium unwashed combing and delaine at 25@27c, coarse at 25@26c, bright unwashed clothing fine or X and XX at 19@21c, medium at 24@27c, coarse at 24 1-2@25c, dark earthy unwashed clothing fine at 15@17c, medium at 18@21c, coarse at 18@21c, Montana fine at 22 1-2c., medium at 18@22c, coarse at 19@22 1-2, Territorial fine at 13@21c.

Live Stock.

East Liberty, Nov. 19.—Cattle—Receipts 820 head, shipments 740 head. The market was steady. Prime steers ranged at $4.65@4.90 per cwt, fair to good at $4.10@4.40, common at $3.25@3.50, stockers and feeders at $2.50@3.50, bulls, cows and stags at $1.00@3.00, bologna cows at $4.00@12.00 each, fresh cows at $20.00@40.00. No cattle shipped to New York to-day.

Hogs—Receipts 4,350 head, shipments 4,200 head. The market was steady. Sales of fair to best Philadelphias at $5.70@5.80 per cwt, best mixed at $5.60@5.65, fair to best Yorkers at $5.40@5.55. Fourteen cars of hogs shipped to New York to-day.

Sheep—Receipts 200 head, shipments none. The market was slow at unchanged prices. Prime sheep at $4.40@4.60 per cwt, fair to godd do at $3.00@4.00, common at $1.25@1.50, lambs at $3.00@5.00.

Veal calves—At $5.75@6.25 per cwt.

Cleveland, Nov. 19.—Cattle—Receipts, 2 cars, 1 car consigned direct to local butchers. Market steady on good grades of butcher steers and heifers; slow on common and thin quality of cows and heifers. Good butcher bulls steady. Choice family milch cows in demand. Following are quotations: Choice export steers of 1,450 lbs. and upwards selling at $4.35@4.75 per cwt., prime butcher steers of 1,200 to 1,400 lbs. at $4.00@4.25, do of 1,100 to 1,200 lbs. at $2.75@4.00, do 900 to 1,100 lbs. at $3.60@3.50, rough, common and grassy steers of 1,100 to 1,200 lbs. average at $3.50@3.75, do 900 to 1,100 lbs. average at $2.75@3.25, good and choice heifers at $2.75@3.25, thin to fair do at $2.25@2.50, good to choice cows at $2.75@3.00, thin to common quality at $2.10@2.50, good fat butcher bulls at $2.75@3.00, common to good bulls at $2.25@2.50, bologna bulls at $1.75@2.25, choice family milch cows and calves at $40.00@50.00 each, common to good do at $20.00@35.00, springers and common at $10.00@15.00.

Veal Calves—Receipts light. The market is steady and active at quotations. The demand is good and desirable veals selling readily. Common and coarse slow. Choice native veal salable at $5.75@6.25 per cwt, fair to good do at $5.50@5.75, coarse and common at $3.50@4.25, yearlings and fed calves at $2.25@3.25.

Hogs—Receipts 2,520 head, shipments 475 head. The market was strong to 5@10c higher, with all offerings on sale disposed of. About all offerings were taken by local packers, with pigs and roughs out of market. Closing strong. Selected medium and heaviest at $5.70@5.80 per cwt, good mixed hogs at $5.60@5.70, corn fed pigs at $5.10@5.30, roughs at $4.25@4.85, stags at $4.00@4.50.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts 5 cars. The market was steady on good buthcher grades. Quotations: Choice grades of sheep of 90 lbs and upwards at $3.75@4.10 per cwt, medium to good quality at $3.25@3.75, fair to medium quality at $2.75@3.25, culls to common grades at $2.00@2.50, good fat bucks at $2.50@2.75, common to good at $2.25@2.50. Lambs, choice grades of 75 to 90 lbs at $4.75@5.10, fair to good quality at $4.25@4.50, common to fair at $3.25@4.00.

New York, Nov. 19.—Cattle—Receipts 1,784 head, including 58 cars for sale. The market was slow and a shade lower. Sales of common to medium grades native steers at $315@4.95 per cwt, bulls and cows at $1.00@3.05. Dressed beef was dull at 7@8 1-2c per lb. Shipments to-morrow 907 beeves and 7,720 quarters of beef.

Calves—Receipts 236 head. The market was steady. Sales of veals at $6.50@7.00 per cwt, grassers at $2.00@2.62 1-2, western at $3.00@3.25.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts 4,118 head. The market was very dull. Sheep sold at $3.25@5.00 per cwt, lambs at $4.75@5.75. Dressed mutton was slow at 6 1-2@8c per lb., and dressed lambs dull at 7@8 1-2c.

Hogs—Receipts 2,711 head, including 2 cars for sale. The market was steady. Sales at $5.40@6.10 per cwt.

TOLEDO PRICES CURRENT.

Corrected daily at King's elevator.—Grain at the elevator—Red wheat, No. 2, new, 72c; white wheat, No. 2, 69c. Rye—No. 2, 51c. Corn—No. 2, 47c. Oats—White, 35c; mixed, 33c.

Provisions—(Corrected daily by Charles Meyers)—Very firm; pork, mess, $13 50 per bbl., short, $11 50; clear, $13 00; short clear, $14 50. Hams very firm; 18 lbs and over, 12c; 15 lbs average, 12c; 12 lbs. and under, 12 1-2c; shoulders, 9c; scarce. Breakfast bacon, clear, 12c; rib, 10c; smoked beef, 11c. Lard—Kettle rendered, 9c; by bbl., 8 1-2c; 50 lb tin kettle lard, 9c; refined, 6 3-4c; 50 lb tins, 7c. Bacon side, 10 1-2c. Bologna, 6c. Barrel meats active. Calves, 6 1-2@8c bbl. Hogs—Good demand, 6@7c. All kinds smoked meats very firm but scarce.

Butter—Scarce and higher; Elgin creamery, 26@27c; gathered creams, 24@25c; fancy Ohio creamery, 23@24c; fancy northwestern creamery, 22@24c; fancy dairy, 21@22c; prime to choice, 18@19c; medium, 14@16c; common, 8@10c per pound.

Tallow—City, 4 3-4c per lb; country, 4c.

Wool—Unwashed—Medium clothing, 18@23c per lb; combing and delaine, 24@25c; quarter blood, 23@24c; fine merino, 18@19c. Fleece-washed—Medium clothing, 27@30c; 60@90c per bu; lettuce, 5@6 per lb; cabbage, $1 10@1 25 per bbl.

Vegetables—(Corrected daily by E. A. Rood)—Business good; demand for all vegetables active and improving. Prices on open market. Country orders are filled at higher prices. Potatoes, 68@75c per bushel; $1 85@2 00 per bbl.; new cauliflower, 60@1 00 per doz; beets, 40c per bu; onions, 80@90c per bu; lettuce, 5@6c per lb; cabbage, $1 25@1 35 per bbl.

Apples scarce and high, 90@1 00 per bu; strictly fancy, $1 10 per bu; $2 75@3 25 per bbl.

Poultry—(Corrected daily by Fulton Market)—Dressed and live chickens, demand good; live, 8@9c per lb; dressed, 9@10c per lb; old, dressed, 8@9c; old, live, 8@9c; spring ducks, demand light; dressed, 9@10c; live, 7@8c; turkeys, dressed, 11@12c; woodcock, 30c each; partridge, 35c each.

Salt Fish—Mackerel No. 1 large shore, per bbl., $22 00@24 00; No. 1 shore, $19 00@21 00; No. 1 medium, $17 00@18 00; No. 2 shore, $20 00@21 00; 1-2 bbl. No. 1 extra, $11 50; 1-2 bbl. No. 2 shore, $11 00; 1-2 bbl. No. 3 large, $9 50; 1-2 bbl. No. 3 small, $6 50; white fish, No. 1, per half bbl., $8 50; No. 2, $3 50. Lake herring, $3 00 per half bbl; No. 1 box herring, 22c per box.

Fresh Fish—Scarce; White (upper lake) 8c; No. 2 pickerel, 5c; herring, 2 1-2c; pike, 6 1-2c; pan, 2 1-2c; trout, 7 1-2c; soft, 3c; saugers, 5c; catfish, dressed, 7 1-2c.

Turpentine—Savannah quiet at 26 3-4c per gallon.

Lead—Standard trust, $7 00@7 50; colored lead, $6 00@7 00.

Eggs—Market firm; strictly fresh, 23@24c.

Oils—Ohio prime white, 6 1-2c; Ohio water white, 7c; Indiana prime white, 6 1-2c; Indiana water white, 7c; Michigan prime white, 7c; Michigan water white, 7 1-2c; Eocene, 8 1-8c; stove gaso, 7c; linseed oil, raw, 46c; boiled, 49c. These figures are for barrels. Lard oil, No. 1, 42c, extra, No. 1, 52c; extra winter strain, 64c.

Peanuts—Farmers' rough, 3@4c per lb; do screened, 4@4 1-2c; recleaned and handpicked, 5c; white Virginia, 5c.

Coffees—Corrected daily by the Toledo Spice Co.—Green Rio, fair, 17c; good, 18 1-2c; prime, 20c; Green Santos, fancy, 22 1-2c; Roasted Java Mandheling, 40c; Old government, 32 1-2c; Java, 30c; Java Imperial, 25c; roasted Rio, bulk, 18@23c; German packages, 22 3-4c; Lion packages, 22 3-4c; Ariosa packages, 22 3-4c.

Seeds—German millet, $1 15 from store; Hungarian and common millet, 85@1 00 from store; flaxseed, $1 15@1 25 per bu on arrival.

Hay—(Corrected daily by Fred Adams & Son)—Choice timothy, $11 00@12 00; No. 2, $6 00@7 00.

Millfeed—Bran, $15 00 in bulk on track; shipstuff, $16 00; middlings, $18 00 and $1 00 more in sacks.

Flour—Spring patent, $5 00; spring family, $4 50@5 00; winter patent, $4 50@5 00; fancy, $4 75@5 00; winter family, $4 50@5 00; extra, $3 25@4 00; low grade, $5 25; $1 00 more in bags.

Salt—Michigan salt, 90c per bbl; eastern, $1 00 per bbl; Michigan on track, 85c.

Sugar—4 X Powdered, 5.73c; Standard, Powdered, 5.29c; Cutloaf, 5.79c; Cubes, 5.29c; Fine Granulated, 5.17c; Standard A, 5.16c; Off A's, 4.73@4.92c; light Extra C's, 4.54@4.66c; Good Extra C's, 4.35c; Yellow Extra C's, 3.99c.

Maple Sweets—Syrup, pure, 90@1 00 per gallon; active for all grades; maple sugar, 9@10c per lb. Syrup and molasses—Pure sugar white, 50@60c per gal; pure sugar dark, 20@25c per gal; white corn syrup, 20@35c per gal; New Orleans molasses, fancy open kettle, 65@75c per gal; New Orleans baking, 45@50c per gal; sorghum, 35@40c per gal.

Beans—New York marrows, $2 15@2 25; navy and medium, $1 85@2 00 per bu; western, $ 150@1 60.

Rice—Firm; fair to choice Louisiana, 4 1-2@5c; per lb; Japan, 5 1-2@6c; fancy head, Carolina, 6 1-2@7c. The foregoing are wholesale, not retail prices, which are fractionally higher.

Church of St. John Evangelist, Eleventh street, near Washington street. Holy communion and sermon at 11 a. m. Rev. T. Dickenson, of Albion, Mich., celebrant. No other services.

For fine Photos go to McKecknie & Oswald's.

Fine line of Kid Gloves and Mittens at ALASKA FUR HOUSE.

"Candee" Rubbers are what you want, if you want reliable good goods.

IN A SOCIAL WAY.

Personal Gossip Relative to Toledoans

And Their Guests, Besides the Coming and Going of People in Whom Bee Readers Have an Interest.

Mr. Henry Waite is ill.

A. D. Scammell is out of the city.

Miss Barlow will visit Detroit friends.

A. L. Spitzer has returned from New York.

The Misses Hugh have returned from Chicago.

A. W. Betts will spend Sunday in Bettsville.

J. B. Ketcham was in the city for a few days.

Mr. Dudley Watson left for New York yesterday.

Mrs. Hatchfield, of Linden Place, is in Cleveland.

Miss Shoner, of Waterloo, is visiting Toledo friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Tanner have gone to South Bend.

Miss Mary Sigg will spend Thanksgiving in Napoleon.

Lieut. Judson and wife have apartments in Norris flats.

The Columbian club will entertain friends on Thanksgiving.

Mrs. Frank Williams is convalescent after a siege of ill health.

Mrs. O. C. Smith, of Chicago, has been the guest of Toledo friends.

Miss Adelaide Dewey entertains at 6 o'clock dinner this evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Cornell Walbridge have returned from their wedding trip.

Mrs. Russell and Miss May will remove to Chicago in the near future.

Mrs. T. P. Brown is entertaining her friends at a reception this afternoon.

The Misses Belle and Jennie Roberts will spend Thanksgiving in Indianapolis.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Cone have moved into their pretty new home, 1059 Oakwood avenue.

The charity ball, which occurs on the 22d inst., at Pythian Castle, promises to be the event of the season.

The Rev. Thos. Dickinson, of St. James' parish, Albion, Mich., spent the week at St. John's Evangelical church and was entertained by Charles A. Jacobs, of Indiana avenue.

Mr. Elvin Singer and his pupils, assisted by Miss Anna Bernn and Miss Nellie Cook, will entertain their friends at a Schubert Song Recital, Monday evening, November 28, at Whitney & Currier hall. The event promises to be a charming one.

A quiet but very pretty wedding occurred at Cleveland, O., Wednesday, November 16, when Miss Mattie H. Bowers, of that city, and Mr. Thomas Brooks, of Toledo, were united in marriage. Mr. Brooks is with the B. F. Wade Co., and is well known and popular. The bride is a charming lady and will be welcomed in Toledo's social circle. They will be "at home" to their friends after January 1, at their pretty new home on Oakwood avenue.

The Pleasure Euchre club was enjoyably entertained at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Beer, 2310 Huron street, Thursday evening. After the usual game of cards was over a dainty luncheon was served by Mrs. Beer, Mrs. Platfoot and Mrs. McCune. The prizes, which were useful, as well as ornamental, were awarded as follows: Mrs. Lou DeLa Foret and Mr. H. J. Schuky, first prize; Mrs. Vogel and Mr. J. F. Davis, booby, while Mrs. William Trotter carried off the consolation. The next meeting will be held at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Davis, 382 Missouri street.

Without a doubt Simmon's Liver Regulator will cure you. It has cured thousands.

Organs at your own price. We have a number of organs that have been used a little that are practically good as new, that must be closed out to make room for new goods now on the way. You can get a good Organ at almost your own price.

J. W. Greene & Co.
Pythian Castle.

Two Sunday trains each way between Toledo and Owosso on T., A. A & N. M. Ry.

All kinds of Fur Gloves at
ALASKA FUR HOUSE.

Leading Photographers—
M'KECKNIE & OSWALD.

MAIL QUOTATIONS.

Postal Changes in the Fifth Division.

The postoffice at Mount Olive, Clermont county, Ohio, has been re-established, with Enoch G. Pattison in charge. New offices have been established at Wiskom, Jackson county, Ind., with special mail from Tampico, three miles northeast, and at Barkis, Hawkins county, Tenn., with special mail from Rogersville, two miles northwest. Offices have been discontinued at Cresswell, Jackson county, Ind., mail going to Volga, and at Horeb, Fayette county, Ky., mail going to Lexington.

The star service between Gallipolis and Proctorville, Ohio, has been increased to three times a week. The postoffice car service from Xenia to Dayton, by the P. C., C. & St. L. road, 16.48 miles, has received daily lines of 60 and 50-foot cars, and that from Dayton to Richmond, Ind., 41.50 miles, same road, the same cars daily.

On the Columbus & Cincinnati route the additional daily line of 60-foot cars and one line of 50-foot cars is put on between Columbus and Xenia; and, at the request of the company, an order is issued to pay for cars on the Columbus and Indianapolis route at the rate of $200 per mile for 119.50 miles, and $200 per mile for 68.20, equivalent to four lines of 60-foot cars from Columbus to Richmond, and five lines of 60-foot and one line of 50-foot cars between Richmond and Indianapolis.

Andrew M. Anderson has been officially bulletined as postmaster at State Soldiers' Home, Ohio, and Wm. H. Mahan at Brown's Valley, Ind.

Vose & Sons' Pianos.

The Vose & Sons piano with new scale and new designs in case are pronounced by musicians to be the most desirable instruments in the market.

In Tone quality they are most pleasing and for durability they are the equal of any instrument on the market.

J. W. Greene & Co.
Pythian Castle.

New Jackets

Received this morning. Open until 9 this evening.

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403 Adams street.
Only a block from Summit.

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GRAND ADVANCE SALE OF

DOLLS!

Our assortment of Dolls is now complete and you will find our display the LARGEST and the CHOICEST ever made in Toledo. You cannot find any way to spend a half hour with the children that will delight their hearts and give them so much pleasure as to visit this department. Hundreds of Dolls, all different, and at prices from 1c. to $20.00.

DON'T FAIL TO TAKE A PEEP INTO OUR

DOLLS' SUNDRIES DEPARTMENT!

It will Please you to see the many Cunning Little Doll Articles.

The Fair

JULIUS STRAUSS & CO., 323 SUMMIT ST.

P. S.---We Repair Dolls of All Descriptions.

Now, that we come to think of it,

We haven't said anything to you about

SMOKETTES!

For a whole week, but the fact is they are increasing so rapidly in popular favor that we do not have to say much.

THE

LELAND & SMITH COMPANY

SOLE AGENTS.

M'KINLEY AND CARLISLE!

BOTH AGREE THAT ON ACCOUNT OF A SHORTAGE IN THE REVENUE THE TARIFF BILL CAN NOT BE TAMPERED WITH AT THE PRESENT TIME. BUT WE BOW TO THE WILL OF OF THE PEOPLE AND MAKE A HORIZONTAL CUT IN THE

Tariff on Clothing!

OF NEARLY ONE-HALF THIS CUT AFFECTS OVERCOATS, SUITS, HEAVY UNDERWEAR, MUFFLERS, SMOKING JACKETS, BATH ROBES. THESE GOODS IN ALL SIZES REMEMBER WE GLADLY CHEAPEN OUR PRICES, BUT HAVE NOT LONG TO DO IT IN, BUT FOR THE SHORT TIME WE HAVE TO STAY IN OUR PRESENT STAND WE WILL AND

Must Take the Tariff Off!

NOW WE ADVISE YOU, DEMOCRATS, TO TAKE ADVANTAGE OF YOUR RECENT VICTORY, AND REPUBLICANS WHO ARE SHORT OF FUNDS ON ACCOUNT OF DEFEAT CAN BUY THEIR CLOTHING FOR SMALL PRICES. IF ALL DO NOT TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THIS OPPORTUNITY IT IS NOT OUR FAULT. WE ARE OF THE PEOPLE, WITH THE PEOPLE AND FOR THE PEOPLE, AND WISH TO DO YOU GOOD. ALL WE ASK IS TO DISPOSE OF OUR STOCK AT ABOUT 50 OR 60 CENTS ON THE DOLLAR. CALL AND BE CONVINCED THAT WE ADVERTISE FACTS ONLY. NO TRUST. ONLY CASH GOES DURING THE SALE.

209-211 ST. CLAIR ST. VAN NOORDENS 209-211 ST. CLAIR ST.

GREAT CLOTHING SALE.

The Bee

The BEE will give the people all of the news and advertise their wants. Having a circulation much greater than any other Toledo daily paper, it is much the best advertising medium. It secures quicker and better returns. Consult your interests by advertising in the BEE when you want anything or have anything to sell.

TOLEDO, OHIO, NOV. 19, 1892.

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED--SALESMEN--TO SELL BY sample our Money Order System to retail merchants; $200 a month to it for live salesmen; previous experience not necessary. Address with 2-cent stamp, Merchants' Money Order Company, Cincinnati, O.

WANTED--SALESMEN VISITING SAW Mills, Flour Mills and Factories to sell (side line) staple article in great demand. Pays $50 to $100 per month. Royal Mfg. Co., 90 Nassau street, New York.

WANTED--GENERAL AGENT OR MANager, to take charge of permanent and pleasant business in city and work surrounding country, through corps of canvassers; business strictly legitimate and exceedingly profitable; liberal cash salary, expenses and commission to the right man; must be a live, energetic worker, a good talker, and able to give first-class references; preference given to man with a little capital, though lack of it will not prevent engagement if applicant suits in other respects. Special inducement to one who already controls a force of active agents in any line. A few vacancies in other cities. Address at once, Mast, Crowell & Kirkpatrick, Springfield, Ohio. 15nov5

$5 TO $15 PER DAY AT HOME SELLing Lightning Plater and plating jewelry, watches, tableware, etc. Plates the finest of jewelry good as new, on all kinds of metal with gold, silver or nickel; no experience; no capital; every house has goods needing plating. H. K. Delno & Co., Columbus, Ohio. 22sep 1usats

WANTED -- A RELIABLE, SINGLE young man not afraid to work; wishes a situation of any kind. Please address for one week, "Worker," care Bee. 18nov3p

WANTED--JOB PRINTER--WHO UNderstands press work, can run engine and take charge of work in a newspaper office; state wages expected and give reference. Address S. 1, Bee office. 16nov4

WANTED--TRAVELING SALESMEN TO sell Baking Powder. We put our goods in Glass Rolling Pins. $60 month salary and expenses, or 25 per cent commission; good side line; if you want a job, write; send stamp for reply. Chicago Baking Powder Co., 767 Van Buren street, Chicago. 5nov1m-p

WANTED--TWO DINING ROOM GIRLS at Hotel Madison. 18nov3

WANTED--A GOOD RELIABLE WOOD turner; steady work; corner Water and Vine streets. R. Hattersley. 14nov-tf

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED--A GIRL TO ASSIST IN GENeral housework. Enquire 809 Madison st. p

WANTED--DISHWASHER AT 216 SUperior street. p

WANTED--COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; no children. Inquire at 837 George street, after 6 p. m. p

WANTED--COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; references required. 1013 Superior street. Mrs. Rowland Starr. 7nov-tf

WANTED--GOOD RELIABLE GIRL FOR housework; steady place. Inquire at 2727 Monroe street. 16nov6p

WANTED--AT HOTEL MADISON, TWO dining room girls. 18nov3

WANTED -- GIRLS FOR MACHINE work. Apply at once at Ames, Bonner & Co., corner Ottawa and Lafayette streets. 17nov3

WANTED--A NURSE TO TAKE CARE of baby 2 months old; middle aged woman preferred. Address K. 41, Bee office, giving address, terms, etc.; must give good references. 14nov-tf

WANTED--A COOK, WASHER AND ironer; three in family; two girls kept; good place to right party. Call from 9 to 12, mornings, 317 17th street. 14nov6p

WANTED--AN EXPERIENCED COOK; good wages; no laundry work; reference required. Enquire 1957 Summit st. 14nov6p

WANTED--COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; references required. 1013 Superior street. 7nov-tf

LADIES MAKE $20 A WEEK WHO write for us at home. No canvassing. Reply with addressed and stamped envelope. Woman's Co-operative Toilet Co., (Incorporated) South Bend, Ind. 29oc26

WANTED--A COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 1415 Adams st. 27oct-tf

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN--IF YOU WANT money come direct to me. I will loan you money on household goods, pianos, organs, horses, etc., without removal, and on the most satisfactory terms. Partial payments received reducing cash pro rata. All business strictly confidential. C. R. Lee. 506 Cherry street. 19oct1m-p

MONEY TO LOAN--ON HOUSEHOLD goods, pianos, organs, horses, cattle, wagons, etc., without removal and on satisfactory terms; partial payments received deducting cost pro rata. All business strictly confidential. Lucas Loan Co., Room 3, Trinity Block, corner Adams and St. Clair. Entrance on both streets. 1nov-tf

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE, from one to ten years; interest payable annually, with privilege of paying any part or all of the principle at any time. For further information call on or address L. Vanderburg, 37 Chamber of Commerce, Toledo, Ohio. 8oct1yr

MONEY TO LOAN ON FARM AND CITY property at six, seven and eight per cent. S. G. Southard, Room 11, Gardner Place, corner Superior and Madison. 27feb1y

MONEY TO LOAN--ON REAL ESTATE only, in large or small amounts at low rate of interest; can arrange to make partial payments if desired. 512 Madison street. T. S. Merrill. 30aug1yr

MONEY TO LOAN ON HOUSEHOLD goods, pianos, horses, wagons, etc., without removal; partial payments received reducing cost pro rata; all business strictly confidential. Croft, Room 2, Worthington Block, Adams and Superior streets. 16may-tf

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT--THREE UNFURNISHED rooms, 419 Harrison street; price $3. p

FOR RENT--PART OF STORE. Enquire at Singer Mfg. Co., 506 Adams street. 4oct-tf

FOR RENT -- NICELY FURNISHED front room, with outside door, about two blocks from Union Depot; gentleman preferred; reference exchanged. Inquire 110 Williams street. 18nov6p

FOR RENT--ONE NEATLY FURNISHED front and one side room; modern conveniences; will rent one or both rooms cheap. 219 12th street, between Madison and Jefferson. 18nov2p

FOR RENT--TWO BEAUTIFUL ROOMS, just furnished new; bath on same floor; new house with all modern improvements; gentlemen preferred; rent very reasonable. 132 Michigan street, opposite Cyclorama. 15nov6p

FOR RENT--STORE NUMBER 320 MONroe street. Enquire at store. 28sept-tf

WANTED--SITUATIONS.

SOCIETIES AND FAMILIES DESIRING the services of a first class nurse can obtain the same by phoning 892; first class references given. 17nov3

WANTED--POSITION IN A MILL AS millwright; can do repairing through the house as carpenter; am well known in the city as a good hand. Address F. J., care of Carrier 32. 18 ov3

SITUATION WANTED BY A FIRST class cook; both meat and pastry. H. P. Brown, Hotel Lalond, Toledo, Ohio. 12nov6p

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE--SALOON SITUATED AT 611 South St. Clair street; good reason for selling; sickness in family. Address M. Connell, on premises. 17nov6

FOR SALE--SECOND HAND TWO TON platform scale, Fairbanks make, will sell at price of old iron, or will trade it for a small platform scale (in good order.) Call 619 Monroe street. 19nov2p

DO YOU WANT A HOME? I HAVE three more handsome cottages on Nevada and Nasby streets, East Toledo, within one square of Raymer street school. These cottages will please a woman. They are finished nicely, well, cistern, etc. Will rent or sell on monthly payments. Can give you a bargain. Come and see me. J. W. Gunnels, Room 7, Merchants' National Bank Building, corner Monroe and Summit sts. 19nov6p

FOR SALE--A FINE NEW COTTAGE and one or two lots, with well, cistern and outbuildings, on Alva street, West Toledo, between M. C. R. R. and Detroit avenue; two blocks north of Cherry street cars, nearly opposite Lenk's Winery. Inquire on premises. W. W. Hoag, owner. 18nov6p

DRUG STORE--ONE OF THE BEST LOcations in the city; stock in first class shape; good reasons for selling; cash. P. O. Box 472, Toledo, Ohio. 17nov3p

FOR SALE--CHEAP--LOT OF SHELVing. Inquire at Law Library, 512 Nasby Building. 17nov2

FOR SALE--CHEAP--TWO ST. BERnard dogs, 6 months old. Enquire L. E. Flory & Co., East Toledo. 17nov3p

ON MONTHLY PAYMENTS--THE NEATest house in the city for sale on Acklin avenue, near Parkwood; grates, mantles, mirrors, sewer and very complete; price $2,500. W. L. Holbrook, Gardner Place. 18nov6

FOR SALE--A FINE 2 1-2 YEAR OLD colt. For further information apply at 529 Tecumseh street, city. 17nov6p

FOR SALE--SHANTY AND LEASE ON Ten Mile Creek, near Mominee's; three boats and decoys; cheap for cash. Enquire of Perry Werden, 737 Frederick st. 16nov6p

FOR SALE--REMINGTON TYPEWRITER almost new; only been in use 2 months. Call or address Bertha Bradbury, care Bee Counting Room. 16nov6p

A GREAT BARGAIN--$350 BUYS $600 worth nearly new furniture; house furnished complete; a good chance for anyone commencing housekeeping. Address K. 42, Bee office. 16nov4p

FOR SALE--LARGE CHEAP WORK horse; will take pay in work. Inquire John Kingfield, corner Oak and St. Clair streets, Toledo, O. 16nov6p

FOR SALE--A NEW TWO-STORY house on Missouri street, near Hoag, just completed; will sell on long time, monthly payments; low rate of interest. D. Robison, jr., & Sons, Summit and Madison sts. 15nov12

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE--RESIdence No. 2153 Ashland ave., with all modern conveniences; located on two car lines; D. Robison, jr., & Sons; Summit and Madison sts. 11nov-tf

FINE DOG FOR SALE--THE OWNER desires to dispose of very fine young Russian greyhound, not having convenience to keeping him. Call at 706 Madison st. 7nov-tf

FOR SALE--A NEW ORGAN, WHICH will be sold for less than manufacturers' price; time given if desired; any church, society or private parties thinking of purchasing will do well to investigate. Address L. W. Isherwood, Bee office, or call at Bee office and I will show it to you. 31oct-tf

FOR SALE--A FINE KENTUCKY SADdle horse; good under saddle or in harness; can be seen at stable of A. W. Ballard, on Bancroft street, between Lawrence avenue and Monroe; price $250. Isaac D. Smead, owner. 30sept-tf

FOR SALE--$20,000 STOCK OF THE Findlay Brewing Co. Enquire of M. M. Eppstein, 1014 Superior street. 19aug-tf

FOR SALE--THREE LOTS ON MAPLEwood, on the west side, between Virginia street and Delaware avenue. Enquire R. F. Wade, St. Clair street. 20july-tf

FOR SALE--THE ELEGANT RESIdence on the corner of 22nd and Madison streets, lately the home of M. J. Enright. Enquire of Scribner & Hurd. 22aug-tf

FARM LANDS, IMPROVED AND UNimproved, for sale in Hancock, Wood, Ottawa and Henry counties, Ohio, and Lenawee county Michigan, in lots to suit, and at reasonable terms. The Dewey Stave Company, Room 48, St. Clair Building, Toledo, Ohio. 6apr1yr

MISCELLANEOUS.

BOARDERS WANTED--GOOD BOARD and room at $3.50 per week, at 727 Walnut street, next door to Ontario st. 19nov2p

DRESS GOODS--FLANNELS FROM 25c up. Our storm serges, serges, henriettas are all good values. Ladies' Wrappers in calico and outing flannel from 89c to $2.75. A. P. Stewart, 316 Monroe street.

TO THE TRAVELING PUBLIC--HAVing purchased the "Wauseon House," which I have styled "Hotel Central," and furnished as a first class hotel, I would be pleased to have my old friends and others give me a call. J. C. Blair, Wauseon, O., (formerly of Central House, Delta.) 18nov12

THE ELECTROPOISE WILL CURE pneumonia, lagrippe, plurisy, severe congestion, pernicious fevers, diphtheria and all acute pains in from 4 to 24 hours. Address N. W. O. Electropoise Co., 2068 Broadway, Toledo, O., and the agent will call on you. p

ACRE PROPERTY FOR EXCHANGE--Six acres within mile and half of postoffice in exchange for residence lot in a first class locality. J. H. Bellows, Room 7, Drummond Block. 14nov6p

GIVEN AWAY--UNTIL FURTHER NOtice every customer purchasing two or more dollars worth of good will be presented with a double pillow sham holder. A. P. Stewart, 316 Monroe street.

BOARDERS WANTED--TWO PLEASantly furnished rooms for man and wife, or two gentlemen; also single rooms, with board, at 551 North Erie street. 12nov7p

A CONSIGNMENT OF $500 WORTH OF Plush, Wood and Silver Boxes, Toilet Cases, Manicure Sets, Shaving Sets and Albums going at 1-2 the usual prices. Call and see them. Open evenings till 9 o'clock. A. P. Stewart, 316 Monroe street.

NOTICE.--I HAVE A CLIENT WHO wishes to purchase some vacant lots in Toledo as an investment. What have you to offer? J. H. Bellows, Room 7, Drummond Block. 14nov6p

BARGAINS IN EVERY DEPARTMENT. Yard wide oil cloth 25c; grey and white blankets 85c pair; boys' and men's Jersey Gloves, 25c a pair. Others too numerous to mention. A. P. Stewart, 316 Monroe st.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL--OFFICE OF Chas. J. Kirschner & Co.--We will remove our office to No. 611 Madison street, between Huron and Erie, Nov. 20th inst. Also Calvary Cemetery Office. The rooms now occupied by us will be for rent after the above date. Chas. J. Kirschner & Co. 8nov12

HOUSEKEEPERS WILL DO WELL TO look at our line of crockery, tinware, glassware and cooking utensils before buying. Our prices are right. Open evenings. A. P. Stewart, 316 Monroe street.

FIRE, ACCIDENT AND PLATE GLASS insurance and real estate. Phone 1288. C. C. & H. H. ("Bert") Dawson, 2 New Bee Building, first floor. 8dec-tf

AGENTS WANTED.

WE OFFER AGENTS BIG MONEY, IN exclusive territory. Our sales sell at sight in city or country. Agents first in field actually getting rich. One agent in one day cleared $91.50. So can you. Catalogue free. Address Alpine Safe Co., No. 360-371 Clark Street, Cincinnati, O. 1oct13sats

WANTED--TWO ACTIVE, ENERGETIC female agents to sell an article that ladies need. You can make big pay for light work. Room 6, 419 Madison street, Dr. C. G. Clark. 13sept-tf

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST--ROLL OF MONEY CONTAINING about $60 in bills. Liberal reward for return. L. A. Richards, R. J. Wallace's residence. p

LOST--AN IRISH SETTER DOG; ANswers to the name of "Don." Solid red. A reward will be paid for his return or information leading to his whereabouts. Peter Nill, 1502 Broadway. 26oct-tf

DR PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.--No Ammonia; No Alum
Used in Millions of Homes--40 Years the Standard.

Mrs. Carrie Bouton.

A Woman Who Suffered.

HOW SHE FOUND RELIEF.

Read this Account of the Use of a Simple, Harmless Remedy.

SCOTTSVILLE, PA., March 18, 1892.

DR. DAVID KENNEDY:

Dear Sir--From the time I was thirteen years old, I have been afflicted with **IT** female trouble or weakness peculiar to my sex, a sickness prevalent to women. I was a great sufferer; during this long term of years I doctored with several different physicians and found no relief; was so reduced in strength and flesh that I weighed but 88 lbs. **MADE** I chanced not long ago to learn of the wonderful cures Dr David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy was performing and I determined to try it; the first bottle produced marked improvement, and after taking five bottles of Favorite Remedy I was almost a **ME** well woman and weighed 121 1-2 lbs. "*JUST THINK OF IT, MY SUFFERING SISTERS,*" such a gain in weight and better in health than I ever was. I can not urge you too strongly to use this great medicine of Dr. Kennedy's. A fair trial will always produce the happiest results. **WELL** I feel that in a little while I will be as strong as any woman alive.

Yours respectfully,
MRS. CARRIE BOUTON.

Ladies, don't be discouraged and give up in despair, good health can be gained by using Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy. It will cure the most complicated of female sicknesses

FOR RENT--HOUSES.

FOR RENT--A NEW HOUSE 6 ROOMS, cellar, cistern, well, $10 per month, on Elm street. See J. Ellery Eaton, "Bee Hive."

FOR RENT--HALF OF NEW DOUBLE house, 412 Delaware avenue. Inquire next door. 14nov6p

HOUSE FOR RENT--10 ROOMS, FURnace, large brick barn. 1432 Huron street. 18nov6p

FOR RENT--BUTCHER SHOP, WITH tools, counter, etc., cheap; good location. Apply at 605 Lafayette street. 18nov6p

FOR RENT--HOUSE ON WEST WASHington street, new, modern, complete, and cheap, $25; house on Locust, 12 rooms, modern, $25. W. L. Holbrook. 18nov6

FOR RENT--HOUSE NO. 807 INDIANA avenue; 9 rooms, cellar, well and cistern water; small barn. C. Peck, No. 9, Michigan street, near Washington. 16nov3p

FOR RENT--MODERN HOUSE ON Thirteenth street, with every convenience, in good order, $25. Call at 429 13th street. 16nov6p

FOR RENT--HOUSE OF 8 ROOMS ON Oakwood avenue; all modern improvements. Inquire 1204 Door street. 15nov6p

FOR RENT--FRAME HOUSE ON COLlingwood avenue, near Vance; eight rooms, nearly new. Enquire at 373 Lafayette st. 12nov6p

FOR RENT--TWO STORY HOUSE IN first-class condition: well, cistern, and good barn; natural gas connections complete; $14 per month. Hicks street, east of Ewing. Enquire at 740 Hicks street. 12nov6p

FOR RENT--COTTAGE HOUSE NO. 1134 Delance street, East Toledo; 5 rooms, well and cistern, $7.50 per month. Inquire of C. M. Hayden, 212 Summit st. 12nov6p

FOR RENT--MY SALOON AND restaurant at Gibsonburg, O. Will rent for one, two or three years. Inquire at premises. Charles A. Essinger. 15nov6p

FOR RENT--THREE ELEGANT SMALL stores on Bancroft st., opposite the Smead Foundry and Toledo Metal Wheel works. Good location for dry goods, boot and shoe store, tailorshop, barber shop and cigar store. Inquire at Smead Foundry, or Isaac D. Smead, 129 Huron st. 11nov-tf

FOR RENT--A NEAT COTTAGE ON E. Bancroft st., near Vermont ave. (No. 123), at $10 per month. Chas. J. Kirschner & Co. 31oct6

FOR RENT--HOUSE NO. 527 BROADway, near Union Depot; has eight rooms, both kinds of gas, well, cistern and river water; $18 per month. Enquire at McCormick's Music Rooms, 414 Adams street. 31oct-tf

FOR RENT--HOUSE 439 DORR STREET, 10 rooms, natural and artificial gas, at $20 per month. E. M. Beard, 21 Drummond Block, Madison street. Phone 592. 26oct-tf

FOR RENT--MODERN HOUSE, NINE rooms, (newly decorated), every modern improvement. No. 1764 Monroe street, $30 per month. Sam T. Fisk, 311 Madison street. 27sept-tf

FOR RENT--DESIRABLE HOUSE, NO. 1704 Monroe street; all modern improvements; possession Oct. 1st. Sam T. Fisk, 311 Madison street. 27sept-tf

FOR RENT--LARGE BRICK HOUSE OF ten rooms; water, gas, and natural gas connections. No. 1818 Adams street; rent $33.33 per month; key at Drug Store corner Adams and Warren streets. D. C. Hart, Agent. 30aug-tf

FOR RENT--STABLE ON OTTAWA street, now occupied by Michigan Lake Ice Company. Apply to W. H. McLyman. 14oct-tf

FOR RENT--FLATS.

FLATS TO RENT--IN "NORRIS FLATS," Ontario, near Monroe, one English basement, six rooms, $20, suitable for a physician; one main floor, independent porch and hall, six rooms, main floor, $30; one second floor, 7 rooms $25. Bath rooms and halls to all, and all new and in perfect order. Apply to F. J. Scott, Hotel Madison. 12oct-tf

FLATS FOR RENT--TWO NEW AND the most complete in the city, on Eighteenth street, near Adams. For particulars inquire of J. T. Southard, 221 16th street. 18oct-tf

MOORE AND BAKER.

They Will Contend for Ring Honors.

Chicago Sports are Expecting a Big Battle for Blood.

Chicago, Nov. 19.--Quite a number of sports from out of town are gathered at the principal resorts of that element this morning in anticipation of securing tickets for the finish fight between Dick Moore, of St. Paul, and Henry Baker, of Michigan, which is likely to come off somewhere across the Indiana or Wisconsin border line about midnight.

All the arrangements have been made for the mill, but the place of meeting is being kept secret for fear of police interruption.

The tip will be given to the would-be participants at a convenient hour and a special train will be in waiting to convey them to the locality selected. The match is for $2,000.

Moore laid out his opponent in a seven round fight of the most vicious character some months ago, and Baker has been itching ever since for another chance.

Both men are well known throughout the west. Moore is an Irishman, and in his four years of pugilism has defeated Frank Glover and Ed Golden of Kansas City, Wiley Evans of Iowa, Barney Tabor, of Omaha, and has been defeated by the Black Pearl and others.

Pork was the most highly esteemed flesh at the Roman table.

THE DOORS ARE OPEN.

The Different Places of Worship

And Where They Are Located--Subjects to be Delivered by the Pastors.

Evangelical Lutheran St. Lucas church, corner Walbridge and French streets, Rev. R. E. M. Engers, pastor: Services at 10 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; Sunday school at 11:30 a. m.

Preaching at the Ashland avenue Baptist church at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m., Rev. E. W. Hunt, pastor: Sabbath school te 12 m., and young people's prayer meeting at 6:15 p. m.

St. Paul's M. E. church, corner Madison and Superior streets, Rev. S. D. Hutsinpiller, pastor: Class, 9:30; preaching, 10:30 and 7:30; Bible school at 12; Epworth League, 6:30.

Friends meeting in the Eleventh street Christian church, between Jefferson and Madison streets, service at 3 o'clock p. m. Rev. N. C. McLean, minister in charge. All welcome.

Monroe street M. E. church, Rev. G. H. Priddy, pastor: Class, 9:30 a. m.; Sunday school, 11:45 a. m.; Y. P. S. C. E., 6:30 p. m.; preaching by the pastor at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Third Presbyterian church, Rev. B. K. Ormond, pastor: Subject for 10:30 a. m., "Paul in the Council at Jerusalem;" for 7:30 p. m., "Christ Lifted Up;" Y. P. S. C. E., 6:30 p. m.; Sunday school, 12 m.

Broadway M. E. church, Lincoln hall, Rev. J. H. Bethard's, pastor: Class, 9:30 a. m.; preaching, 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; Sunday school, 12 m.; Y. P. S. C. E., 6:20 p. m. The people welcomed.

Unitarian--Church of Our Father, Memorial hall annex: To-morrow morning Rev. A. G. Jennings will speak on the Most Important Thing in Human Life; Sunday school as usual, immediately after the service.

Martin Luther (First German and English Lutheran), corner Oak and Woodville streets, East Side, Rev. E. L. T. Engers, pastor: Sunday school at 9 a. m.; English service at 10:30 a. m.; German service at 7:30 p. m.

The New Church people will hold their regular services in Turley's hall, corner Monroe and Huron street. Services at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Rev. E. D. Daniels will preach on "Stealing in the Supreme Sense," and on "Miracles."

Third street M. E. church, East Toledo, Rev. S. L. Roberts, pastor: Class meeting, leader James Jeffrey, 9:30 a. m.; preaching by pastor, 10:30 a. m.; Sunday school, 12 m.; young people's meeting, 6:15 p. m.; preaching, 7:30 p. m.

Memorial Baptist church, corner Oak and Fort streets: Preaching Sunday, 10:30 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. by Rev. J. A. Cubberly, of Newmarket, N. J.; Sunday school meets at 12 m.; missionary meeting of the Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:30 p. m.

St. Andrew's, Auburndale, Rev. C. Scadding, rector: Services to-morrow will be: 3 p. m., Sunday school--rehearsal of Christmas carols; 4 p. m., evening prayer and sermon by Rev. T. Dickinson, Albion, Mich. Seats free and strangers cordially welcomed.

First Presbyterian church, Huron, corner of Orange, Rev. J. A. P. McGaw, pastor: Subject of morning sermon, "America's Opportunity;" Sunday school at 12 m.; Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:30 p. m.; evening service at 7:30, subject, "The End of the Journey."

First Baptist church, Huron street, near Cherry, Rev. Wm. H. Sloan, pastor: Preaching services to-morrow at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; offering at morning services for aged ministers' home in Michigan; Sunday school at noon; meeting of the Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:30 p. m.

Central Congregational church, corner Adams and Tenth streets, H. M. Bacon, D. D., pastor: Morning service, 10:30 a. m., subject, "The Power of the People;" Sunday school, 12 o'clock; Y. P. S. C. E., 6:15 p. m.; evening service, 7:30 o'clock, subject, "The Ministry of Doubt."

Oliver Place Baptist church, corner of Segur avenue, Rev. William Sheridan, pastor: Subject at 10:30 a. m., "Light and Darkness," and at 7:30 p. m., "Mission Work Among the Mountain Whites of North Carolina;" Sunday school at noon; young people's meeting at 6:45 p. m.

Grace church, usual services; Thanksgiving pound party in the church basement for the poor on Monday at 7:30; Thanksgiving Day, 10 a. m., service, sermon and offerings for aged clergy; 7:30 p. m., lecture on Paris by Mr. L. K. Parks. To all of these a general welcome for all.

Westminster Presbyterian church, corner Superior and Locust streets, Rev. S. G. Anderson, pastor: Services, 10:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; morning subject, "Burden Bearing;" evening subject, "Story of the Manuscript;" Sunday school at 12 m. in the chapel; Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:30 in the chapel.

Trinity church, Rev. Charles Scadding, rector: The services to-morrow, 23d Trinity, will be: 9:45, Sunday school--rehearsal of Christmas carols; 11 a. m., morning prayer, holy communion and sermon; 7:30, evening prayer and sermon by Rev. T. Dickinson, of Albion, Michigan. Strangers cordially welcomed and will be provided with leaflet giving full order of service.

The Bartlett street church (Disciples of Christ), corner Bartlett and Ewing streets, on Robison's belt line. J. L. McDonald, pastor: Communion services at 10:30 a. m., followed by a sermon, subject, "Good Fishing;" Sunday school, 12:10 p. m.; Y. P. S. C. E., 6:30 p. m.; preaching, 7:30 p. m., subject, "Weak-kneed Believers and Honest Skeptics;" prayer meeting Thursday evening, 7:30.

St. John's M. E. church, Rev. A. J. Fish, pastor, Magnolia street, between Huron and Superior: Preaching at 10:30 a. m. by Rev. W. H. Poole, L. L. D., of Detroit; sermon in the evening by the pastor; class meeting at 9:30 a. m.; Sunday school at noon; Epworth League at 6:30 p. m. Spring Street mission Sunday school at 2:30 p. m.

The First Congregational church, next to Boody house, on St. Clair street, Rev. Wm. W. Williams and Rev. D. M. Fisk, pastors, Professor Fisk, preacher: Morning service at 10:30, subject, "The Battle Lines of Redemption;" Sunday school at 12:15; Y. P. S. C. E. service at 6:30; evening service at 7:30, subject, "Born to Live, Not to Die." Calendars distributed at the door. Thanksgiving service Thursday a. m.

Albany street M. E. church, Rev. Jno. I. Weam: The regular Sunday services will be as usual; preaching at 11:00 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; Sunday school at 10:00 a. m.; Epworth League at 6:30 p. m.; song service at 7:15 p. m. The revival services will continue during the day and all the coming week. Rev. J. C. Shaw is assisting the pastor, and the Lord is sending daily "showers of blessing." All are invited.

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

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BEST FITTING CORSET ON EARTH
GOLD MEDAL PARIS EXPOSITION 1889.

MAYER, STROUSE & CO. MFRS. 412 B'WAY, N.Y.

UPPER SANDUSKY.

Upper Sandusky, Nov. 19.--(Special)--Herman Stutz was home from Findlay over Sunday.

Miss Maggie Leonard, of Marion, is visiting here.

Al Hare, editor of the Journal at Marysville, was here over Sunday.

Mrs. Frank Stutz, of Bucyrus, is visiting her parents here.

A number from here attended the democratic jollification Wednesday at Bucyrus.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Vrooman, of Toledo, are visiting here.

Mrs. M. E. Quaintance, of Petoskey, Mich., is visiting here.

W. S. Bush was in Toledo Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Jno. McAfie are visiting in Ft. Wayne.

THE TESTIMONIALS.

Published on behalf of Hood's Sarsaparilla are as reliable and as worthy your confidence as if they came from your best and most trusted neighbor. They state simple facts.

Hood's Pills cure sick headache.

DEMOCRATIC JOLLIFICATION.

Galesburg, Ill., Nov. 19.--The democracy of central Illinois is holding high carnival to-day in honor of the recent victory. To-night there will be a great round-up, and it is expected that from 30,000 to 40,000 people will endeavor to get within sound of the voice of the vice-president elect.

DREADFUL SKIN DISEASE.

Afflicts a Well-Known Merchant. Itching and Burning Terrible. Doctors and All Remedies Fail.

Tries Cuticura. Relieved by the First Application and Entirely Cured in Five Weeks.

About eighteen months ago a small speck appeared on my ankle; it resembled a fish scale; it became larger, and I consulted a physician who pronounced it psoriasis or monied disease, because it resembled money. I applied an ointment, but it spread until at last it covered almost my entire body. My suffering was something terrible, burning and itching sensation continually until it became almost unendurable. I suffered tortures especially at night, and for two months I was compelled to sleep with gloves on. I became desperate. I would have given anything to be relieved of the itching sensation. I tried a number of remedies without any relief. I was requested to try CUTICURA; this I did, and to my great surprise, I was relieved after the first application. I used the CUTICURA, CUTICURA SOAP and CUTICURA RESOLVENT according to directions for about four or five weeks when I was entirely cured. But what a relief it was to me after the suffering I went through. I cannot speak with too much favor for the "CUTICURA REMEDIES," and I would recommend it to all those who are suffering from the same disease that I have suffered.

JOHN T. MELODY,
Of Melody Brothers, Wyandotte, Mich.

Cuticura Resolvent

The new Blood and Skin Purifier and greatest of Humor Remedies, internally (to cleanse the blood of all impurities, and thus remove the cause), and CUTICURA, the great Skin Cure, and CUTICURA SOAP, an exquisite Skin Beautifier, externally (to clear the skin and scalp, and restore the hair), cure every species of agonizing itching, burning, scaly and pimply diseases of the skin, scalp and blood.

Sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA, 50c; SOAP, 25c.; RESOLVENT, $1. Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CORPORATION Boston.

☞ Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 64 pages, 50 illustrations, 100 testimonials.

PIMPLES, black-heads, red, rough, chapped, and oily skin cured by CUTICURA SOAP.

I CAN'T BREATHE.

Chest Pains, Soreness, Weakness, Hacking Cough, Asthma, Pleurisy, and Inflammation relieved in one minute by the Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster. Nothing like it for Weak Lungs.

COX COAL AND BERDAN.

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Hard and soft coal delivered to any part of the city.

C. C. McKECKNIE,
MANAGER. - RETAIL DEP'RT'MT

Toledo Flour & Feed Company

J. E. REYNOLDS, Manager,
SUCCESSORS TO
CHAS. NUENDORFF, 508 SUMMIT STREET

Will keep in stock all the best and most popular brands of

FLOUR

THE BEST MILL FEED

That can be found in the market.

All at Prices That Will Surely Please.
PHONE 261 OR CALL AT
508 Summit Street

DR. L. L. CARMER.

Stricken Down with Heart Disease.

Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

GENTLEMEN: I feel it my duty, as well as a pleasure, to publish, unsolicited, to the world the benefit received from DR. MILES' RESTORATIVE REMEDIES. I was stricken down with *Heart Disease* and its complications, a rapid pulse varying from 90 to 140 beats per minute, a choking or burning sensation in the wind pipe, oppression **THOUSANDS** in the chest, much pain in the region of the heart and below lower rib, pain in the arms, shortness of breath, sleeplessness, weakness and general debility. The arteries in my neck would throb violently, the throbbing of my heart could be heard across a large room and would shake my whole body. I was so nervous that I could not hold my hand steady. *I have been under the treatment of eminent physicians, and have taken gallons of Patent Medicine without the least benefit.* A friend recommended your remedies. She was cured by Dr. Miles' remedies. I have taken three bottles of your New Heart Cure and two bottles **CURED** Nervine. My pulse is normal, I have no more violent throbbing of the heart, I AM A WELL MAN. I sincerely recommend every one with symptoms of Heart Disease to *take Dr. Miles' Restorative Remedies and be cured.*

Gypsum City, Kans. L. L. CARMER.

Sold on a Positive Guarantee, OR MONEY RETURNED.

Pain, left side, use Dr. Miles Heart Cure.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

TROUSERS!

are the same in style of cut as the past season, only we have a new scheme that will tickle the fancy of all pants wearers.

We are now making pants that will not bag at the knee. We will give $100.00 to any other tailor who will make a pair of pants that will not bag at the knee.

From to-day on we will give a written guarantee that our pants will not rip or buttons come off. We have over 300 handsome styles to select from. Fit and workmanship guaranteed. To order at $3, $4, $5, $6 and $7.

ATLANTIC PANTS CO.,
344 SUMMIT STREET.

6 PER CENT LOANS.

We are prepared to make loans for any amount from $1,000 to $50,000, for 1 to 10 years, upon first mortgage, on improved farms or city property anywhere in Northwestern Ohio, upon 10 days notice at 6 per cent. interest.

We also loan money at 5 per cent. on central improved Toledo property, in sums of $25,000 to $250,000.

POE & THOMSON,
(Successors to F. G. Thomson & Co.)
331 SUPERIOR STREET.

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PILSENER, LAGER,
EXPORT BEERS!

Ale, Porter, Stout and Mt. Clemens Sprudel Water promptly delivered to families, hotels and trade in general.

ADAM ULLRICH
182 and 184 St. Clair
Phone 311

To the Ladies:

Call for Fermentum, the only reliable compressed yeast, and see that unreliable goods are not palmed off on you. By using Fermentum you are sure to have good Bread and Biscuit.

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TO HAVE A
FURNACE
Put Into Your House?

Do not wait until your windows are covered with frost, but have it done now.

The best Furnace and the Perfection Furnace Pipe is what you want.

E. A. EVERSMAN,
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Broadway and Logan Sts.
Phone 572.

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BUSINESS COLLEGE
Melchior Bros., Cor. Madison and Summit

Large, Larger, Largest.

Not only large, but larger than at any previous time and the largest in Northwestern Ohio, as many students as any other two schools. If our school is the preference of a very large majority of the public, why should it not be the preference of all? CAUTION: If interested, reader, look forward to success and you'll attend the TRI-STATE.

WHEN
YOU ARE IN DOUBT
REGARDING A
SUIT OF CLOTHES
OR AN
OVERCOAT
GO TO
V. W. Granger's,
Toledo's Fashionable Tailor.
HIS STOCK IS ALWAYS COMPLETE.
HIS STYLES ARE ALWAYS THE LATEST.
HIS FITS ARE SELDOM EQUALED.

L. A. & A. A. BROWN
--DEALERS IN--
Hard and Soft Coal
SAND, LIME, MORTAR and HAIR.
Also Cement, Calcined and Land Plaster, and Sewer Pipe. Office 22 Bridge Street, Near T. & O. C. Depot.
EAST TOLEDO. PHONE 362

Bile Beans
Small.

Guaranteed to cure Bilious Attacks, Sick-Headache and Constipation. 40 in each bottle. Price 25c. For sale by druggists.
Picture "7, 17, 70" and sample dose free.
J. F. SMITH & CO., Proprietors, NEW YORK.

The Star That Leads Them All

A first-class high arm high grade machine with all attachments for $20. No money required until you have examined machine. How can we do it? Send for Catalogue and full particulars.

J. M. HAYES,
608 Cherry street, Toledo, O.
Warranted five years.
☞ Full line of PIANOS AND ORGANS

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that on the 5th day of November, 1892, the Memorial Baptist Church of Toledo, Ohio, filed a petition in the Court of Common Pleas of Lucas County, Ohio, praying for an order to grant authority to the trustees of said corporation to mortgage [illegible] in the city of Toledo, Lucas County, Ohio, [illegible] $1,600 [illegible] 5th day of December, 1892.

L. G. RICHARDSON.

"Dress Stuffs."

While we are not getting as many goods as we did a month ago, yet we are receiving something new every day to keep up the assortment

"Black Goods."

We have a special pride in keeping this department always up to its full standard in both staple goods and the newest weaves obtainable.

"Cloaks."

We are still "harping" on Cloaks; we can't help it. We have so many, and so many more coming in, and still more ordered. We have never done so large a cloak business as this fall and intend to keep it up to the end of the season if good goods, style, taste and low prices will do it.

"Millinery."

We are now closing out at a great reduction all trimmed Millinery and Fancy Feathers.

"Draperies and Curtains."

We are showing brilliant bargains in Heavy Draperies and fine Lace Curtains and general Curtain Goods and Hangings.

Holiday Goods Are now arriving and placed on sale as fast as they are opened.

NEUHAUSEL BRO'S

Pages 9 to 12.

THE TOLEDO BEE

Pages 9 to 12.

BOARDING HOUSES

Bab on Runners Thereof, and Dwellers Therein.

The Woman Conductor—Training Servants

Like Ward Politicians—Avoid Intelligence Office Scum.

Fair Wages, Stiff Prices, Good Tables.

Gossipy Domestics—Kitchen Detectives—Gentle Mistresses Who Dote on Needlework—Men's Lodging Houses.

(Copyright, 1892, by the Bok Syndicate Press, N. Y. From Our Special Correspondent.)

New York, Nov. 19.—I am not an association to tell women how to earn their own own living, nor am I one to give them discouragement. At the same time I have a keen feeling that I am an authority on some subjects, one of which is boarding-houses. It came about in this way: When I got her card I looked at it, and said to that person, for whom I have the utmost respect, myself, "She is a lady." Then, when I looked at her, and saw how carefully her gown was arranged to hide its shabbiness, how nearly her gloves were mended, I added, in this speech, to myself: "She is a poor lady." And then my heart gave a great thump, and I thought to myself, and I thought it with a firmness that would have been creditable to a larger person: "If I can help her, I will." Then I listened.

This Lady Got Sound Advice.

She wanted to start a boarding-house; she had the house and the furniture, and she wanted to know if I could give her any suggestions as to how to make money. Unlike the angels, I rushed in and told her what I thought. Said I: "Begin by thinking that the people who board with you are human beings and not merely boarders. Begin by asking a high price and then giving people the worth of their money. Train your servants to obey your orders as implicitly as if you were a ward politician, and if one of them says she don't care to dust Mrs. Dash's books, don't discuss the matter with her, but tell her that you don't care to pay her wages any longer and she can depart. The cry of the boarding-house keeper is that there are no good servants to be gotten. This is not true. It is merely a question of paying for them and looking out for their references. Of course, if you take in the scum of the intelligence office, you may expect bad service, dishonesty and drunkenness, and you will not be dispappointed. Then give your boarders what you promise them. If your contract calls for a warm room and a good table, see that that is furnished, and don't believe that by sitting in the parlor and looking handsome you are going to make your house a success. There is nothing unladylike in going into one's kitchen, and why the average borading-house keeper should think there is passes my comprehension. Go into your kitchen and superintend your own cooking; make your own desserts and then you will get an idea where your money goes. Servants are not apt to be dishonest when they realize that a mistress is liable to drop in at any minute. Discharge the first servant that comes to you with gossip.

As long as people behave quietly, pay their bills and treat you properly, their private affairs don't concern you. You have hired your servants to work, not entertain you or the boarders. I cannot understand why, but as soon as a woman in a boarding-house tries to make her room look a little homelike, the dust accumulates at the rate of an inch a day. In my own personal experience I have been told that it is the fire, or the dust from the windows. I now know it to be due entirely to the laziness of servants, for in an equally busy neighborhood, with a greater number of belongings, the dust does not grow, as it is ruthlessly disturbed by a feather brush every morning. Servants are very much like children—they do well as long as they know somebody is lookin at them, but the minute they are left to their own devices they shirk. Be the head of your own establishment, and let every servant distinctly understand that her going or staying is a matter of indifference to you, for there are always good fish in the servant market, and the bait to catch them is the dollar.

Live and Let Live.

Now, I am going to say something to you about your table. Of course, I am presupposing that you are taking boarders. It may seem a little more expensive at first to have everything of the best, but it pays in the end, for your people do not drift away, and more are desirous of coming to you. It is just as easy to make good as it is bad coffee, and quite as easy to offer a variety, instead of alternating with roast beef and turkey all the week. It only requires a little thought about this, and a little thought about something else, for you not only to make a success, but to make money. Most women have an idea that the way to keep a boarding-house is first to get a house, then fill it with people, more or less unhappy, and then, by a series of nagging and bad food, to get them to that extreme of unhappiness when nothing makes any difference. This is a sort of boomerang policy. Some day the

Worms Will Turn and Depart.

and then they will spread the reputation of the house so far that nobody will want to go to it. You can't keep a first-class boarding-house, and devote all your energies to doing artistic needle-worw. To earn your living in this world you have got to work. You can't play; and if you want to earn a good living, you have got to work hard. I have always thought that there would be money in a properly conducted lodging-house; that is, one kept for gentlemen only, and where the lodgers could sleep all day, and stay out all night, if they wanted to. If I were running it, I should let the gas in the hall burn all night, and I should see that the lock was so well oiled that nobody in the house would be awakened when a key was put in it. Then I should charge high prices, furnish coffee and rolls for breakfast—the best coffee and the lightest of rolls—and have only men servants. One of these should be a good valet, and any man who was willing to pay for it, could then have his clothes brushed, and be regularly groomed. My principle would be to keep the best lodging-house in New York, and to charge the highest prices; and you can bet the largest silver dollar you have, that I would get it. Now, you've my opinion on the subject of boarding and lodging-houses."

From Boarding-House to Home.

The lady went away, and I suppose is keeping her boarding-house; if she has taken any of my tips it is a successful one, if not it will only be one among the thousands where people are fed, lodged and maltreated. This may sound a little severe, but there is a deal of truth in it. After you have gone to housekeeping yourself you will find out why things didn't taste just nice, for you discover the desibrability of clean pots and pans, and you also discover that your hatred of turkey arises from the fact that a gentleman turkey of mature age who has been kept on ice for weeks, and who is prepared for eating two or three days before hand (when I say beforehand, I mean before eating), and a lady turkey plump as possible, who has no acquaintance with the ice chest and who only a few days ago was happy in the barnyard are different. All this sounds very domestic, and somebody is laughing about Bab's house. There never was a woman in the world worth anything who didn't want a home of her own, and I just want to tell the scoffers one thing, and that is, that Bab's house pleases her. She gets what she wants to eat, and having come from the land where good things are plenty, she wants good things. Any visitor can look in at the kitchen, and, indeed, any visitor with ability can, if she or he likes, try their hand at cooking; the cook is not a crank and neither is the housekeeper. Then, too, it is never any trouble to make a cup of tea and funny enough in the average boarding-house a cup of tea out of time, that is not exactly within meal hours, means an underdone stew of tea leaves.

Bab is Housekeeper Now.

Everybody laughed at my housekeeping; everybody said: "Now you will see what it is like," and now I do; and I spend most of my time regretting that I didn't begin the voyage of discovery before. We don't have dinner in the middle of the day on Sunday, and we do have brandy peaches so they teaste of brandy and not of burnt sugar; you can buy bunches of celery that are all heart, and lettuce that is nearly all white. After I have kept house for a while, I shall be in condition to write a cook book—it may help other people who yearn for homes of their own and think they cost so much more than boarding that they are impossible. I don't pretend to say that it don't cost more to have a home when you are only one, but where there are two or three people it is infinitely cheaper to have a house, or a flat of your own, and you can live as you please.

There is another thing, in your own house you can meet the people you want and nobody else. You don't have to endure the caprices, ill tempers and general crankiness of the world at large—you have the sole right to be cranky in that house, and if you are a nice woman, and I am sure you are, the very fact of this will make you forget how to be cranky. People were not meant to

Herd Together Like Cows;

they were given superior intelligence and a certain ability intended for use in making abiding places. That there are people who dull their senses and live out their lives among crowds is sadly true; but that they are coarsened and vulgarized by this cannot be doubted. Somebody thinks it is a new plaything with me—whoever thinks that must imagine I am a mighty poor specimen of a woman. A real woman as naturally wants a home of her own as she does a man to rule her. She knows in her heart of hearts that she is monarch in the home and she also knows in her heart of hearts that this rule over her would amount to nothing if it were not the very bond of love. Women do not submit amiably to tyrants who have not their love, and it seems to me from what I know of them, that even the average woman can make life much worse for a man than he ever can for her. She don't take a great big knife and stick it in him; oh, dear, no! She takes a nice little pen-knife and gives a tiny cut here and there until the entire body of the poor fellow is sore from the minute stabs.

Good, Bad and Indifferent.

A woman can be so nasty and she can be so nice! She is seldom between.

She is nasty all the way through when she worries a man with her petty jealousies and mean insinuations.

She is nice all the way through when she gives him a word of encouragement for his good deeds, and in this way induces him to do better.

She is mean all the way through when, because of her own extreme vanity, she makes another woman suffer.

She is nice all the way through when out of the goodness of her heart she gives another woman joy.

She is mean all the way through when hospitality is a trouble and courteous words a bore.

She is nice all the way through when she speaks pleasant words every day, and finds no trouble in being gracious.

She is mean all the way through when she holds up her husband or her children to ridicule.

She is nice all the way through when she finds out the best that is in them, and encourages it and them until they are better than good.

Sometimes she is a combination of meanness and niceness, and the one that comes to the surface will crowd out the other That's what we women want to pray for. To lose all the meanness and be as nice as we possibly can. At least that's the desire of

BAB.

CARING FOR THE GOOD BOOK.

How the Scriptures Were Preserved Previous to Their Translation.

The books of the law were the first books of the Bible to be collected by the priests and leaders of the Israelites; after the law came the written history of the people, in the fifth century B. C., the collection of the prophets by Nehemiah; and from his time onward the collection of hagiographa, the Psalms, Proverbs, Job, Canticles. All of these had been preserved by the priests, copied and recopied as occasion required, and circulated in manuscript, as of course all writings were circulated in those days. The dispersion of the Hebrews and their acquisition of other languages, necessitated the translation of the scriptures into other than Hebrew, and previous to the second century B. C. what we know as the Septuagint translation, the LXX, was completed in Greek, designed especially for the Hebrews living in Alexandria and other parts of Egypt. The Septuagint comes from a tradition that 70 scholars—72 actually—made the translation. Translations and recensions into the Aramaic were also made, and these translations were copied from time to time, so that the oldest manuscript of the Old Testament now extant is only about 1,400 years old.

The case is the same with the New Testament, according to the Pittsburg Dispatch. It was written again and again, until now there are upward of 1,000 manuscripts for the gospels and as many more for the rest of the New Testament. The oldest manuscripts are the Codex Sinaiticus and the Codex Vaticanus, which date from the fourth century A. D. So the books of the Bible were handed down, the old copies always being renewed before they wore out, the language being Hebrew, Greek, and after A. D. 300, Latin. The latter, in the translation adopted by the Roman church, and known as the Vulgate, because commonly used in the Christian churches, was the first book printed, in 1450-55. As far back as the seventh century portions of the Vulgate were translated into English; and the early versions by Wickliffe and his predecessors, by Purvey and others, were translations from the Vulgate. Tyndale used Luther's German translation of the Greek Bible. The authorized version of King James was made by 47 scholars and finished in 1611; the manuscripts, so far as accessible, were consulted, the translators not restricting themselves to the Vulgate, but going to the Hebrew and Greek whenever they could.

HOW HAIRPINS ARE MADE.

Hairpins are made by automatic and very complicated machines. The coiled wire is put upon drums, and becomes straightened as it feeds itself to the machine. It passes along until it reaches two cutters which point the ends at the same time that they cut it to the length required. This piece of wire then slips along an iron plate until it reaches a slot, through which it is pressed into the regular shape. The hairpins are then put into a pan and japanned, after which they are heated in an oven with a temperature of 300 to 400 degrees. There are but four American factories. The largest are in Birmingham and Waterbury, Conn., the others in Philadelphia and Brooklyn. One-half million dollars' worth of hairpins are annually imported from England, France and Germany.

IN A CONVENT

Pretty, Wayward Minnie Hathaway

Will Spend the Remainder of Her Ruined Life.

A Petted Daughter, an Indulgent Wife and a Favorite in Society, Her Downfall is Sad, Indeed.

Chicago, Nov. 19.—Mr. Hathaway, of Cleveland, O., whose wife was one of the party of three that were with Frank H. Mezick in this city on October 2 last, when he killed himself, says that she has entered a convent near Denver and will there end her days.

"Her life is closed," he says, sorrowfully. "She has changed her name, or will change it, and will spend the remainder of her days in the cloister."

Mr. Hathaway has been staying at the Great Northern hotel for some little time, and has just left for his home. During this time at the hotel he took all possible precautions to prevent the disclosure of his identity.

His visit to this city was for the purpose of hunting up all the evidence to be found with regard to his erring wife's escapades here in order to present it in his coming suit for divorce. He has had many consultations with his lawyer, William H. Clark, whose office is in the Tacoma building, and intends freeing himself as soon as possible of marriage. He says his wife's downfall has been due to drink. In Cleveland, after a lengthened period of intoxication in her own home, he discovered her in the company of a man, who will be the co-respondent in the proceedings in court, driving drunken through the public streets.

On the night of Mezick's death Mrs. Hathaway had pawned a diamond ring for $100 and borrowed a large amount from a family friend. She said after that episode that she had made up her mind to return to her mother. While Mr. Hathaway declares that his wife will spend her days in a cloister, others of his friends intimate that she has been sent to a lunatic asylum.

The story of Mrs. Hathaway's life reads like a romance, and is a sad warning to young girls who, while meaning to do no wrong, are inclined to be fast and flirtatious.

Mrs. Hathaway's maiden name was Garber, and her home was in Greenville, a pretty little village in the western part of the state of Pennsylvania. Her father was a druggist in good circumstances and the family moved in the best society. Her two older sisters, being pretty and vivacious, the Garber home became the center of attraction for the young men of their own and surrounding towns, and Minnie, at a very early age, received much attention.

Both of the older sisters married well, and though they generally kept the village tabbies well supplied with gossip, still it remained for the youngest and prettiest daughter to bring disgrace on the family name.

When Minnie was 16 she was sent to a convent in Toronto, to be educated, and stayed there two years.

Shortly after she left school she met Mr. Hathaway, and after a very brief acquaintance, married him.

In her husband's home at Cleveland she was received in the best society, and it seemed no one could ask for a happier life.

But wine and the longing for excitement wrought her downfall.

Of course the newspapers and public opinion sympathize with the disgraced and deceived husband, but at his own home it is whispered that, being a man of bad habits himself, he could not influence his wife aright, and, having married her simply and solely for her beauty, was surprised and angry to find that she did not possess all the virtues of mind and heart that a good woman should be endowed with.

It is a sad ending to a bright, young life that, in its dawning, was rich with promise.

Bad home influences and an uncongenial marriage have resulted in the wreck of a once pure womanhood, and the world-weary creature, depraved and wretched, is glad to seek shelter within the convent walls, at the restrictions of which she chafed in her free and happy girlhood.

SEASICKNESS, CAUSE, REMEDY.

What an English Medical Journal Says on an Interesting Topic.

Most of those who have experienced the miseries of seasickness, however they might differ in minor details of statement, would agree in ascribing this most dispiriting malady to one main cause—the motion of the ship—says the Lancet. In so far the whole medical faculty would concur in their decision. This, then, is the central fact which confers upon the disorder its unique position. It is really not a pathological by a physiological disturbance. It has no natural connection with dyspepsia. The robust and healthy, by a strange contradiction, suffer from it for the time hardly less than the weak and ill. Its variations of intensity are felt to be counterparts of mere bodily oscillation. Some find relief from it in change of posture, others in active occupation, all more or less when their storm-tossed vessel sails under the lee of land. Custom and use commonly secure immunity. These are circumstances which one and all point to mechanical causation as the source of the discomfort. It is the unaccustomed rise and fall, the jerk and relaxation of loosely attached abdominal viscera, mainly, perhaps, but not alone, of the stomach, acting upon the central congestions, which must bear the brunt of accusation. It follows that successful treatment cannot be guarteed by any one method or panacea. Recumbency, pure deck air, moderately firm bandaging of the body are all useful. Drugs have their place and their partial utility; but, as we have already suggested, there is no remedy equal to a lee shore. Nothing can be much more depressing than seasickness, and for this reason we should strongly advise all weak persons not to encourage, if possible, the risk of its occurrence. It is astonishing how soon and how completely those who are favored with a fair measure of constitutional elasticity recover from its depression. In their case the benefits of a sea trip may thus, with compensations of air, diet and appetite, be even enhanced by a few hours of mechanical nausea. It is, in truth, for such persons only that tours of this kind are advisable.

Autumn Thoughts.

The melancholy days are here,
Faint whispers of the dying year,
And yet it is not they that fill
Me with forebodings dark and ill;
My soul is saddest when I see,
Before my uncle's agency,
Set out, the passer to entrance,
My winter coat and vest and pants.

Becomes Embarrassed.

When he starts in to tell his love
He thinks he has it "pat;"
But soon he finds, to his dismay,
He's mixed the thing, and has to say:
"My love, where was I at?"

—Brooklyn Eagle.

He that is down need fear no fall,
So he that's standing up already
Stands quit of fear of any call
To give his seat up to a lady.

HOME EXAMPLES.

They Far Outweigh the Instruction of School on the Child.

A child my be a regular attendant at the best school in the land and be daily taught the rules of grammar and syntax, yet if he hears at home incorrect methods of speech those are the forms which he will readily acquire, and which will cling to him all through life. Many a man and woman who know perfectly well what is a correct expression will make use of one that is entirely wrong simply through force of habit, having heard it made use of in the home and by people with whom they come in daily and familiar contact. It is not lack of education, but simply force of example. Therefore, it behooves parents to guard against slip-shod modes of speech for there are little ears to hear and growing minds to receive the early impressions that outline all those of later and wiser years. To the children, father and mother are all wise and all powerful. If they say "he hasn't came" then no other expression can be right, for are not these home rulers to know what is correct? Ah, what a charge is given to parents. They are the pattern by which the little lives around them are moulded. Their example wields a life-time influence and the manners and morals of the home far outweigh any of the teachings the world or institutes of learning may strive ever so hard to instill.—Brooklyn Citizen.

A FAIR WAGER.

The Democrat Takes the Girl.

And Though the Other Party Wants to Back Out, She Will stand by the Cleveland Man.

Hazleton, Pa., Nov. 19.—The little town of Harveyville, in the valley below this city, is greatly excited over the outcome of an election bet. Miss Hattie Bailey, the buxom daughter of farmer Bailey, seems to have inspired the bet and the desire to gain her hand may be the means of bringing Wm. Koons and Thomas McGraw together in mortal combat.

For six months these young men have been paying attentions to Miss Bailey. Both are well-to-do, and have good connections. Not infrequently one of them called at Miss Bailey's home and found his rival there ahead of him. The young woman seemed to like both of them. No preference was shown. About two weeks ago both young men appeared at the Bailey household together. Among the subjects discussed during the evening politics came up. McGraw was a republican, while his rival was a democrat. Both expressed themselves as confident in the success of their favorite candidates. A wager was offered by the Cleveland man and Miss Bailey encouraged by offering to become stakeholder. The sum had not been stipulated and while considering that subject McGraw hit upon the idea that a good chance to dispose of his rival had presented itself.

The proposition was first made to the young woman. She was satisfied, and it was agreed that all claims on her company would be forfeited by the backer of the defeated candidate.

When the news of his loss reached McGraw Wednesday he almost fainted. He did not lose hope, however, and when he recovered determined not to abide by the decree of fate.

Last night Koons called on the lady, and, while seated in the parlor, was surprised to see his rival walk in. Angry words were exchanged and both men left the room.

What conclusion the men came to after leaving the house last night is not known, but it was learned that McGraw is in receipt of a challenge to fight a duell. The young woman is much exercised over the turn affairs have taken, but favors the Cleveland man, and will stand by, she says.

ROYALTY LIVING ON PITTANCES

Exiled Monarchs Who Are Forced to Lead Lives of Economy.

Royalty without a civil list or a large private fortune is about the most trying situation to which a human creature can be subjected. I have come across in my day not a few illustrious personages to whom this test was applied by fate, and do not remember one, unless the late king of Hanover, who went through it like a first rate man or woman, though some of them bore reverses better than most persons of far lesser rank known to me who had fallen in the world and prided themselves on having seen "better days." Don Juan of Spain, father of Carlos, and husband of the beautiful and splendidly dowered Archduchess Beatrice of Este-Modena, was a lazy old loafer.

When "at home" he lived in the Regent's Park with a lady who was not at all archducal, and seven or eight children, who unfortunately for themselves, were every inch Spanish Bourbons. When on the continent Juan was sometimes "Mr. Johns," sometimes "Mr. King," or "M. le Roy," and again "Mr. Bliss" (a translation of his wife's name), lived generally en garni and dined at cheap tables d'hote. His breath used to smell of mutton ragout, a dish that sticks to the breath like garlic.

The king of Naples also loafs through life, but in a harmless, gentlemanly fashion. He has hopelessly lost his bearings since the Italian confectioner at the corner of the Place de la Bourse was, through having given credit too freely to the king's followers, obliged to shut up shop. The poor confectioner supplied dinners for an age to one of the king's brothers, and will have to wait for payment until the Neapolitan Bourbons are restored. Going to lunch at the confectioner's, which he always did on foot, enabled Francis II. to get through several hours every day, and afforded him an easy walk to and from the hotel in the Rue Bossy d'Anglais in which he has lived ever since he came to abide in Paris. He shares so little the tastes of his wife, who goes in for race horses, as in point of fact to live alone, though en menage with her.

The august pair rather camp than reside here. The Duke of Aquila, having run through his own and his wife's fortune, was ages ago obliged to quit the beautiful villa in which he lived for some years in the avenue du Bois de Boulogne, and he is now a pensioner of King Humbert to the amount of 400 a year (10,000 lire) and also lives en garni. He, however, makes up well when he goes to dinner parties and has a touch of naval frankness that is pleasant. He drew a good pension so long as the Brazilian empire lasted as its lord high admiral, and filled a corresponding situation in the kingdom of Naples before 1860. I do not suppose that he is much of a seaman, but he was formerly always entertaining or being entertained by naval officers, and his manners took a color from theirs.

He manages to keep up jovial spirits under depressing circumstances which I think creditable to him. Comte de Bari, his nephew, has found consolation for personal and family losses and crosses in marriage with a lady of the corps de ballet, and has adopted a son who is nearly his own age, to the great disgust of the ex-king. In Italian law the adoptee is a member of the Bourbon family, whatever he may be in blood, and is supposed by it to be a grandson of the illustrious Archduke Charles and of Ferdinand II. of Naples.—Paris Letter in London Truth.

A Portland, Me., woman, who has a mania for canceled postage stamps, has over a million of them.

As it is an actor's business to hold the mirror up to nature, he must expect all sorts of reflections.—Boston Transcript.

SHE IS AVENGED.

Ernest Eidner Cuts His Own Throat.

He Drove His Wife to Her Death

By His Jealousy—Gossip the Cause of the Double Suicide.

New York, Nov. 19.—Ernest Eidner committed suicide yesterday at the home of T. Welleruther, 62 Adams street, Newark. The deed was probably prompted by remorse for his wife's death. The latter was an estimable woman, well liked by every one, but, through the insane jealousy of her husband, she was driven to end her life a little over a year ago.

In May, 1891, Mrs. Eidner received word that her parents were dying in Germany. She borrowed money from C. F. Reuter of 231 Belmont avenue, and left on the next steamer for her old home. After she had gone, gossips began to whisper that a man went with her. The jealous husband, hearing of the rumors, and believing they were true, followed. He arrived in Germany, only to find his wife almost prostrated with grief over the illness of her parents and her husband's doubt of her fidelity.

When they returned to Newark, the couple went to live on Rutgers street, and remained there until October. In order to assist in supporting the household Mrs. Eidner had taken in a few boarders. Eidner, in one of his jealous moods, upbraided his wife for being unfaithful to him and unduly intimate with one of the boarders. This so preyed on the woman's mind that she left home, went to the house of a friend, and, locking herself in a room, took a dose of Paris green, from the effects of which she died a few hours later. She left the two following letters explaining her rash deed:

"Dear Uncle: It will come. Something will happen which I cannot see before me. I have taken poison. My husband accuses me of things and is jealous."

The other letter read:

"It may be possible that something will happen. Please do not consider me bad, though my husband is innocent."

The miserable result of his suspicion and the knowledge that he had driven his wife to death weighed heavily on Eidner's mind. Since then he has wandered about like one demented, and yesterday, locking himself in a room, as his wife had done a year ago, he cut his throat from ear to ear with a large butcher-knife. The following letter was found:

"I am innocent. I have been hounded like a wolf. It is not so that I drove my wife to do it. I forgive her and must die. I want to die. That is my wish. I care nothing for my life. When a friend proves false, then love is gone. I loved my wife and believe her true. Good-by. I am driven to do this. Oh, Emma, we will meet soon in another world. Good-by all. ERNEST EIDNER."

The gossips who killed this man and this woman are still doing business at the old stand.

THE STRAITS OF RICH GIRLS.

Many of Them Have Credit, but No Money to Spend.

The girls who are obliged to work for a living are not the poorest ones in New York, or many other cities of the United States. The dependent daughters of presumably rich parents are more deserving of our pity than the working girls. However small the earnings of the working girl, her wages are her own. Her position exonerates her from some obligations, if it denies her some pleasures.

On the contrary, the true position of the fashionable or semi-fashionable girl is not known. She is the recipient of favors that she must return. She is the daughter of parents who have been too busy making fortunes to study the reminds of society, but who wish their daughter to be a society girl.

There are girls whose parents own their own homes and are surrounded by servants whose wages these girls covet. I have in mind a young lady, an only daughter, whose parents own a four story brown stone front, and who keep three servants.

The young lady is beautiful and she has been educated in a fashionable school, where no expense was spared to render her what she is—an accomplished belle.

But no sooner was she launched into society than her money martyrdom began. She is remarkably economical, and all of her costumes are of the simplest kind. All her bills are sent to her father, who pays them with more or less complaint.

She is given an allowance, less than a good laundress earns, and with this she is expected to pay her seamstress and buy all "extras." If she incurs debts not for "necessities" she must draw on the next month's allowance to pay them.

"I often suffer for the need of car fare and postage stamps," she told me with tears in her eyes. "Papa cannot understand how I use up my allowance so quickly. He is proud of my intimacy with swell people, yet he does not understand that to maintain this intimacy I must go to a benefit or a charity entertainment now and then, for which they sell tickets. He says that my money goes and I have nothing to show for it, and he will not encourage my extravagance, as he calls it.

"I am often tempted to pawn our bric-a-brac to get a few pennies. I lie awake nights trying to plan some may of earning money and not having it known.

"I saw an advertisement one day for girls to curl feathers. I answered it in person, but the forewoman looked me coldly over from head to foot and then she said 'she did not want fine ladies to come and take the bread from the mouths of the poor and needy.' I told her I was the neediest girl I knew, but she did not believe me."

"When papa dies," said a young girl to me, "mamma and I will inherit quite a fortune. But as long as he lives we will never have a dollar to handle. If he ever does give us a five he expects it to last forever. He pays all my bills for dresses and music with only a little grumbling now and then, but never voluntarily gives me money to use.

"He brought me home an expensive King Charles spaniel one day and I was wild to go and sell it and have the money to use. I often sit in our splendid house and envy the shop girls as they go by."

"I have the strangest experiences with some of the wealthy young ladies who take lessons of me," said a French teacher. One of them asked me to let my bill run three months. It then amounted to $30. 'Make out your bill for $60,' she said, 'and send it to papa. He is willing to pay for my accomplishments but he never gives me any money to spend. After he sends you the amount, $60, you can give me half, and he will never be the wiser nor the poorer. He does not need the money, and I do."

Shop keepers not infrequently have the same experience.

ers, who have separately examined the prop-
g $178,000, showing an average yield per
turned into bullion at an expense of only
es and all desired information, can be ob-
o., 41 Broadway, New York.

Tuft's college is to have three lady students in the college of letters and three in the divinity school.

WHERE THE WOMAN RULES.

Among the Pueblo Indians She Is Supreme in the Household.

The laws of the Pueblo are simple but admirable and are thoroughly enforced. Crime is practically unknown, and for occasional minor lapses the offender is induced to jail by a handcuff more civilized than our own, since it fits about the neck, and the culprit can neither be tortured by it, nor pull back upon his captors. The gentleness of officials and laymen is always notable. A resister is never clubbed nor choked into acquiescence, but is overpowered without a scratch. Scribner's tells of a drunken vagabond who once shot a woman in Isletta and fled. A posse with rifles pursued and soon overtook him. He intrenched himself and was ready to shoot the first who should come nearer. Instead of silencing him with a bullet, as there was perfect justice in doing, the Alguazil ordered him dislodged with stones. A deft throw stunned him and he was captured, with one unimportant bruise. This is a typical case. The social corner stone is not the family, but the clan. Husband and wife must belong to different gentes, and the children follow her clan. In other words, descent is from the mother and not from the father.

The Pueblo had invented woman rights before any Caucasian acquired that social insomnia, and it remains one of his fundaments. He has never used his wife as a pack beast. He is not henpecked, but just, and even finds no shame in "toting" the baby upon his back all day when he has no more essential duty. The spheres of the sexes are clearly defined, but manfully. The woman is complete owner of the house and all it contains, save his personal trinkets, and she has no other work to do than housework, at which she is no sloven. Should her husband ill-treat her she could permanently evict him from home, and would be upheld in so doing. The man tills the fields and they are his; but, after the crops are housed, she has equal voice in their disposition. The live stock is, of course, his, but he will seldom sell an animal without consulting his wife. The family relations are very beautiful.

SOLOMON ISLANDERS

Who Lop Off the Heads of Human Beings.

And Eat Them—Dangerous for Missionaries to Go Near Them.

The Solomon islanders, who inhabit a beautiful archipelago stretching for 500 miles parallel with the northeast coast of New Guinea, have earned the reputation of being among the wildest and most untamable savages. It is only within a few years that the missionaries have attempted to work among them.

Before the natives grew accustomed to the sight of trading vessels it was as much as a man's life was worth to venture on shore, and the islanders were left pretty much to themselves until six or seven years ago, when England and Germany divided the islands between them, and then looked around to see if they were really worth dividing. Since then a number of traders and missionaries have built stations on the islands and persistently wooed the natives to barter and prayer. The coy and suspicious creatures, however, have distrusted the good intentions of the strangers, and as they are confirmed head hunters they have lost no opportunity to lop off the head of a white man whenever they caught him alone.

The British government decided recently to keep a war vessel in the neighborhood and teach hte natives better than to eat missionaries and adorn tabu houses with the skulls of traders. So, her majesty's ship Rapid, has done a lively business of late, inflicting gunboat justice upon villages indulging in cannibal feasts with white men as the most tempting delicacy on the bill of fare.

When the captain of the Rapid made his last report he had just executed a native for the murder of Mr. Duval, a white trader. The crime occurred in Mott Bay, among the southern islands of the group. One day, soon after the murder, the Rapid anchored in the bay and sent word to the chief that unless the murderer of Mr. Duval was delivered within two hours the village would be shelled. The Solomon islanders have had considerable exeprience of this sort, and the chief knew just what to expect. The chief and one of his men promptly set off in a canoe for the warship, having in charge a native whom they delivered up as the murderer of Mr. Duval.

The accused man made a full confession of his crime. The captain of the Rapid made a careful investigation, convinced himself that the prisoner was the culprit he was after and sentenced him to be shot at 8 o'clock next morning at the village where the murder had occurred.

At daybreak next morning a solemn procession of boats went ashore carrying the prisoner. It was thought that the treacherous natives might be ill-mannered enough to attempt to interfere with the program. A line of seamen was therefore extended around the part of the village facing the woods to guard against surprise. The prisoner was led ashore and tied to a tree. He was very calm, observed all the preparation without a tremor, and did not utter a word even when he was blindfolded. Several hundred natives grouped themselves around the place of execution, looking on in awed silence.

A firing party of ten marines was told off, marched up in front of the condemned savage and loaded their rifles. The color sergeant gave the command, "Present," and word "Fire," and then ten rifles blazed away. The murder of the white man had been avenged. The doctor pronounced the victim dead and the marines marched back to their boat, leaving the body for the natives to bury. Such lessons as this will impress the natives, if anything will, that it is better, all around, to let white men live than to kill and eat them.

THE DISTINCTIVE DRESS.

It Finds Expression in Mass of Color and Arrangement of Skirt.

If you would put your finger upon the pulse of fashion and see which way it beats, whether calmly for simple styles or excitedly for madly gorgeous confections, just stand on a street corner during an afternoon parade of fair women, and after your eyes get accustomed to the crazy whirl of the kaleidescope flashing and shimmering you can see for yourself. Here is a distinctive dress that made its impression in the mass of color because of the arrangement of the skirt. It was of rough finish tan cloth, with a strong dash of green weave. About the edge of the skirt was a fold of green velvet one inch wide. This fold was in rough loops of thread thrown out in the carried across foot at the front, up the center of the back and again at each side of the back outlining the gores, which broadened the back in the new fan fashion. A cord of green velvet finished the top of the skirt, and where the skirt came together in the back a small knot of velvet concealed the fastening and apparently united the three folds of velvet, and the conventional revers and sleeve puffs of velvet. Another striking gown, serving to illustrate the mode of having the bodice made of material unlike the skirt was a handsome confection, unmistakably French. The skirt, of a warm chocolate brown, has a double scallop of fine green gold along the edge, with a puff of red violet velvet beneath. A bodice of violet velvet without seams has a yoke of pale yellow crepe and covering the jointure of the two is a fancy shaped piece of cloth edged with gold, extending from one armhole to the other and with narrow braces over the shoulders. A similar shaped piece of cloth forms the belt of the gown.—New York Sun.

Never tell a child that it has a soul, says George MacDonald; tell it that it is a sould and has a body.

PROF. FOSTER'S WEATHER

What Is in Store for the People of the Land.

Close of November To Be Very Stormy.

Interesting Article Concerning Things About Which It is a Pleasure to Know.

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St. Joseph, Mo., Nov. 19.—My last bulletin gave forecasts of the storm wave to cross the continent from 22d to 26th, and the last storm wave for November will reach the Pacific coast about the 27th, cross the western mountains by the close of 28th, the great central valleys from 29th to December 1, and the eastern states about December 2d.

This will be one of the most severe storms of the fall months, and will begin to increase in force about November 29th as it enters the upper Missouri valley.

The cool wave will cross the western mountains about November 30th, the great central valleys about December 2d, and the eastern states about the 4th, preceded by local snows.

Phaeton's Conflagration.

When Solon, the eminent Greek lawgiver visited Egypt, 600 years before Christ a remarkable interview occurred between him and the Egyptian priests, as recorded by Plato 200 years later. According to Plato's record one of these priests replied to Solon in the following terms:

"O Solon, Solon, your Hellens are but children, and there is never an old man who is an Hellene." Solon, hearing this said: "What do you mean?" "I mean to say," replied the priest, "that in mind you are young; there are no old opinions handed down among you by ancient tradition nor any science which is hoary with age. I will tell you the reason of this. There have been, and there will be again, many destructions of mankind arising out of many causes. There is a story, which even you have preserved, that once upon a time Phaeton, the son of Helios, having yoked the steeds in his father's chariot, because he was not able to drive them in the path of his father, burnt up all that was upon the earth and was himself destroyed by a thunderbolt. Now this has the form of a myth, but really signifies a declination of the bodies moving around the earth and in the heavens, and a great conflagration of things upon the earth recurring at long intervals of time. When this happens those who live upon the mountains and in dry and lofty places are more liable to destruction than those who dwell by rivers or on the sea shore."

This record is of great importance to the subject I am discussing. The recorded dialogue between the great Greek scholar and the learned Egyptian priest occurred 2,500 years ago when the civilizations of those countries were at their zenith. Those civilizations were so old when Moses led the Israelites out of Egypt, 4,000 years ago, that the historians of that age were lost as to the time when the Greeks and Egyptians became civilized peoples, and although ages before Moses' all important events were recorded, yet even in Egypt the destruction of the human race by a comet was an old tradition in the very earliest ages of Egyptian history.

Phaeton's conflagration, as described in Greek literature, is read in every written language, and as evidence in support of the accounts given in Job and Genesis I quote from Ovid's account of Phaeton's conflagration, written 2,800 years ago, and to which the Egyptian priest referred in the quotation given above.

Phoebus is the sun, his chariot the comet and Phaeton, who drove the chariot, is represented as the son of Phoebus. Phaeton demanded of his father that he be permitted to drive the chariot and the sun-god reluctantly consented, and the reins are handed him after advising him not to drive too high or he would set on fire the constellations of the heavens, nor to low or he would destroy the earth.

According to the story Phaeton was an inexperienced driver, the horses ran away, leaving the usual path, and the earth thereby was set on fire. The course of the chariot, or comet, is minutely described, showing that it came from the north and passed the constellations of stars a comet would necessarily appear to pass in coming to the earth's orbit, and making it quite probable that the comet struck the earth on what is now its northern hemisphere. When the chariot, or comet, reached the earth Ovid thus describes the result:

"The scorched clouds send forth smoke. As each region is most elevated it is caught by the flames and cleft, it makes vast chasms, its moisture being carried away. The grass grows pale, the trees with their foliage are burned up and the dry standing corn affords fuel for its own destruction. Great cities perish, together with their fortifications, and the flames turn whole nations into ashes. Woods and mountains are on fire. Ida, once famed for its springs, is now dry.

"Phaeton beholds the world set on fire on all sides and he cannot endure heat so great and he inhales with his mouth the scorching air as though from a deep furnace and perceives his own chariot to be on fire, and neither is he able to bear the ashes and the emitted embers. On every side he is involved in a heated smoke. Covered with a pitchy darkness he knows not whither he is going nor where he is, and he is hurried away at the pleasure of the winged steeds.

"It is believed that then the nations of Ethiopians contracted their black hue, the blood being attracted into the surface of their bodies. Then was Libya (probably the Libyan desert of Sahara) made dry by the heat, the moisture being carried off, then with disheveled hair the nymphs lamented the springs and the lakes. Then the Euphrates was on fire, the Orontes was in flames and the Ganges boiled. The gold which Tagus carried with his water melted in the flames.

"The seven mouths of the Nile were empty, seven channels without any streams. The same fate dried up the Rhine, the Po and Tiber.

"The ocean, too, was dried up and that which was the Mediterranean sea became a surface of parched sand. The mountains, which the deep sea had covered, start up and increase the number of the Aegean sea islands. The fishes sink to the bottom and the crooked dolphins do not raise to the surface as usual, and the bodies of the sea calves float lifeless on their backs on top of the water."

From this song of Ovid Milton framed many of the wonderful passages of "Paradise Lost" and from the same source, the destruction of the human race by the great comet, have been manufactured many of the otherwise meanless superstitions found among all the races of man.

PERPETUITY.

"It matters not that I must die," one said;
"All evil deeds and good that I have done
Will be forgot. A century hence there will be none
To say that e'er I lived or I am dead.
There is no thing of earth that can withstand
Decay, the great Relentless. All the temples planned
And built by man must some time fall;
E'en God's own image withers at His call."
Yet carved he his name upon a giant bowlder's side,
And last remaining of his race, he died.

A thousand centuries of time sped 'round,
And on an island, cleft in twain, they found
A name carved on a broken bit of stone;
Thus erst existence of a vanished race was known.

—Cora Chase Walsh.

THE BEE HIVE CLUB

Invites a Free and Full Discussion

Of the Corporal Punishment Question

In These Columns—One Phase of It Considered This Week—Other Topics Treated.

Edited by Katharine Calkins.

THE OLD HOMESTEAD.

Let us never go back—though we long
For the past; never more, never more!
All is changed, all is lost, all is dead. We should wrong
The old house, if we darkened the door.

Wrong ourselves too—our bright vanished years—
The romance of our childhood! Oh, no;
Let us never return! In our sleep, through our tears,
Let us see the old home. Only so!

How we loved it—each beam and each stone!
How we loved the green fields, the great trees,
And the pool, and the slow dreamy cows!
What is gone,
What is left, what is changed, of all these?

All is changed; all is changed!—for the dear,
Loving dead, who illumined the place,
Have been laid under daisies and grass many a year!
What is home, if it lacked the loved face?

Let us never go back! The old years,
The old homestead have vanished. No more
Shall we see them at all save in sleep, through our tears.
We shall never more darken the door.

But the sunset forever shall gleam
On the window-panes, there where it stands
In the wood-muffled meadows—the house of a dream,
A fair dwelling not fashioned with hands.
—William Savage in Good Words.

COMING HOME.

Oh! the wonders we have seen, here and there as we have been;
Oh! the beauty and the splendor wide before our eyes unrolled!
How our hearts have throbbed with pleasure, as our steps have kept the measure
Of the New World's swift excitement 'mid the glories of the Old!

We have thrilled at many a door where our Saints have stood before;
We have read again the legends that in childhood first we heard;
Seer and troubadour, in vision, leading us through haunts Elysian,
While the marvel and the sweetness all the music in us stirred.

Kneeling low at niche and shrine, where we found some hallowed sign,
Breaking bread with reverent hands in cathedrals vast and gray,
Climbing slowly many a mountain, tasting many a sparkling fountain,
Joy and love have journeyed with us as we journeyed day by day.

But the happiest hour we knew, under clouded skies or blue,
Sailing rivers, scaling peaks, viewing colonnade or dome,
Was the hour replete with heaven, dearest hour to pilgrims given,
When we turned our faces hither, thankful glowing, "Coming home!"
—Elizabeth Chisholm.

"CORPORAL PUNISHMENT."

Editor Bee Hive Club: Is the subject of corporal punishment too old to be of interest to members of this club?

I see it has been discussed in other clubs, but having noticed no mention of it in this one, I ask permission to bring it before this body.

I wish, in the first place, to put myself on record as being distinctly in favor of flogging.

If I could have my way, I would have a whipping block erected in some conspicuous and central part of the city, and among the first persons to whom I would administer a severe and presumably wholesome dose of "corporal punishment," would be these child beaters, or educational instructors, as they are politely called.

Another radical reform of which I am greatly in favor is that of calling a spade a spade.

Of course prevaricator is a softer and nicer sounding word than liar, and embezzler has a sweeter sound than plain old-fashioned thief. Just so, corporal punishment sounds better than child-beating.

But let us be honest. If we really believe in flogging helpless little children, if we believe in placing the whip in the hands of teachers of whose tempers we know nothing, let us say so, not try to hide behind some high-sounding phrase, that does not express our meaning.

There is a good deal of talk just at present about the "waste" of sentiment on children. As though such a thing was possible.

In my opinion, if the sentiment that is wasted on worthless teachers was bestowed on children, far better results would be obtained.

If a girl happens to be in need of a lucrative position, and hasn't brains or skill enough to do anything else under the sun, her smypathizing friends at once conclude that a school must be obtained for her.

Then there is the girl whose father, or brother, has a "political pull." She needs pin-money perhaps, or maybe she only wishes to take up teaching as a fad. A school is given her.

This class of people become "teachers"—heaven only knows of what—perfectly regardless of any qualification for the solemn responsibility.

For every other known occupation where the slightest responsibility is involved, the person filling it must be qualified by special training and experience.

But for this most solemn responsibility of teaching our children, not only from prescribed text books, but in assisting in laying the foundation for good citizenship, for pure manhood and womanhood, these sacred duties are relegated to the dreamy or frivolous young school miss, who, having no self-government, fails miserably in governing others.

Feeling that her only recourse is brute strength, she resorts to this, and if she succeeds in partially subduing the unruly into sullen silence, she is called successful. God save the mark.

I know teachers who have no trouble in getting schools, who hate the work, and the children in their care.

The monotony of a school room so wears on their nerves that they vent their own ill-feelings on the helpless little mortals under them.

And yet, people calling themselves humane, and who resent the insinuation that their instincts are lower than the brutes, declare openly that they favor corporal punishment. (They don't say beating, mind you).

As long as such barbarous sentiment is harbored in the breast of woman will any one try to impede the pathway to higher civilization, and intellectual development for the sex.

May the day be not far distant when the expression of sympathy with such barbarity shall bring down the disgrace and shame it merits.

RACHEL RAY.

Toledo.

A COLUMN OF CHAT.

The Club will doubtless be interested, if not pleased, with the straightforward manner in which Rachel Ray sets forth her views on the subject of Corporal Punishment.

The question is not too old to be put before the club, and as it has not before been discussed in these columns, the chairman is much pleased at its introduction.

It is the motive of the club to have considered in its meetings all subjects in which women are interested.

All matters, not savoring too strongly of religion or politics, can be discussed here. Not that women are not deeply interested in these matters, but for the purpose of greater unanimity and friendliness it is deemed best to be non-sectarian, and as women have neither voice or vote in matters political, it is not necessary that they should have an "organ," while being at perfect liberty to enjoy the successes or bemoan the defeats of any party which they chose to favor.

As corporal punishment seems to be an all-absorbing question just now, let us have it freely discussed.

Let those in favor come out in cold type, and give their reasons for it.

They surely have them, and this club is quite charitable enough to believe that it isn't inhumanity which causes good mothers to favor this mode of correction.

Perhaps the mother who expresses herself thus has only the thought of irrefractory, healthy children.

Certain it is, she has no memory of a little grave on some quiet hillside.

There are for her no anguished regrets for the harsh word spoken in a moment of impatience to the little one who will never more annoy her. Whose restless little feet are stilled, the clear voice silenced.

Oh, these desolate homes.

No wonder the empty, aching hearts rebel at the thought of blows given by some unfeeling, brutal hand to helpless little ones.

Ah, mothers, don't be afraid of wasting kindness on your children.

Sometime there will be a parting, by death, or distance, or perhaps by the very coldness which you have engendered in your child's heart.

This last most terrible parting, you can avert, and if you would save yourself sorrow, you will do it now.

* * * * *

"I'm afraid my conscience is becoming uncomfortably tender," said a young lady the other day. The speech was made in a street car, and though I am not habitually an eavesdropper, it arrested my attention, and I listened unblushingly to the conversation that ensued.

The speaker was pretty and young and stylish, and didn't look a bit like the goody good or bookish young woman, and her companion was of the same description.

She gave her shoulders a very Frenchy shrug (I don't know any French people, but I have read about those shrugs), and said: "Goodness, Lill, I didn't know you possessed such a thing."

"You needn't chaff," retorted Miss Lill. "Because I never took up mission teaching or anything of that sort, is no sign I am a hopeless sinner, I suppose."

"There are more ways than one of doing good, and these boxes that are being put up in different parts of town, in which you are requested to drop change for the clothing and feeding of poor children, make me feel wicked every time I spend my money for bon bons."

Her friend looked thoughtful, as she glanced at the box of chocolates in her lap, but finally replied in a tone that showed her conscience was not of the troublesome order:

"Of course I've noticed the boxes, and give, whenever I happen to have any change, but if I loved chocolates as well as you do—and I do—I mean if I had that conscience of yours I would try and retrench some other way."

"You mean in dress," replied Lill, disconsolately.

"Now this suit"—"No, I don't. How many cats have you got?" was the irrelevant answer.

"Seven," gasped the young person of the troublesome conscience.

"Well, I could never see why people who wish to be charitable and give to the poor, should waste enough food on a lot of worthless cats and dogs to feed all the hungry people in the city."

And before Lill recovered from her astonishment, her practical friend had said good-by and left the car.

And her remark opened for me such a train of thought that I forgot to watch the effect on Lill.

THE SCRAP BASKET.

One.

Of all the flowers at my feet,
A single blossom was sweet.
Of all the birds in the tree
One alone sang for me.
Of all the starry array
One shone over my way.
But the blossom has ceased to wave;
The bird had carolled his stave;
The starlight shines on a grave.
—Albert E. S. Smythe.

The natural sentiment of man toward woman is reverence. He loses a large means of grace when he is obliged to account her a being to be trained in propriety.

Somebody Did.

Somebody did a golden deed;
Somebody proved a friend in need;
Somebody sang a beautiful song;
Somebody smiled the whole day long;
Somebody thought, 'tis sweet to live;
Somebody said, I'm glad to give;
Somebody fought a valiant fight;
Somebody lived to shield the right.
—Kathleen R. Wheeler.

It hardly seems possible, yet figures are said to prove that the entire population could find standing room on a field 10 miles square.

Wildness is a thing which girls cannot afford, wrote Gail Hamilton recently.

Autumn's Rare Completeness.

For him who tends the tireless loom
Of years without repining
The world is full of song and bloom,
The skies are full of shining;
And they who catch its tuneful strain,
Or breathe its summer sweetness,
May homeward drive the creaking wain
Of autumn's rare completeness.
—Herbert Milton Sylvester.

Ignorance of etiquet is the result of circumstances.

Familiarity without confidence, without regard, is destructive to all that makes woman exalting and ennobling.

Rain Song of the Mocking Bird.

Before the advent of the rain
The mocking bird was still,
Drowsed by the languor of the leaves,
The warm air of the hill.

But now above the brightening green
He sings a silvery strain,
Born of the plaintive tenderness
And rhythm of the rain.
—William H. Hayne.

Do not be restrained. Carry yourself so lofty that men will look up to you for reward, not at you in rebuke.

There is always a stitch to make,
And always a step to take;
There is always a link to find,
And always a sheaf to bind;
There is always a page to read,
Always a path to weed;
There is always a rift to mend,
Aye, and always a hue to blend.

There is always the weight of care,
And the cold, harsh blame to bear;
There is always the tear unshed,
And the gentle word unsaid;
There is always the doubt, the fear,
And always the scorn, the jeer,
These little things, oh, patient soul,
Make up life's grand, life's woodrous whole.
—Kathleen Kavanagh.

DOMESTIC CORNER.

SUNDAY, NOV. 20.

Breakfast.

Fruit
Hominy
Sugar
Broiled Sweetbreads
Omelet
Rice Gems
Coffee

Dinner.

Tomato Soup with Croutons
Larded Fillet, Mushroom Sauce
Potato Croquettes
Peas
Brussel Sprouts
Mayonnaise of Celery
Cheese Fingers
Pumpkin Custard
Jelly Tartlets
Coffee

Supper.

Sardines
Egg Salad
Preserves
Angel Food
Tea.

Menu for Thanksgiving Dinner.

Oysters on Half Shell
Macaroni Consomme (simple)
Roasted Turkey Without Stuffing,
Cranberry Sauce
Peas
Brown Boiled Potatoes
Boiled Ham (hot)
Cauliflower
Roasted Duck Without Stuffing
Salad of Lettuce and Endive French Dressing
Pumpkin Pie
Mince Pie
Nuts
Raisins
Coffee

At this season there is no more delicious breakfast dish than buckwheat cakes and pure maple syrup. Here is a recipe for light sweet cakes:

Take two cups of buckwheat flour, one cup of wheat flour, two tablespoons of baking powder, one-half teaspoon of salt, and sift dry, well and thoroughly together. Then mix with sweet milk into a thin batter and bake at once on a hot griddle. Try them made this way. They will be a revelation.

Pineapple Pudding.

One pound can pineapple cut into small pieces in a pudding dish; sprinkle with a little sugar and let it stand. One quart milk in a pail set in boiling water. Wet three tablespoons of lightly sifted flour, mix it with the beaten yolks of three eggs, one-half cup sugar and a pinch of salt. Stir this into the scalding milk, stirring constantly to keep it smooth; when thick remove from the fire and when nearly cool pour over the fruit. Make a meringue of the whites of the eggs and two teaspoonfuls of sugar; put this over the top and brown. This recipe makes enough for six persons.

Creamed Oysters.

Cook and drain one quart of oysters. Put one pint of milk or cream in the upper pan of the chafing-dish and place it over the pan of hot water. Cover, and cook until fine bubbles appear all over the surface of the milk or cream. Mix one tablespoonful of flour with one-third of a cupful of milk, adding the milk gradually to the flour. Stir this into the boiling liquid and cook five minutes longer; then add a level teaspoonful of salt, and, if milk is to be used, two tablespoonfuls of butter. Season the oysters with a little white pepper and add to them the cream sauce. Serve at once.

If cream be used, be scant in your measurement of flour; but if milk be taken, a generous tablespoonful will be required.

Fried Chicken With Cauliflower.

Joint and skin two spring chickens; dip each piece in water, sprinkle with salt and pepper and roll in flour; cut a quarter of a pound of larding bacon in this slices, and fry until all the fat is extracted; take out the pork and lay in the pieces of chicken. Turn frequently and watch carefully to prevent burning. They will be done in about twenty minutes. Put in the center of a large hot platter, a cauliflower that has been boiled in salted boiling water, and arrange the chicken and pork neatly around it. Pour out the fat in the frying pan, if there is more than a tablespoonful, and stir in as much flour; stir for a moment, and add a large cup of boiling milk or cream—if the former, put in also a generous lump of butter. Season with salt and pepper, and pour over the chicken and cauliflower.

Cranberry Sauce.

Wash one quart of cranberries in cold water, put them in a porcelain kettle, add a pint of boiling water, cover, cook five minutes, press through a colander, add one pound granulated sugar, cook one moment and turn out to cool. This mixture should be thick but not jelly, as it is a sauce. When jelly is wanted, cook five minutes after adding sugar.

Cabbage Salad.

Shred very fine one head of white cabbage; make a dressing of one-half teacupful of salad oil or melted butter, one-half teaspoonful of pepper, one teaspoonful of salt, one teaspoonful of sugar and one teacupful vinegar. A few minutes before using mix cabbage and dressing thoroughly together.

Fruit Ice Cream.

Half a gallon of new milk, one ounce of gelatine dissolved in cold milk and poured in, three eggs and four cups of sugar; mix and freeze. When half frozen add a pound of raisins, one pint of strawberries crushed and sweetened, one grated cocoanut, one pound each of currants and citron; freeze.

MISDIRECTED CHARITY.

To give or not to give, that is the perplexing question.

Whether it is better to give your half dollar cheerfully and freely for the good of the cause, or whether to satisfy your Yankee propensity to get the worth of your money, you shall insist on overloading your stomach with indigestible suppers, or listen with mental execrations to amateur concerts or theatricals, vainly trying to convince yourself that you have only given for value received.

And a lot of tired women and men—(generally women)—have worked themselves into a nervous fever, or hysterics, in the endeavor to make the "affair"—whatever it may be—a success.

There have been heartaches, and petty jealousies, none the less bitter because concealed, enmities engendered, and sharp words spoken that will rankle for a lifetime, perhaps, all because a certain sum of money must be raised to carry on a home charity or a foreign mission.

A few weeks ago mention was made in the club of boxes that were being put up for the collection of cigar stubs, that some benevolent ladies disposed of to an enterprising manufacturer of cigarettes, and supported a mission school with the receipts.

This may seem ridiculous, but it is no more so than the hundreds of other ways to which the charitably disposed are prone to resort to obtain money.

There are pink teas and yellow teas, lunches, suppers, balls, theatricals and tableaux, all in the name of sweet charity.

Oh, the shame of it, that such artifices must be resorted to in order to coax money from the clenched hand of plenty, to feed and clothe the poor.

There are Christian women in this city, and all over the land, who are spending their lives in work for the alleviation of the suffering poor.

And years of these beautiful, useful lives are literally wasted in trying to squeeze a few dollars out of the pockets of the rich, to assist them in their work.

Did you ever stop to count up the receipts of a supper or lunch or tea, after the expenses are paid? Probably not, or you wouldn't have that feeling of perfect satisfaction over the quarter you have been beguiled into parting with "for the good of the cause."

Oh, for a clearer understanding, and a more conscientious practice of the golden rule.

Oh that people were less anxious to receive payment in full for every dollar invested.

Would that they were not so thoroughly of the earth earthy, as to be utterly incapable of appreciating the value of hetvenly treasure.

But human nature rarely changes.

The story of Lazarus and the rich man is re-enacted every day, and he of the purple and fine linen considers himself charitable because he patronizes various entertainments given in charity's name.

A little more real philanthropy and less bogus charity is what is greatly needed, and when it is acquired, and not before, will there be less destitution, shame and suffering among "the poor we have always with us."

JEANNETTE.

Toledo.

TO MY SWEETHEART.

("Those roses you bought and gave to me are marvels. They are still alive."—Her letter.)

A Hothouse where some roses blew,
And, whilst the outer world was white,
The gentle roses softly grew
To fragrant visions of delight.

Some wretched florist owned them all,
And plucked them from their native bowers,
Then gaily showed them on his stall
To swell the ranks of "Fresh-Cut Flowers."

Some went beside a bed of pain
Where influenza claimed his due:
They drooped and never smiled again,
The epidemic had them too.

A gay young gallant bought some buds,
And jauntily went out to dine
With other reckless sporting bloods,
Who talked of women, drank of wine;

But whilst they talked and smoked and drank,
And told tales not too sanctified,
Abashed the timid blossoms shrank,
Changed color, faded, and then died.

Yet roses, too, I gave to you,
I saw you place them near your heart,
You wore them all the evening through,
You wore them when we came to part.

But now you write to me, my dear,
And marvel that they are not dead,
Their beauty does not disappear,
Their fragrant perfume has not fled.

The reason's plain. Somehow aright
The flowers know if we ignore them.
The roses live for sheer delight
At knowing, Sweetheart, that you wore them.
—London Punch.

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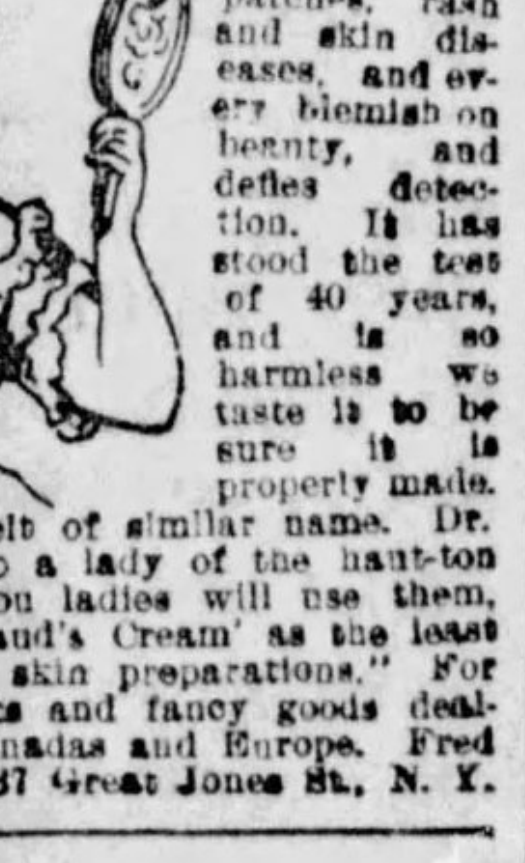

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Then it's easy enough—and safe enough too. Millions of women are washing in this way. Are you?

Soak your clothes in Pearline and water (over night is best); boil them in Pearline and water twenty minutes; rinse them—and they will be clean.

Yes, you can wash them without the boiling, but ask your doctor to explain the difference between clothes that are boiled, and clothes that are not boiled—he knows. When you think what you save by doing away with the rubbing, the saving of health, the saving of clothes, the saving of hard work, time and money—then isn't it time to think about washing with Pearline?

Send it Back

Peddlers and some unscrupulous grocers will tell you "this is as good as" or "the same as Pearline." IT'S FALSE—Pearline is never peddled, and if your grocer sends you something in place of Pearline, be honest—*send it back*. 555 JAMES PYLE, New York.

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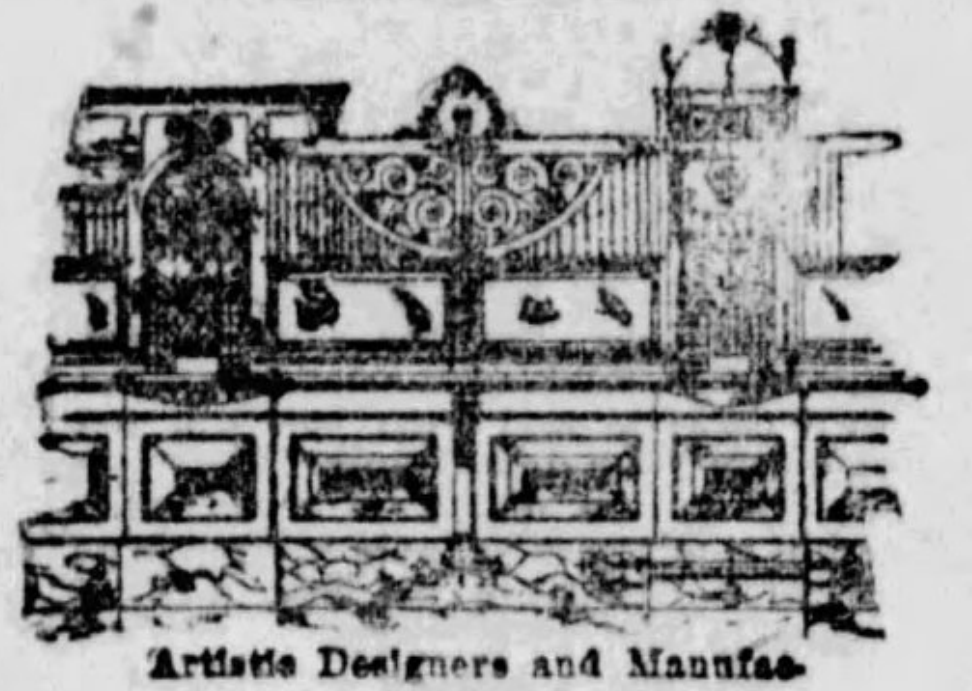

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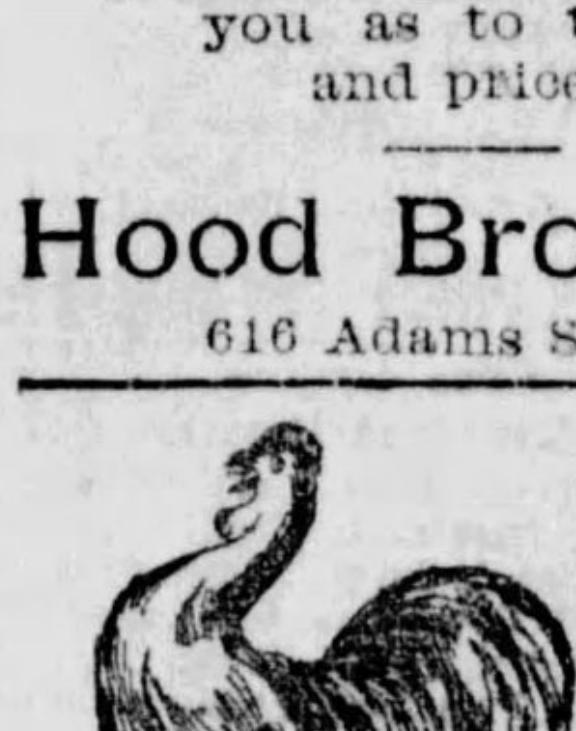

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THE CHILDREN'S HOUR

Some Pretty Stories for the Little Ones.

Cousin Jack Contributes a Bright Sketch.

Thanksgiving Stories Will be in Order Next Week—Puzzles and Poetry.

A MORTIFYING MISP

I studied my tables over and over, and backward and forward, too;
But I couldn't remember six times nine, and I didn't know what to do.
Till sister told me to play with my doll and not to bother my head.
"If you call her 'Fifty-four' for a while, you'll learn it by heart," she said.
So I took my favorite, Mary Ann (though I thought 'twas a dreadful shame
To give such a perfectly lovely child such a perfectly horrid name,)
And I called her my dear little "Fifty-four" a hundred times, till I knew
The answer of six times nine as well as the answer of two times two.
Next day Elizabeth Wigglesworth, who always acts so proud,
Said, "Six times nine is fifty-two," and I nearly laughed aloud!
But I wished I hadn't when teacher said, "Now, Dorothy, tell if you can."
For I thought of my doll and—sakes alive—I answered—"Mary Ann!"

—Anna M. Pratt, in St. Nicholas.

ORIGINAL COMPOSITIONS.

As a general thing the girl or boy of tender years dislikes writing compositions, and the subjects furnished in many large schools are far from alluring. What, for instance, could very youthful minds make of "Education?" A small girl who conscientiously applied herself to the task finally produced the valuable idea that "Education is a very good thing, and one which every child should be taught."

"Whale ships," wrote a boy, who had a mere congenial subject, "are large, and have an hold in which a lubber is stored." If a landlubber, this is scarcely to be wondered at; but the composition-maker was evidently writing of blubber under a wrong name. Another youth said that "Julius Caesar invented Great Britain, 55 B. C.," while an equally accomplished historian explained that "Etheired the Unready was called that because he was never ready for the Danes. He use to entice them away from England by brideing them, but they use to come again and demand a larger bride."

William Rufus would certainly deny, if he had the power, that "he was gorged to death by a stag in the forest his father had made to hunt the deer;" and Joan of Arc would hardly have liked to hear that "she was the daughter of a rustic French peasant which lived in the forest." "Prince William was drowned in a but of Malmsey wine; he never laughed again"—a result which no reasonable person would find fault with.

A boy whose subject was plum-pudding, and who was evidently not acquainted with it before it appeared on the table, undertook to describe how it was made, and after mentioning a variety of queer ingredients, he added: "When they have put all these in, they make it into a batter, and then mix it up; and when they have finished battering it they put it on the fire for about an hour and a half to get it done enough, so that it will be better to eat, and softer to chew." He must have been a relative of the plum-pudding boy who wrote, "Guinea-pigs are very pretty little creatures, and people generally have them as a joint for dinner."

Another attempt in natural history conveys the information that "Bees live chiefly on worms and snakes, and are searching for them every hour of the day. Besides this they also live on little insects, which, when they are not so very busy, they go down into the ground and have a very nice feast. It is very pleasant indeed in the summer-time to watch them making their hive and weaving their honey."

A surname was described as "the name of a person you says sir to." And when told to construct a sentence with the word "dozen" in it, a pupil wrote: "I dozen know what to do." Another defined stability as "the cleaning-up of a stable."

An essay on "feathers" was a remarkable production, and no one could tell what it meant until it was discovered that the writer intended it for "features." "The feathers of anything," he says, "is the looking of you; some people have diseases and cause them to have an unpleasant look. Sometimes when people go to apply for a situation they don't get it owing to their feathers and bad faces; the master who they ask generally says that he takes beer and won't do for a job of that kind. People who is not ill so much generally has good feathers; they are obtained from keeping yourself clean."

A thoughtful little personage declares that "a stone-mason's work is injurious because when he is chipping he breathes in all the little chips, and they are taken into the lungs." We are also informed that "there are five ways of cooking potatoes, and we should die if we eat our food roar." A practical girl advises, "When roasting a piece of meat, put it in front of a brisk fire so as to congratulate it."

Another thinks "we should not eat so much bone-making food as flesh-making and warmth-giving foods, for if we did we should have too many bones, and that would make us look funny."—Harper's Young People.

TOTHER AND WHICH.

Tother and Which were two little kittens, but which was Tother and which was Which no one knew but Molly Johnson. Tother and Which and Molly were all three as black as could be. Tother and Which were blacker than Molly; but that was not her fault, for she was just as black as she could be. But, then, little girls cannot be as black as kittens can be.

Tother and Which and Molly were a good deal alike, besides being black. They were all three round and fat and jolly, and full of play. They would run races by the hour, and then would all cuddle down in some warm spot, and all three go to sleep in a funny little black jumble. As I said, Molly alone knew Tother from Which, but if you met her with one kitten tucked under her arm, and the other tagging along at her feet, and asked her which kitten she was carrying, her eyes would go round with surprise at a question which showed such lack of appreciation, and she always answered gravely, with a closer squeeze of the kitten under her arm, 'Tother, of course."

Everybody used to laugh at the virtues Molly discovered in Tother above those belonging to Which. Tother's eyes were prettier, she lapped her saucer of milk more neatly, and she had a gentler purr—not that Which was not a nice kitten. "'Cept Tother, she's the nicest kitten there is!" was Molly's opinion.

One day Molly woke up from one of her cosy naps to hear voices from the window near her; and, as she stroked Tother, she heard, above the lazy contented purr of the kitten, the voice of Dr. Rider, a returned missionary, who was staying at the home of her mistress, and even little Molly's heart was stirred as he told of the sorrows of the little children in the land he came from. When Molly understood the children he was talking about were like her, little children with black skins, two tears were blinked out of her eyes and wiped away with Tother for a handkerchief.

Then Molly heard a great deal about helping them by "self denial." What was self denial? Molly wondered. She knew she did not have any, but she wished she had, for the loving little heart wanted to help. How could she ever get some? She only had two pennies which young Master Tom had given her the day before to buy candy. Molly knew just what kind she meant to buy, just as soon as she should be allowed to go to the store—one stick of mint and one of wintergreen. How Molly's shining teeth did love to bite into a stick of candy! But she would do without the candy, she really would, even the mint stick, to buy some self-denial to send to the poor little children—if two pennies would buy it!

Just then Miss Lucy came around the house, and to her Molly put the puzzling question, "What's self-denial?"

"Oh!" was all she said when told that self-denial meant giving up for the sake of some one else what you wanted yourself.

Molly's woolly head did more thinking in the next half hour than it had ever done before, and the precious pennies were looked at over and over again. At the end of the long thinking spell Molly squeezed Tother so hard that she mewed as the little girl whispered: "I'll do it: Tother! Think of the poor little childrens"

Molly had understood that the next day when Rev. Ryder would preach, and a collection would be taken up for his missionary work in Africa. She had often been at the colored church with mammy, so she knew all about collections.

There was a smile passed over the big church when, after the sermon had commenced, a funny little figure wearing a red hood and wrapped up in mammy's big shawl, one end of which trailed behind, walked the entire length of the church and sat down alone in a side pew at the very front. But Molly's solemn eyes saw nothing funny in it. A great deal was said she did not understand, but when the preacher spoke of self-denial Molly nodded brightly. She knew, and she had some, she was going to put it into the collection basket. But when the basket was passed at the close of the sermon it was not carried to Molly's pew. For a moment she sat still as she saw it set down in front of the pulpit. Sliding down from the pew, the little girl in her trailing shawl trudged up to the basket, and, reaching up, dropped into it, one at a time, two pennies; then, unwrapping a corner of her shawl, reached up again, and put in it a little black kitten, and, gravely walking back, climbed up to her seat.

Every one smiled; who could help it? The kitten stretched up its head, gave a little mew, and then curled down in the basket. In the midst of the smiles Dr. Ryder rose, and, though he smiled, too, there were tears in his eyes.

Now a most unheard-of thing happened. He stepped to the edge of the platform and said: "Which kitten is it, Molly?" and when Molly answered "Tother," such a speech as he made about what self-denial might mean and what it had meant to one little girl! Molly did not understand what he was talking about, but she saw the baskets taken up and carried around again. After church more than one hand was laid on her head, and Master Tom said she had preached the best missionary sermon he had ever heard.

But Molly did not know what he meant. —Sunday School Times.

ALFRED TENNYSON.

A Brief Sketch of His Career.

Lord Tennyson was born in the rural town of Somersby, in Lincolnshire, in the northeastern part of England in 1809. He died October 6, 1892, at the full age of 83 years, and was laid to rest in Westminster Abbey.

He graduated at Trinity college, Cambridge.

Forty-two years ago (November 16, 1850), he was chosen poet laureate by the Queen of England, as the successor of Wordsworth, who died on April 23d, 1850.

Alfer Tennyson was the third son of a dozen children of the family of Rev. George Clayton Tennyson. He lived at various places, much of the time in London, until 1851, when he married Emily Sellwood, daughter of Henry Sellwood, and settled in the Isle of Wight, in the English channel, off the middle of the southern coast of England, where he spent the latter part of his life.

He began writing poetry at a very early age. Children know him best by his "Queen of May" song written in 1833.

His most stirring poem was the "Charge of the Six Hundred" at Balaklava, on the Black sea, in the war of England and France against Russia.

Tennyson is well-known to the world by his larger poems, such as "Enoch Arden," "In Memoriam," "Idyls of the King," "Locksley Hall," "Two Voices," "Maud," "The Princess," and many other shorter poems, a number of which have been set to music.

His poems since 1842 have been regularly printed in America. They have also been translated into other languages.

Tennyson's life has been one of composure and happiness, unruffled save by those griefs that are the common lot of the human race. In the splendid company of English poets, his name will stand beside those of Shakespeare, Shelley and Milton.

Every honor that his country could bring together has been his, and the entire English-sepaking world has united to do him reverence as it is now united in grief at his loss.

J. C. ALTMAN,
Yale, Iowa.

THE CHARGE OF THE LIGHT BRIGADE

Half a league, half a league,
Half a league onward,
All in the valley of Death
Rode the six hundred.
"Forward, the Light Brigade!
Charge for the guns!" he said;
Into the valley of Death
Rode the six hundred.

"Forward, the Light Brigade!"
Was there a man dismayed?
Not tho' the soldier knew
Someone had blunder'd;
Their's not to make reply,
Their's not to reason why,
Their's but to do and die;
Into the valley of Death
Rode the six hundred.

Cannon to right of them,
Cannon to left of them,
Cannon in front of them,
Volley'd and thunder'd;
Storm'd at with shot and shell,
Boldly they rode and well,
Into the jaws of Death,
Into the jaws of Hell
Rode the six hundred.
Flash'd all their sabers bare,
Flash'd as they turn'd in air,
Sabring the gunners there,
Charging an army, while
All the world wonder'd.

Plunged in the battery smoke
Right thro' the line they broke;
Cossack and Russian
Reel'd from the saber stroke,
Shatter'd and sunder'd.
Then they rode back, [illegible]
Not the six hundre[illegible]

Cannon to right of them,
Cannon to left of them,
Cannon behind them
Volley'd and thunder'd;
Storm'd at with shot and shell,
While horse and hero fell,
They that had fought so well,
Came thro' the jaws of Death
Back from the mouth of Hell,
All that was left of them,
Left of six hundred.

When can their glory fade?
O, the wild charge they made!
All the world wonder'd.
Honor the charge they made!
Honor the Light Brigade,
Noble six hundred.

—Tennyson.

THE GREEN KNIGHTS.

A Fairy Story for Bed Time.

Once upon a time there lived a little boy, Robin was his name, and every night when he went to bed his cousin Betty had to sit beside him and tell him a fairy tale; so I will tell you one that she told him many times.

Far away in the green woods there live a great number of little people, so small you could hold two of them in your hand at once, tiny as it is.

Their home was under a blade of grass; they dined on ants, and sometimes a fly, which was a rare treat, a single wing making a dainty dish.

Now, don't be disgusted, for you all eat fish, and where are the turkeys and chickens some other small folk stow away?

All day they hunted and roamed the forests, doing battle with birds and butterflies, who to them were monstrous creatures. These blithesome knights wore a bright green suit; on their long, black hair rested a saucy cocked hat of the same color, with a waving plume, hanging to the shoulder; high boots of scarlet reached to the knee, a shiny silver sword at the side, ready for use.

Brave knights and true are they.

I chanced to meet one in a lonely glen one day in midsummer. Politely doffing his plumed hat, he bowed to the ground, standing airily on a crimson leaf to protect his polished boots.

Lazy little men, except in July and August, when so many insects have to be fought; then, alas, a green knight is often wounded, stung by sharp bites.

At night they all come together, hundreds of these merry elves, then gayly the high boots fly.

Each knight leads out a lady beautifully gowned in shimmering green satins, rustling trains catching up the sparkling dewdrops; in the golden hair of each fairy dame rests a shining beam borrowed from the casket of that dear old man who dwells forever in the moon.

Merrily the fiddlers play, with great pride seated on the pink petals of a wild rose, with thorns for fiddles and straws for bows.

How they dance polkas, waltzes, quadrilles, till 12 o'clock, then the king blows a jeweled whistle, when out of each tree steps a couple of white mice, drawing wee chariots. Into them trips each couple, and off they go, through the silent moonlight, like thistledown upon the wind; riding away to another country to visit and dance with other fairy kinsfolk till daylight lights the earth again.

Sleep they never know at night, but hide away in mossy dells and take their naps in day time, for fear that little girls and boys may get a glimpse of them, for 'tis said that if you catch them, anything you ask they'll promise, but do not trust these gleeful sprites, for they may fool you, and sometimes throw golden sands into your eyes to make you let them run away, and then laugh slyly at you, though they are so gentle and polite.

These sprightly little people love children, and, when the small folks are good and kind, do many loving things, when you come to the woods. They'll whisper in your ear where to find the earliest shrinking violet, or butter-cup; and when autumn tints the forests they'll drop into your hands the delicately colored leaves, or shake down the biggest nuts.

So, now watch out for these fairies as they whizz through the tree tops. Perhaps if you are all right, obedient, and go to bed, some moonlight night they'll tap at your window.

Singing a song of a knight in green,
That few little folks have ever yet seen;
This is my story, and if it's not true,
Then I'll bid good-night, sweet-hearts, to you.

COUSIN JACK.

GOG AND MAGOG.

"Gog and Magog"—"Gog and Magog" kept ringing in Tom's ears as he and Eddie left the Blue-coat school, and Tom made up his mind to visit Guild hall, where Gog and Magog could be found.

The Guild hall is 152 feet long and 50 feet broad. It has a glorious timber roof and vast stained windows, through which streams of colored light fall in rays upon the pavement. At the western end of the hall are two giants—Gog and Magog—who keep guard over the hall. They were carved in fir wood by Richard Saunders and are hollow. They were set up in the hall in 1708, and typify the dignity of the city.

Tom had read that one time a man who lived near the hall published their story, which was as follows: "Corineus and Gogmagog fought with all the other giants in behalf of the liberties of the city, and all the other giants perished, but these two were saved that they might make sport by wrestling like gladiators with one another.

Gogmagog seemed to be victorious, for he pressed his companion so heavily that he broke three of his ribs; but Corineus at last got angry and threw Gogmagog over his shoulder and hurled him from the top of a cliff into the sea, which cliff is called Langoemagog or 'The Giant's Leap.' There are other stories about them which Tom means to hear about ere long. The trials of many noble persons have taken place in this hall, among whom were the poets Surrey and Waller. The city museum in Guild hall contains interesting relics of old London which Tom and Ed viewed, but did not quite understand. This was really Tom's last day in London—on the morrow he would be homeward bound, and while he would be very glad to see his native land, yet he quite envied Ed, who was to remain in London several weeks longer. So the boys concluded to take a last walk down the strand. They asked a big policeman just where to go, and finally after a long walk, with many stops for the purpose of viewing some curiosity, they reached the desired place. They consulted their guide book, but made up their mind to visit the place which looked the most interesting. They attempted to cross the street, which was a mass of mud just thick enough to soil their neat shoes. It surely had not rained so. What was the cause? "Why," said a kid near by, "when hit looks like the wind would blow they sprinkles the street with water so th't the dust won't git in your eyes."

"Oh," said Tom, "we sprinkle our streets in America, but they don't look quite as bad as that."

The boys looked woefully at their muddy shoes and wondered how they could clean them

They improved the appearance of them somewhat by the aid of a stick and handkerchief—just think of it—but "boys will be boys."

They walked along a few steps and then paused before a mass of buildings on the right which extended down the river. They asked of an old warden in the court, who was dressed in a red gown of cloth, what they were "Aye! aye, my children," he replied, "I will tell you. This is Somerset House. This semicircular opening, by the side of which we stand, in the center of the court of the quadrangle, shows us that underneath this pavement are three stories deep of what were the ancient prisons, and in the bottom of the opening was where the prisoners of the Protector Somerset used to take the air.

"There was a communication, a passage through underground to the river, through which the water had been let in in time agone, until it has risen in this opening as in a well." The old man continued his story in the sing-song manner which is characteristic of his kind. When Somerset was beheaded this palace fell to the crown, and Queen Elizabeth resided here for some time. The 533 rooms are now used for offices of the navy, admiralty, stamp, etc. One room is large enough to contain a thousand persons dining. The buildings and the court cover ten acres. The old Somerset house was built 343 years ago. After Queen Elizabeth's residence here James I. gave it to Anne of Denmark and asked that it might be called Denmark House. Here that queen lay in state in 1616 and James I. in 1625.

Charles I. then gave the house to his queen, Henrietta Maria.

When Henrietta Maria left England in 1665 she was succeeded by the Portuguese queen, Catharine of Braganza, wife of Charles II.

After Catharine left England for Portugal, this old strand place was called the dower house of the queens of England, but as there were no queen dowagers to inhabit it, it was used for lodgings of the needy nobility, and now, as we have before stated, the buildings of modern Somerset House are used for offices, etc.

After leaving Somerset House the church of St. Mary-Le-Strand attracts attention, which is interesting on account of its being the first of the fifty new churches whose erection was ordered in Queen Anne's reign. The church was to have been towerless, and a high column was to have risen beside it with a statue of Queen Anne upon it. But the queen died before the plan was carried out and the church was built with a steeple instead. It is built where there used to be a May-pole which was built under Charles II. to commemorate the marriage of a daughter of Clarges, of Drury Lane, because she married a general monk, which made her a duchess.

It was set up by seamen under the command of James I., Duke of York, Lord High Admiral, and as it rose little children danced about it and clapped their hands and older people rejoiced, saying that brighter days were coming.

Upon one occasion four thousand school children of London sang a hymn as Queen Anne passed in a procession to take part in a thanksgiving at St. Paul's for the peace of Utrecht. But who and what were these men who with hounds were passing along laughing and talking as though some fun had been planned? Tom and Ed tagged on behind for quite a distance, and this is Tom's version of the story upon his return to the hotel, where, tired and hungry, he arrived at a late hour. "Once a year the people in London have a stag hunt. A place of meeting is decided upon and hounds are brought here and a crowd of people gather to be amused. After while a stag is placed in a box. He is a poor little animal and he wonders what all the noise and excitement means. He is very much frightened, and as the box is broken to pieces the poor thing leaps out, the dogs are let loose and the stag hunt begins. The stag, of course, is soon caught by the dogs, who ofttimes tear it to pieces. Is this not a cruel sport?"

Tom packed his trunk that night so that he would be ready for a bright and early start for America the next morning.

Perhaps he will tell us of his voyage home.

M. B. N.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

MRS. LANGTRY.

She is Still Original and Has Superstitions

Mrs. Langtry, who is nothing if not original, appeared at a graden party recently with a French poodle that, in addition to being shaved in the orthodox manner, had the monogram L. L. cut on its hair on its back. Evidently Mrs. Langtry had lost her fear of peacock feathers, for with her gown of white and mauve she wore a green straw hat with mauve flowers and a buckle formed of the feathers of the vainest of birds. In years gone by, it is said, someone gave Langtry as an ornament for her drawing-room a stuffed peacock; after its arrival misfortune followed misfortune, and just before the bailiffs entered the house she had it put on a four-wheeler and sent to a man whom she disliked. That day he fell down and had his leg broken. Later on he sent it to an enemy of his, whose house caught fire that night, and when last heard of by its original owner it had been rescued from the flames, while a wrathful man stood by and swore he would set it on fire later in the day if he burned him self doing it. The failure of "Macbeth" was ascribed by Mrs. Langtry to the fact that on the Sunday before it was produced she wore at dinner the most beautiful dress imaginable. The sides and back were of pale, mouse-colored velvet and the front was fomed of peacock feathers, with the head of a peacock resting on each white shoulder.

BEE HIVE.

Greeting.

My Dear Little Friends—We have, this week, a story from Cousin Jack, entitled "The Green Knights," which I know you will all enjoy. We also publish a letter from, and an essay on "Lord Alfred Tennyson," by J. C. Altman, of Yale, Iowa. We were very sorry that this essay did not reach the office sooner that it might have entered the contest for the prize, as we consider it very good.

We hope to hear from our young friend in Iowa again, in the very near future. Can't our members of the Bee Reading Club write us something about Thanksgiving?

It was impossible to print Tom's letter last week, but we have a story about one of his adventures this week.

AUNT MAUD.

Dear Aunt Maud—At your request I take pleasure in writing you a few lines. Your valuable paper comes to my home every week and is read with pleasure. I am very much interested in the Bee Reading Club and hope the other members are. In your Bee Hive Greeting you spoke about awarding a prize to the one who would send in the best sketch of Lord Alfred Tennyson, and that all manuscript must be in the Bee office by November 7. I am very sorry that I did not get the paper sooner. I did not receive the paper till Saturday evening, the 5th, and therefore my writing could not reach you before the 7th. I do not expect any prize for my sketch because I cannot write very much about Lord Tennyson, but I think there will be no harm done in what I have written.

I remain, yours truly,
J. C. ALTMAN, Age 14.
Yale, Iowa.

PUZZLE CORNER.

Answers to Last Week's Puzzles.

Enigma.

1. Brooklyn Bridge.

Charade.

2. Cauliflower.

Diamond.

3.
```
        L
      M A D
    A N N I E
  L A N S I N G
    W E I G H
      A N T
        G
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Or Lansing.

4. Jupiter.

NEW PUZZLES.

Diamond Puzzle.

1. In pinnacle.
2. An exclamation.
3. To compound.
4. A carriage.
5. Pertaining to Asia.
6. A common abbreviation.
7. In mountain.

Decapitations.

1. Behead a cluster and leave a bunch.
2. Behead to shun and leave an empty space.
3. Behead to decorate and leave the edge.
4. Behead a man's name and leave a place of rest.

The letters removed give the name of a noted Roman.

I am composed of 20 letters.
My 20, 5, 6, is a boy.
My 2, 11, 20, 8, is an opening.
My 14, 11, 10, 18, is a boy's name.
My 12, 3, is a pronoun.
My 16, 18, 6, 8, 17, is below.
My 17, 19, 1, is an animal.
My 4, 13, 19, 18, is thin.
My 9, 3, 13, is sight.
My 4, 15, 7, 9, is a girl's name.
My whole is the name of a magazine.

E. N. M.

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The Mormon Elders' Book on Sexual Strength, mailed free to married men, address F. B. Crouch, [illegible] Grand St., New York.

TWO LETTERS FROM A LADY

Mrs. Burnside, Addison, N. Y., writes November 17. I received your medicine and it has relieved me of a long suffering. Enclosed find $2.00, please send me a bottle of Catholicon and Cleansing Wash. January 6th, she writes.

DR. MARCHISI: The two bottles have made me feel so well that I will not require any more. They cost me $2.00 but were worth $10.00. Many thanks and a Happy New Year to you. God bless you. You will hear from other ladies in this vicinity.

Yours truly, MRS. BURNSIDE.

Dr. Marchisi's UTERINE CATHOLICON and CLEANSING WASH cures every form of Female Complaints, Ovarian troubles, Organic Diseases of the Uterus or Womb, Leucorrhœa, Inflamation, Kidney Compfaints, etc. On receipt of your Post Office and Express address, I will send (Two) trial bottles FREE and prove its great merits

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Blood Tonic—The Best Spring Medicine in Use.

It will rebuild the run down system of the over-worked business man. It will restore the appetite and the rosy hue of youth to the pale face over taxed school child.

It will give strength to mothers enabling them to care better for the nursing infant. It will cure boils and carbuncles.

Containing no harmful ingredients it may be given to children. Prepared only by

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CHICAGO
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DR. R. T. FELIX GOURAUD'S ORIENTAL

Tutt's Pills
Regulate The Bowels.
Costiveness deranges the whole system and begets diseases, such as
Sick Headache,
Dyspepsia, Fevers, Kidney Diseases, Bilious Colic, Malaria, etc.
Tutt's Pills produce regular habit of body and good digestion, without which, no one can enjoy good health.
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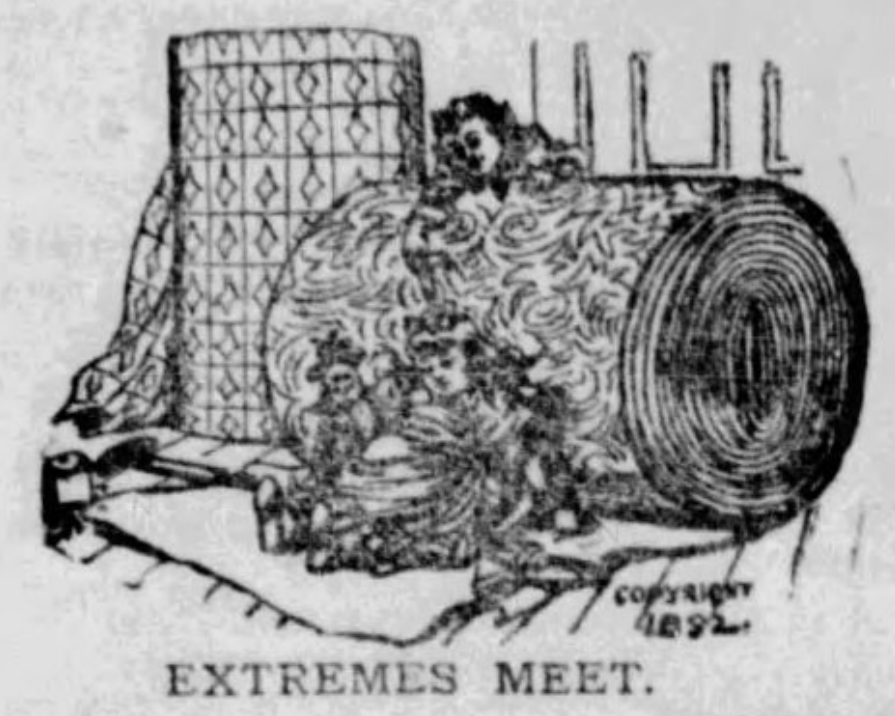
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EXTREMES MEET.

AT THIS TIME OF THE YEAR

You are accustomed to sharp contrasts. Have you ever seen the very, very big, and the very, very little come together? Whatever your experiences in this direction have been, it is very likely that you may need something in our line to make your house look more cheerful and bright. Remember our business is selling CARPETS. Our prices are extremely low and will meet the approval of the most economical purchaser.

V. B. SNYDER & SON, 225-227 SUMMIT ST

MERCHANTS' AND CLERKS' SAVINGS BANK
338 SUMMIT ST., NEAR ADAMS.
Pays Interest Semi-Annually on Deposits. Safe Deposit Boxes to Rent! Burglar Proof Vault.
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233 Summit St., between Jefferson and Madison Sts.
Interest paid on savings deposits. Safe Deposit Boxes for rent—Burglar and Fire Proof.
James Secor, Prest. Wm. H. Maher, Vice Prest. Leander Burdick, Cashier

A good thing to remember While rumors of epidemics are prevalent, is that a pure supply of ice from Devil's Lake, Mich., free from city sewage contaminated with germ and bacillus, is the only kind we are furnishing to our customers.

The Michigan Lake Ice Co
OFFICE, 327 SUPERIOR ST.
PHONE 468.

Werum Bros.,
508 ADAMS ST.
Manufacturers of
TRUSSES!
Abdominal and other Supporters, Elastic Stockings, Bandages, Crutches, Shoulder Braces, Syringes, Rubber Goods, etc., etc.
Special appliances manufactured to order.
Trusses, etc., adjusted by an expert who will call at your residence if desired

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PRACTICAL AND SANITARY ENGINEER,
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Gas, Steam and Hot Water Fitter.
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FACE MASSAGE
Treatment of Hair and Scalp.
Facial Blemishes of every description permanently removed without the use of harmful compounds. The face treatment teaches one how to care for and keep the face free from imperfections. Superfluous hair permanently removed by electricity. Consultation free from 9 to 10 a. m., 2 to 3 and 7 to 8 p. m. MRS. L. J. RAYMER, Dermatologist, 415 Twelfth Street. Treatment by mail.

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607 MONROE ST.,
Have the Finest Imported and Domestic Delicacies, such as Fromage de Roquefort, Fromage de Brie, Fromage de Camembert, Fromage de Mananta, Dill Pickles, French Mushrooms and Peas; also all kinds of Imported Sausages, Mustard, etc.

Mrs. Dr. Gorsuch,
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Treats Diseases of Ladies and Children and all forms of
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ALL BUSINESS STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL.

CONFECTIONERY
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
The best varieties of Candies and Nuts. One of the oldest houses in Toledo.
FRED. GRADOLPH, Prop
No. 124 Summit Street.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Street Paving.

Sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned up to 12 o'clock at noon of Monday,

THE 28TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1892,

for improving Western Avenue from the west line of Hawley street to Wayne street by paving the central thirty-two feet thereof with either vitrified brick, cedar block, Medina stone or Trinidad asphalt, together with the necessary grading, curbing, gutters, crosswalks, drainage, etc.

Also for improving Wisconsin street from the paving in Washington street to the paving in Collingwood avenue, by paving the central twenty-six feet thereof with either Medina stone, cedar blocks, vitrified brick, asphalt blocks or Trinidad asphalt, together with the necessary grading, curbing, crosswalks, gutters, drainage, etc.

Also for improving Dorr street from the east gutter line of Waite avenue to the westerly city line by paving the central thirty-six feet thereof with either Medina stone, cedar blocks, vitrified brick, asphalt blocks or Trinidad asphalt, together with the necessary grading, curbing, gutters, crosswalks, drainage, etc.

Also for improving Nebraska avenue from the easterly gutter line of Elizabeth street to the easterly gutter line of Hawley street by paving the central thirty-two feet thereof with either Medina stone, cedar blocks, vitrified brick, asphalt blocks, or Trinidad asphalt, together with the necessary grading, curbing, gutters, crosswalks, drainage, etc.

Also for improving Nebraska avenue from the easterly gutter line of Hoag street to the easterly gutter line of Junction avenue, by paving the central thirty-two feet thereof with either Medina stone, cedar blocks, vitrified brick, asphalt blocks or Trinidad asphalt, together with the necessary curbing, grading, gutters, crosswalks, drainage, etc.

Also for improving Nebraska avenue from the easterly gutter line of Hawley street to the easterly gutter line of Hoag street, by paving the central thirty-two feet thereof with either Medina stone, cedar blocks, vitrified brick, asphalt blocks or Trinidad asphalt, together with the necessary grading, curbing, gutters, crosswalks, drainage, etc.

The contractor or contractors who shall do the work herein provided for shall be paid in cash within ninety days after the completion of the work and acceptance thereof by the city.

All bids must be written with ink and the price of each item shall be written in full as well as in figures. Each bid must contain the full name of every person interested in the same. All parties filing bids for the matters specified in this notice must deposit with the city clerk on each bid the sum of Five Hundred Dollars. All deposits to be in cash or certified check on a bank doing a regular banking business in the city of Toledo, and accompanied by an agreement signed by the bidder and two disinterested persons, guaranteeing that, if the bid is accepted, a contract will be entered into—otherwise the amount deposited to be forfeited to the city; and in case a contract is entered into, said deposit to remain until the first estimate of work done, (or double the amount of deposit,) is reported to the common council.

Bidders will be required to indorse their names on the outside of the envelope containing their proposal, and what the bid is for, the same to be filed with the city clerk. Bids not filed in accordance with the above requirements will be rejected.

Blank bids and envelopes can be obtained of the undersigned or of the city civil engineer.

Bidders must specify the time within which they will commence and complete the work after the acceptance of their bid.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the city civil engineer.

The council reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

By order of the council.

SYLVESTER LAMB,
City Clerk.

31oct-e-o-d-4-w

N. B. BACON. T. F. HUBER.
BACON & HUBER
ARCHITECTS,
33 and 34 Chamber of Commerce.

Sight is Priceless
YOUR EYES
Are too valuable to experiment with. Gould Bros., Opticians, make a thorough diagnosis of your case and prescribe the proper spectacles. If you desire high class work call at 231 St. Clair street.

AN OLD-WORLD COUNTRY.

I know an old-world country
 Where travelers never stray,
Whose wood paths wind sequestered
 For miles and miles away.
Whose fields of flowering grasses
 To shadowed dingles slant,
Where elves are wont to whisper
 And nightingales to chant!

There still the old-world homesteads
 In calm contentment thrive.
Gray haunts of flail and sickle,
 Of dovecote and of hive.
Invention ne'er invades them
 With desecrating hand;
No steam plough ever plunges
 Amid that placid land!

There, old-world greens still flourish
 With ale-bench and with stocks;
The village dames drop curtsies,
 The village hinds wear smocks;
Sleek Dobbin shakes his ribbons,
 Dick Shepherd plies his crook,
And daisy-sprinkled barrows
 The belfries overlook.

There, in that old-world country,
 Beneath its noiseless spell,
Amid its sweet composure,
 Who would not choose to dwell?
Where troubles never trespass,
 Where Time unruffled flows,
And every morn brings gladness,
 And every eve repose!

—London World.

Farm AND Garden

Seeds and Sections.

There is no cereal plant grown that is not divided into many varieties, and each section of the United States is more favorable to some varieties than to others. The climate and soil will even sometimes compel a variety to change its characteristics. This is demonstrated by the fact that Virginia and Kentucky, the two leading tobacco producing states, are unable to compete with Pennsylvania or Connecticut in the production of the varieties of tobacco most suitable for cigar manufacturing. If seed from Connecticut is planted in Virginia, the result will be plants of a different kind from those from which the seeds were secured, the texture of the leaf as well as the flavor, being entirely changed. Cigar wrappers are not produced in Virginia, although it has been attempted by the selection of varieties for that purpose, and tobacco from which plugs are made cannot be produced in Connecticut of the proper texture and flavor required.

When farmers procure their seed corn, wheat, oats and other vegetables from climates differing from their own, in order to secure some improved variety, they may unintentionally make a mistake that may cause an irreparable loss. All plants are more or less modified by climate and soil, and some plants will only thrive where they originated. As much as 140 bushels of white flint corn, grown on a southern farm, was brought to Pennsylvania for experiment, but it proved a failure in this state, while attempts to succeed with the Chester county gourd seed corn in the south have not been rewarded with the accomplishment of the object sought.

Wheats are also subject to climatic influences, and it is safe to claim that nearly every variety of wheat known has been transferred from its original locality to other sections; yet varieties that yield largely in some sections meet with reverses in others. The catalogue of garden vegetables is a long one, and every season new varieties are added, but there is as yet no special vegetable that may be styled "national," that is, adapted to all sections. The "general purpose" variety of any plant is as difficult a problem to solve as is the "general purpose" animal. Variety is important, but the most potent and governing factors are climate and soil.

There should be a plot for testing new varieties on all farms. Fortunately, farmers, as a class, are fraternal and communicative, and any successes or failures with varieties in a neighborhood are made known. This should not deter each farmer from experimenting on his individual responsibility, however, as soils differ on adjoining farms. It is the duty of farmers to test all new varieties, as they may lose by not so doing, but no farmer should make a radical change by substituting a new variety for one that he is familiar with, and which is well adapted to his farm, until he has tested the new variety first on an experimental plot, and is satisfied with its merits and advantages.—Philadelphia Record.

Feeding for Eggs.

The profit of a poultry yard depends to a great extent as to how it is managed. This is true of any business. The idea should be to make every fowl pay as large a profit as possible. There is a great difference in markets, and one should be governed by them; for instance, in one market there is more demand for eggs than fowls. Then it should be the business of the breeder to cater to the trade.

As a rule, I think there is more profit in eggs than fowls, unless they are early spring broilers. With proper care and feed, one can increase the number of eggs to a great extent. Hens cannot lay or produce eggs unless their food contains the elements of which the egg is composed—that is, a share of albuminous or egg-producing elements. In addition to the quantity of albumen required in the organism of the fowl, the laying hen requires an extra amount of ovarian organization, the white of a hen's egg being about 12 per cent. of albumen, and this must be furnished in her feed. By making a chemical analysis of the different grains, you will find that wheat contains a larger amount of albumen than any other grain. Therefore it is the grain to make the base for egg-producing food. The other important items are when the fowls do not have a large field to range in, to give them once a day, if possible, a feed of chopped meat and more or less green food.

Chickens are like the human family in one respect—in that they like a change of food. As a proof, take fowls that have been fed on one kind of grain for some time, and do not seem to have the appetite that you would naturally think they should have, give them a little cooked food, such as cake made from coarse corn meal and scraps together, or some other grain than that you have been feeding, and you will see that they will jump for it and eat it in a style that will be satisfactory to the most exacting.

While wheat is one of the best feeds for producing eggs, it is one of little value for fattening purposes, compared with corn, as corn contains a great deal of fatty or oily substance, which puts the flesh on fowls in a very short time. Pure water is also a very essential item to the health of fowls; or if you have milk to spare, that is better still, as it not only moistens the food, but also contributes albumen, which goes to the formation of the egg.—American Stockman.

Rearing Early Lambs.

The most profit is made from the quickest sale of any product, and especially of such as must be fed expensively. And there is no quicker product and none other that is so profitable as the early lamb. One sells for as much in May as two in November, and the farmer not only gets the better price, but he saves twice, or even four times, the feeding. Any large town or city furnishes the market for them, and the early sale makes it possible to fatten the ewes after the lambs are sold and market them out of the way for another flock in the fall. The kind of lamb, however, is to be thought of.

The best of all is a cross of a Shropshire ram on native ewes—that is, considering the profit, for the pure lamb is to be preferred before the cross, were it not that the pure ewes are too costly to be made into mutton, as with the common ones. And the disposal of the ewes, and the less first cost, make the larger profit. The ewes should be purchased early in September so that the lambs may come not later than in February, and if the flock is gathered in August so much the better, for the earlier they are in the market the more they bring. In this business one has three dividends, and the first cost returned within a year; the lambs, the fleece, the profit on the ewes and the first cost returned. This is a profitable business.—American Agriculturist.

Nature's Way of Manuring.

In many things man improves upon nature. It is one of the special characteristics that distinguish him from brute creation, that better than they he can use natural forces and bend them to serve his purpose. The beaver does this when he builds a dam, making the pond or lake in the brook which he needs to insure the safety of his habitation. But man uses nature to an almost infinitely greater degree than is possible to the beaver. So to say that nature does thus and so does not necessarily mean that man must do so. Nature builds no barns and stores no hay or grain. The wild animals that are obliged to trust to nature have a hard time of it in winter. Some of them, indeed, are forced to become a providence to themselves, instinct teaching them to store food against time of need.

Nature, however, can always give us valuable hints, and by studying these we learn how to improve on her methods. In the mater of planting and manuring especially should we study nature. These are so important that most likely nature's way is often the best, or as near the best as unassisted nature can do. Nature always manures on the surface. But if nature has unobstructed course in forests she showers leaves over the droppings of wild animals. On open plains nature grows grass as a mulch and this also falls down and covers animal manures. In short, not just on the surface, but a little way below it, nature will always put the most and best plant-food if she can have her way.

There is seldom by natural methods large applications of manure per acre. Only as much stock as can live on the natural product of the land can drop their manure on it, as a rule. Now, no market gardener would think of manuring his little and often as nature does. His work is perhaps the greatest departure from nature's way of manuring. The market gardener, and often the farmer who grows hoed crops, uses so much manure it would be in the way if all on the surface, especially if it is course, strawy manure. So it is entirely proper for him to bury it and provide conditions under which nature may fit it for plant-food.

There is thus a natural, reasonable law underlying most farm operations. Theorists may laugh at the farmer and advise him as to nature's way, but if he be a thoughtful farmer he may well reply that he has already modified nature so much that he must needs modify natural methods still more in order to prevent his work from becoming a failure. It is thus often that communion with nature and the study of animals, plants, trees, flowers and fruits teaches a wiser philosophy than it is possible otherwise to gain.—American Cultivator.

Dipping Sheep.

We strongly urge sheepmen everywhere to look to the condition of their flocks, in preparation for the coming winter. If infested with ticks or lice, they should at once be dipped, as no man can afford to feed insects all the winter, or in fact at any time. If scab exists, care should be taken to thoroughly stamp out the disease, and sheds should be well cleansed with a strong solution of the dip which is used, as the powers of contagion may be lurking there in dirty corners. The custom of dipping has become very general of late, and the wholesome and beneficial effects of the practice have been readily acknowledged by those who have adopted it. We are ourselves convinced that it would be policy to dip every flock, clean or unclean, in a dip of good repute, during the next two months. The sheep being thus protected from insects and disease, will thrive much better, and come out in good shape in the spring. Try it. Many of the sad losses of last winter, and considerable pulling of wool by the sheep (which occurred among animals which were compelled to be kept in shed), were due mainly to the fact that the sheep were not in a perfectly clean and healthy condition before winter set in. We are satisfied that regular dipping will soon become part of the general work of every owner of sheep on this continent. In other countries it is generally adopted, and the sheep are thereby kept in the best possible condition. Choose a good dip and use it properly, and use it regularly.—Sheep Breeder and Wool Grower.

Paragraphs for Farmer Readers.

It is now generally conceded that cotton-seed meal is not suitable food for pigs, and in many cases its use has caused death.

A box stall should be given the horse instead of haltering him to the trough, and many accidents in the stalls may thus be avoided.

If the pigs are only given a mess of cooked roots but twice a week, the change of diet will be found beneficial and promotive of health.

New Jersey farm land is rated at an average of $65 per acre, according to the United States statistics, being the largest of any state in the union.

More squabs can be raised from pigeons that are kept in wire pens than when the pigeons are at liberty, as the wire protects the pigeons from their enemies.

Figs may be grown in the north, and are propagated by cuttings. Grow them in the open air, in large tubs, in summer, and put the tubs in the cellar in winter.

Plenty of clover hay is the food for the breeding ewes. Place it in a rack, and have the rack long enough to afford room for each ewe to get at the food without being crowded.

The claim made that carrot leaves surpass the roots as food for stock is not confirmed by those who have given the matter their attention. Cattle will not readily accept the leaves.

All hay in stacks should be transferred to the mow before the usual wet weather of winter begins. Exposure of hay, straw or corn fodder not only leads to waste, but causes the articles to deteriorate in value as stock foods.

A convenient mode of warming a poultry house, stable or a few stalls in the barn is to hang up a stable lantern on cold nights. Not a great amount of heat is secured, but it may be sufficient to keep the temperature above the freezing point.

Mulch that is placed over the strawberry vines should remain undisturbed until spring, when the bed may be burnt over. Mulch is not necessary until winter sets in, but it should be used plentifully, in order to avoid alternate freezing and thawing of the ground, which causes the plants to be thrown up.

Do not trim any of the trees or vines after the weather becomes severely cold, as some of the branches may be winter killed, and it cannot afford the loss. If winter killed before trimming in the spring there will be more room for cutting away the surplus wood without injury than if trimmed.

For pastures, bone meal and ashes are equal to anything else that can be applied, and are probably as cheap as any. For a permanent pasture about 100 pounds of bone meal and 15 bushels of ashes, applied once a year, the bone meal in the fall and the ashes in the spring, for each acre, will keep up a full supply of grass.

Don't sell your corn, but feed it first to pigs or steers, and thus secure the manure from the animals. If you secure nothing from the sale of stock other than the cost of the food and labor, the manure will, of itself be a fair profit. Manure from animals that have been fed upon grain is more valuable than when the food is less concentrated, and the profit from manure is often greater than that from the products of the animal.

The best half bushel of potatoes, turnips or beets, exhibited at a county fair, does not indicate the best crop. Any farmer who grows an ordinary crop of potatoes can, by careful selection, find half a bushel of tubers worthy a place at the fair. Exhibits are not educational unless some mode (such as the use of circulars) is adopted to enlighten those interested regarding the manner in which choice specimens are produced.

Nitrate of soda is the best single substance used as a fertilizer for early spring application to crops, especially to wheat and early vegetables. This is due not only to the fact of its being easily dissolved, but also to the proportionate amount of nitrogen it contains, which the plants derive from it in an available form. It is apparently costly, compared with some fertilizers, but its use will amply compensate for its cost.

The rakings of the field, by which the dead crab grass and weeds can be utilized for bedding, will be an advantage, but a better plan is to set fire to the dried grass and weeds, so as to clean the field and destroy some of the seeds on the ground. The best time to do this is when the ground is frozen, and the wind is blowing from a favorable direction to avoid accident or loss to property.

When water evaporates, it takes away heat and creates cold. For that reason the pig pen should be kept dry. If the pigs are exposed to dampness they lose more warmth of body than is necessary, and this loss must come from the food. It does not pay to convert corn into heat that is to be dissipated into the air. Keep the pigs dry and warm, and there will be a rgeater proportion of fat from the food consumed.

The best time to trim a grape vine is in early spring, while the ground is cold, before the sap begins to flow. Cut off all branches but those desired, and cut them back to two or more buds, according to the age of the vine, which must be considered when pruning. Young vines should not be allowed more than two branches.—Philadelphia Record.

The importance of handling fruit that is to be stored away for winter use in a proper manner may be shown by the experience of a fruit grower who carefully picked each apple from a tree, and placed it in a basket, the object being to allow of no bruise or injury. From another tree the apples were shaken off and picked up from the ground. Last winter he tested several methods of keeping apples, and found that those which had been carefully picked from the tree kept through the winter much better than the others.

To improve the small common fowls in size, males of the Cochin, Brahma or Plymouth Rock breeds should be used. The pullets produced from such crosses will be much better layers than their dams.

By weighing the food, and weighing the animals every week, the farmer will know if each animal is making a gain proportionate to the food it is receiving. It matters not what the kind of food may be so long as there is a gain in weight by the animal. He will also then have an opportunity to note the gain of different animals on different foods, and be able to feed each one on the foods best adapted to the promotion of the objects desired.

THIS AND THAT.

Tennyson married at 41.
Japan has 3,795 Methodists.
Siam's queen wears a 1 1-2 shoe.
October 25 was St. Crispin's day.
General Lee's autograph brings $10.
Breton sheep are the size of rabbits.
Mr. Gladstone is still chopping trees.
The vatican possesses a $103,000 Bible.
Empress Josephine wore a No. 6 shoe.

WHAT IS CATARRH?

The Opinion of an Eminent Medical Authority.

Catarrh is the cause of more diseases than all other causes combined. There are very few diseases to which human flesh is subject that can not be traced directly to catarrh. Not only is catarrh capable of producing a great variety of diseases, but it also attacks any organ or part of the body. It causes in the ears deafness, in the eyes blindness, in the head and throat discharges and offensive odors, in the bronchial tubes and larynx cough and hoarseness, in the lungs consumption, in the stomach dyspepsia, in the kidneys Bright's disease, in the pelvic organs a host of derangements too numerous for mention. Pe-ru-na cures catarrh and all catarrhal diseases wherever located. Pe-ru-na is a systemic remedy, and hence cures catarrh of internal organs as surely as it does catarrh of external organs, as no local application to the affected organ is necessary. Send for a free copy of The Family Physician No. 2. Address The Pe-ru-na Drug Manufacturing company, Columbus, Ohio.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

Sura Cura

ROBINSON'S SURE CURE

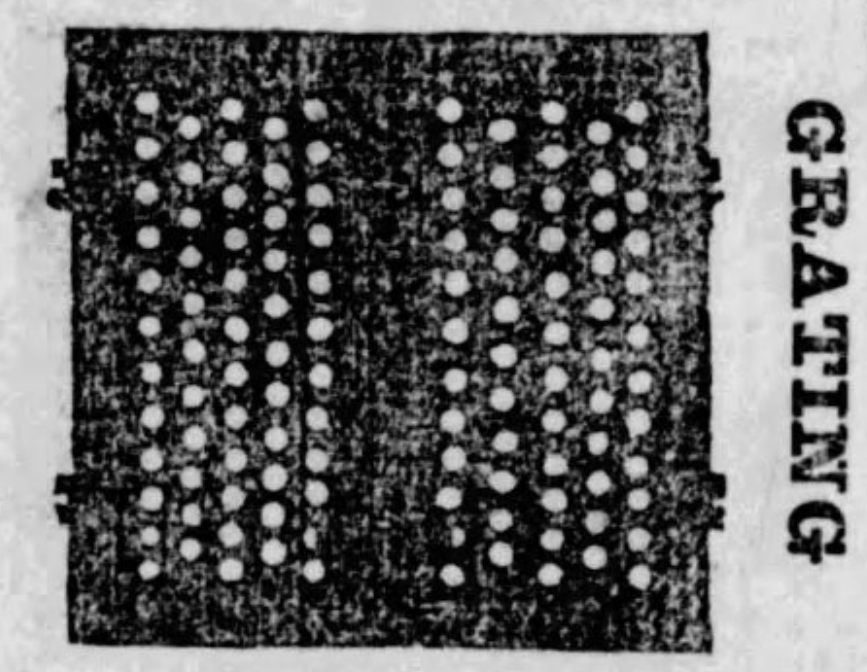
—FOR—

Rheumatism and Neuralgia

And remedy for diseases arising from an impure state of the blood. An antidote for MALARIA. Price 50c and $1. Sent by mail on receipt of price. Send for circular.

R. W. ROBINSON & SON.
184 GREENWICH ST., NEW YORK.

IRON WORK



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—AND—
WAGON BUILDERS.
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Are in the Soup, we are not. So call on
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Healthful, Agreeable, Cleansing.
Cures
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Best for General Household Use.

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C. E. RAYMOND, WESTERN MANAGER, TACOMA BUILDING CHICAGO, ILL.

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Toothache Gum
STOPS
TOOTHACHE
INSTANTLY.

(A SWELL AFFAIR.)

This is not a Chewing Gum.

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Yes, all the late effects in New Type. Call and see our new line of samples—Ball Programs, Invitations, &c., all the new effects. Also new samples of Advertising Novelties, Calendars, Hangers and Cards.
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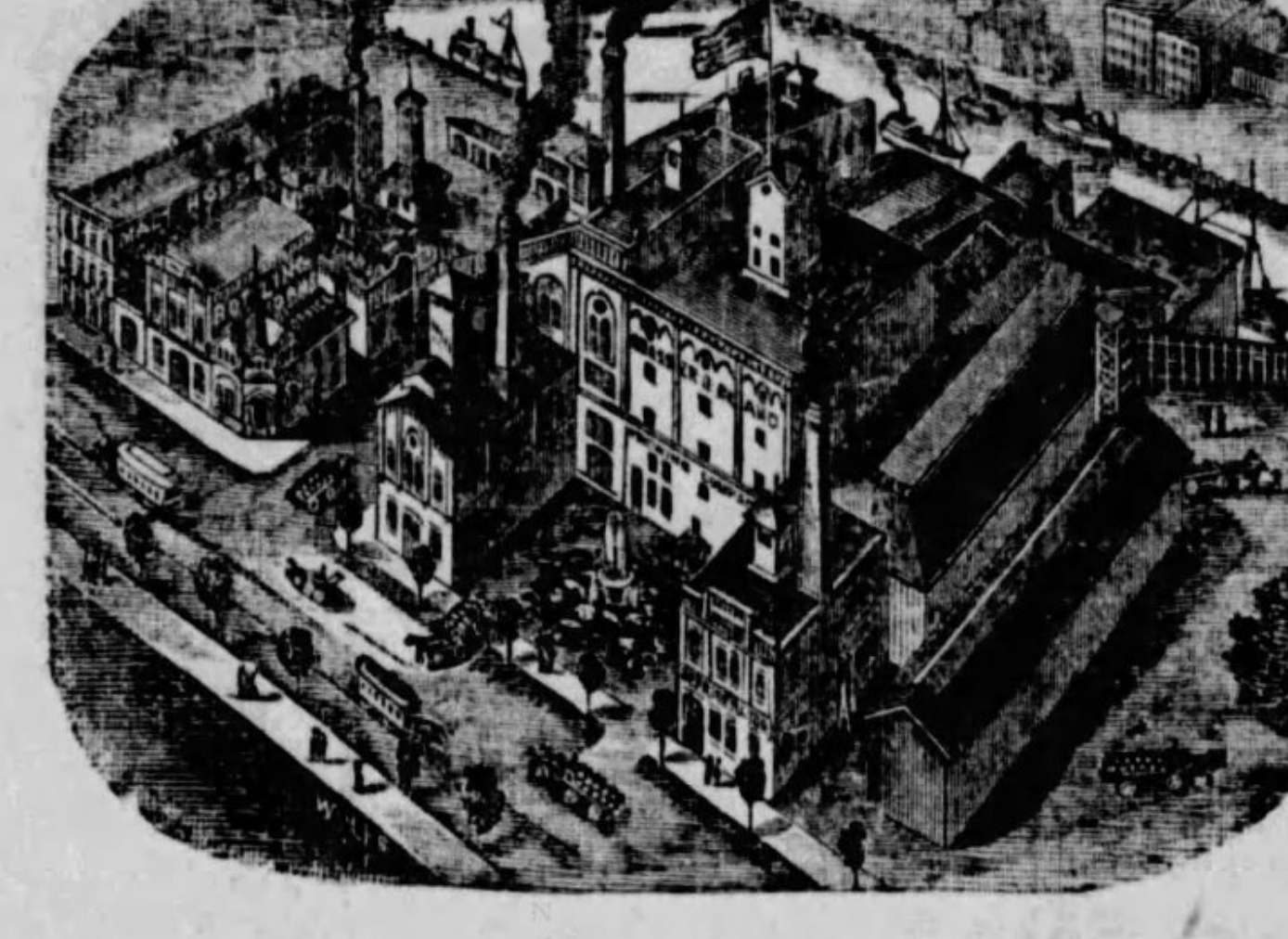

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